## **Honeywell**

# Solaris 7980g/7990g

**Presentation Area Imager** 



**User Guide** 

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# TABLE OF CONTENTS

Customer Support	xiii
Technical Assistance	xiii
Product Service and Repair	xiii
Limited Warranty	xiii
Chapter 1 - Get Started	1
About This Manual	1
Unpack Your Device	1
Connect the Device	1
Connect with USB	1
Connect with Keyboard Wedge	2
Connect with RS232 Serial Port	5
Connect with RS485	6
Connect EAS	7
Checkpoint®	7
Sensormatic <sup>®</sup>	8
Connect Auxiliary Scanner	8
Button Functionality	10
Beeper Volume Adjustment	10
Beeper Frequency Adjustment	10
Reading Techniques	11
Menu Barcode Security Settings	11
Set Custom Defaults	11
Reset the Custom Defaults	12

Chapter 2 - Program the Interface	13
Introduction	13
Program the Interface - Plug and Play	13
Keyboard Wedge	13
Laptop Direct Connect	14
RS232 Serial Port	14
RS485	14
RS485 Packet Mode	15
USB IBM SurePos	16
USB PC or Macintosh Keyboard	16
USB HID	17
USB Serial	17
CTS/RTS Emulation	17
ACK/NAK Mode	18
Verifone® Ruby Terminal Default Settings	18
Gilbarco® Terminal Default Settings	18
Wincor Nixdorf Terminal Default Settings	19
Wincor Nixdorf Beetle™ Terminal Default Settings	19
Wincor Nixdorf RS232 Mode A	19
Keyboard Country Layout	20
Keyboard Style	27
Keyboard Conversion	28
Control Character Output	29
Keyboard Modifiers	29
RS232 Modifiers	31
RS232 Baud Rate	31
RS232 Word Length: Data Bits, Stop Bits, and Parity	
RS232 Receiver Time-Out	
RS232 Handshaking	
RS232 Timeout	
XON/XOFF	34

ACK/NAK	35
Chapter 3 - Input/Output Settings	37
Power Up Beeper	37
Beep on BEL Character	37
Good Read and Error Indicators	38
Beeper – Good Read	38
Beeper Volume – Good Read	38
Beeper Pitch – Good Read	38
Beeper Pitch – Error	39
Beeper Duration – Good Read	39
LED – Good Read	40
Number of Beeps – Good Read	40
Number of Beeps – Error	40
Good Read Delay	40
User-Specified Good Read Delay	41
Serial Trigger Mode	41
Read Time-Out	41
Presentation Mode	42
Presentation Idle Mode	42
Presentation Sleep Mode	43
LED Illumination - Presentation Mode	44
Presentation LED Behavior after Decode	44
Presentation Sensitivity	
Presentation Centering	45
Streaming Presentation™ Mode	47
Mobile Phone Read Mode	47
Poor Quality PDF Codes	48
Poor Quality Code Enhanced Mode	48
Reread Delay	48
User-Specified Reread Delay	
Illumination Lights	
Centering	49

	Preferred Symbology	51
	High Priority Symbology	52
	Low Priority Symbology	52
	Preferred Symbology Time-out	52
	Preferred Symbology Default	53
	Character Activation Mode	53
	Activation Character	53
	End Character Activation After Good Read	53
	Character Activation LED Timeout	54
	Character Deactivation Mode	54
	Deactivation Character	55
	Output Sequence Overview	55
	Output Sequence Editor	55
	To Add an Output Sequence	55
	Output Sequence Editor Commands	56
	Enter Output Sequence	59
	Partial Sequence	59
	No Read	62
	Video Reverse	62
	Working Orientation	63
Cha	pter 4 - Data Edit	. 65
	Prefix/Suffix Overview	65
	To Add a Prefix or Suffix:	66
	Clear One or All Prefixes or Suffixes	66
	Add a Carriage Return Suffix to All Symbologies	67
	Prefix Selections	67
	Suffix Selections	67
	Function Code Transmit	68
	Intercharacter, Interfunction, and Intermessage Delays	68
	Intercharacter Delay	68
	User Specified Intercharacter Delay	69
	Interfunction Delay	69

Intermessage Delay	70
Chapter 5 - Data Format	71
Data Format Editor Introduction	71
Show Data Format	72
Add a Data Format	72
Other Programming Selections	73
Terminal ID Table	74
Data Format Editor Commands	74
Move Commands	80
Search Commands	
Miscellaneous Commands	83
Data Formatter	87
Data Format Non-Match Error Tone	
Primary/Alternate Data Formats	88
Single Scan Data Format Change	89
Chapter 6 - Symbologies	91
All Symbologies	92
Message Length Description	92
Codabar	92
Codabar Concatenation	94
Codabar Redundancy	94
Code 39	95
Suppress Code 39	95
Code 32 Pharmaceutical (PARAF)	98
Full ASCII	
Code 39 Code Page	99
Interleaved 2 of 5	99
NEC 2 of 5	101
Code 93	102
Code 93 Append	103
Code 93 Code Page	103

Straight 2 of 5 Industrial (three-bar start/stop)	104
Straight 2 of 5 IATA (two-bar start/stop)	104
Matrix 2 of 5	106
Code 11	106
Code 128	107
ISBT 128 Concatenation	108
Code 128 Code Page	109
GS1-128	110
Telepen	111
UPC-A	112
UPC-A/EAN-13 with Extended Coupon Code	114
Coupon GS1 DataBar Output	115
UPC-E0	115
UPC-E1	118
EAN/JAN-13	119
ISBN Translate	125
EAN/JAN-8	125
MSI	128
GS1 DataBar Omnidirectional	129
GS1 DataBar Limited	130
GS1 DataBar Expanded	130
Trioptic Code	131
Codablock A	131
Codablock F	132
Label Code	133
PDF417	133
MacroPDF417	134
MicroPDF417	
GS1 Composite Codes	
UPC/EAN Version	
GS1 Emulation	136

	TCIF Linked Code 39 (TLC39)	137
	QR Code	138
	QR Code Page	139
	Data Matrix	140
	Data Matrix Code Page	141
	MaxiCode	141
	Aztec Code	142
	Aztec Code Page	143
	Chinese Sensible (Han Xin) Code	143
	Postal Codes - 2D	144
	Single 2D Postal Codes:	144
	Combination 2D Postal Codes:	146
	Postal Codes - Linear	149
	China Post (Hong Kong 2 of 5)	
	Korea Post	150
Cha	apter 7 - EAS Settings	153
	EAS Considerations	153
	EAS Deactivation	153
	EAS Deactivation Zone	154
	EAS Deactivation Range	154
	Sensormatic	154
	Checkpoint	155
	EAS Controller Settings	155
	EAS Controller	155
	EAS Mode of Operation	155
	EAS Interlocked Duration Timeout	156
Cha	apter 8 - Program an Auxiliary Scanner	157
	Introduction	157
	Connect by USB Serial	157
	Connect by USB Keyboard	157

Chapter 9 - Imaging Commands	159
Single-Use Basis	159
Command Syntax	159
Image Snap - IMGSNP	160
IMGSNP Modifiers	160
Image Ship - IMGSHP	164
IMGSHP Modifiers	164
Image Size Compatibility	
Intelligent Signature Capture - IMGBOX	173
Signature Capture Optimize	
IMGBOX Modifiers	174
Chapter 10 - Utilities	179
Add a Test Code I.D. Prefix to All Symbologies	179
Show Decoder Revision	179
Show Scan Driver Revision	180
Show Software Revision	180
Show Data Format	180
Test Menu	180
TotalFreedom	181
Application Plug-Ins (Apps)	181
EZConfig for Scanning Introduction	182
Configure with EZConfig for Scanning	182
Reset the Factory Defaults	183
Chapter 11 - Serial Programming Commands	185
Conventions	185
Menu Command Syntax	185
Query Commands	186
Trigger Commands	188
Resetting the Custom Defaults	189
Menu Commands	189

Chapter 12 - Product Specifications	211
Solaris 7980g Scanner Product Specifications	211
Solaris 7990g Scanner Product Specifications	212
Solaris 7980g Depth of Field Charts	213
Typical Performance	
Guaranteed Performance	213
Solaris 7990g Depth of Field Charts	214
Typical Performance	214
Guaranteed Performance	215
Standard Connector Pinouts	215
Keyboard Wedge	216
Serial Output	216
RS485 Output	216
USB	217
EAS	
USB Auxiliary Scanner - Solaris end	218
Chapter 13 - Maintenance and Troubleshooting	219
Repairs	219
Maintenance	219
Cleaning the Scanner	219
Cleaning the Window	219
Inspecting Cords and Connectors	220
Replacing Cables	220
Replacing the Interface Cable	220
Replacing an EAS Cable	221
Troubleshooting	222
Appendix A - Reference Charts	225
Symbology Charts	225
Linear Symbologies	225
2D Symbologies	226
Postal Symbologies	227

ASCII Conversion Chart (Code Page 1252)	228
Lower ASCII Reference Table	229
ISO 2022/ISO 646 Character Replacements	232
Keyboard Key References	235
Sample Symbols	237
Programming Chart	239

## **Customer Support**

#### **Technical Assistance**

Go to honeywell.com/PSStechnicalsupport to search our knowledge base for a solution or to log into the Technical Support portal.

#### **Product Service and Repair**

Honeywell International Inc. provides service for all of its products through service centers throughout the world. Go to sps.honeywell.com and select Support to find a service center near you or to get a Return Material Authorization number (RMA #) before returning a product.

## **Limited Warranty**

For warranty information, go to sps.honeywell.com and select Support > Warranties.

**CHAPTER** 

# 1

#### **GET STARTED**

### **About This Manual**

This User's Guide provides installation and programming instructions for the Solaris 7980g/7990g area-imaging vertical slot scanners. Product specifications, dimensions, warranty, and customer support information are also included.

Honeywell barcode scanners are factory programmed for the most common terminal and communications settings. If you need to change these settings, programming is accomplished by scanning the barcodes in this guide.

An asterisk (\*) next to an option indicates the default setting.

## **Unpack Your Device**

After you open the shipping carton containing the product, take the following steps:

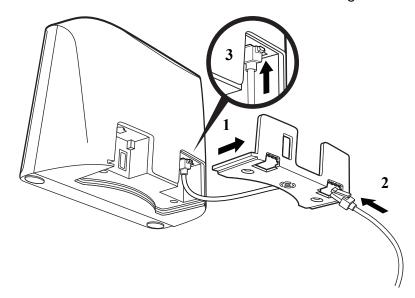
- Check for damage during shipment. Report damage immediately to the carrier who delivered the carton.
- Make sure the items in the carton match your order.
- Save the shipping container for later storage or shipping.

## **Connect the Device**

#### **Connect with USB**

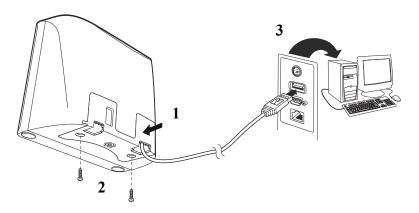
The scanner can be connected to the USB port of a computer.

1. Remove the back cover and feed the interface cable through to the device.



2. Slide the back cover on and screw the back cover to the device, and then connect the interface cable to the computer.

#### **USB Connection:**



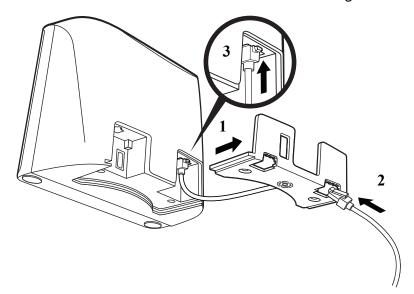
- 3. The scanner beeps.
- 4. Verify the scanner operation by scanning a barcode from the Sample Symbols on page 237.

The unit defaults to a USB PC Keyboard. Refer to page 16 for other USB terminal settings.

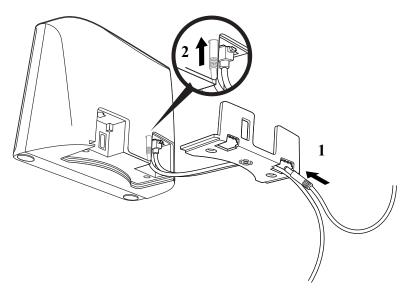
### **Connect with Keyboard Wedge**

The scanner can be connected between the keyboard and PC as a "keyboard wedge," where the scanner provides data output that is similar to keyboard entries. The following is an example of a keyboard wedge connection:

- 1. Turn Off power and disconnect the keyboard cable from the back of the terminal/computer.
- 2. Remove the back cover and feed the interface cable through to the device.

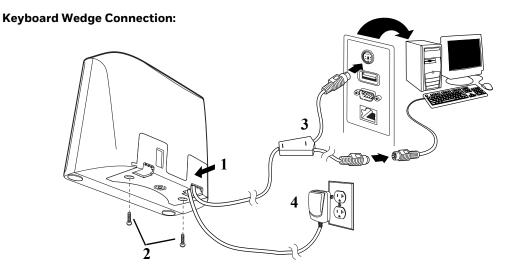


3. Feed the power supply cable through the back cover to the device. Make sure the power cable is completely inserted into the device.



**Note:** The power supply must be ordered separately.

4. Slide the back cover on and screw the back cover to the device. Connect the interface cable to the computer, and then plug the power supply into the outlet.

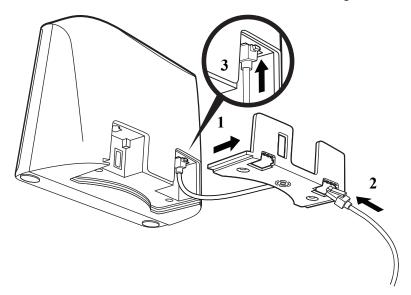


- 5. Turn the terminal/computer power back On. The scanner beeps.
- 6. Verify the scanner operation by scanning a barcode from the Sample Symbols on page 237. The scanner beeps once.

The unit defaults to an IBM PC AT and compatibles keyboard wedge interface with a USA keyboard. A carriage return (CR) suffix is added to barcode data.

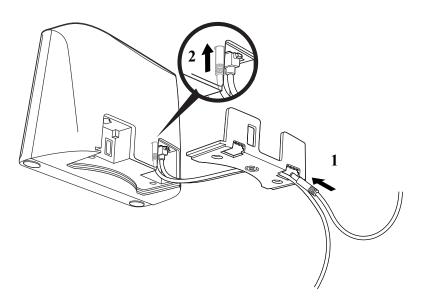
#### **Connect with RS232 Serial Port**

- 1. Turn Off power to the terminal/computer.
- 2. Remove the back cover and feed the interface cable through to the device.



**Note:** For the scanner to work properly, you must have the correct cable for your type of terminal/computer.

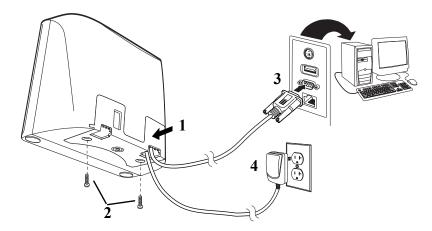
3. Feed the power supply cable through the back cover to the device. Make sure the power cable is completely inserted into the device.



**Note:** The power supply must be ordered separately.

4. Slide the back cover on and screw the back cover to the device. Connect the interface cable to the computer and tighten the two screws to secure the connector to the port. Plug the power supply into the outlet.

#### **RS232 Serial Port Connection:**



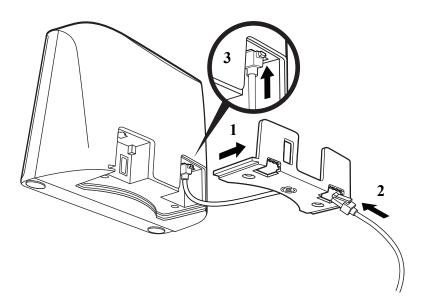
5. Once the scanner has been fully connected, power up the computer.

This interface programs 115,200 baud, 8 data bits, no parity, and 1 stop bit.

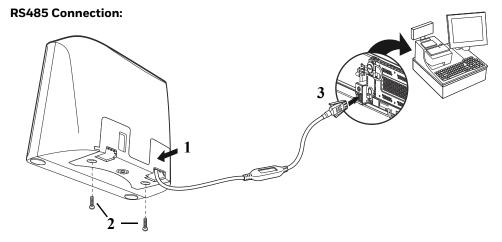
#### **Connect with RS485**

The scanner can be connected for an IBM POS terminal interface.

1. Remove the back cover and feed the interface cable through to the device.



2. Slide the back cover on and screw the back cover to the device, and then connect the interface cable to the computer.



- 3. Turn the terminal/computer power back On. The scanner beeps.
- 4. Verify the scanner operation by scanning a barcode from the Sample Symbols on page 237. The scanner beeps once.

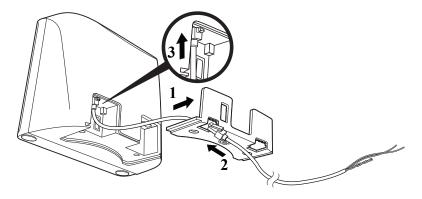
For further RS485 settings, refer to RS485 on page 14.

#### **Connect EAS**

**Note:** The 7980GEL and 7990GEL do not support the EAS interface.

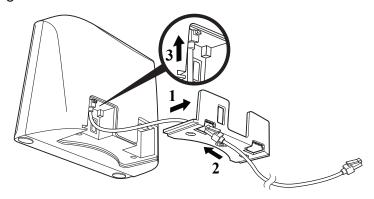
#### **Checkpoint®**

When connecting to a Checkpoint EAS system, connect the Checkpoint EAS cable to the EAS port on the left side of the scanner. Refer to EAS Settings beginning on page 153 for configuration codes and further EAS programming information.



#### **Sensormatic®**

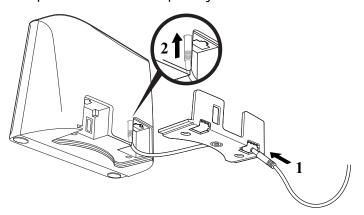
When connecting to a Sensormatic EAS system, connect the Sensormatic EAS cable to the EAS port on the left side of the scanner. Contact Tyco for further information about Sensormatic installation and configuration. Refer to EAS Settings beginning on page 153 for configuration codes and further EAS programming information.



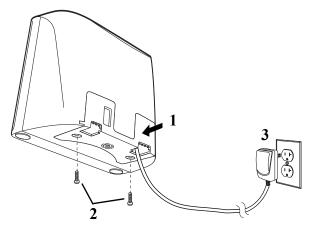
## **Connect Auxiliary Scanner**

**Note:** The 7980GEL and 7990GEL do not support an Auxiliary Scanner.

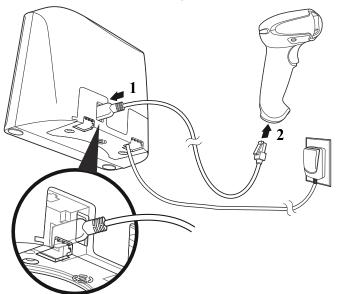
- 1. Connect the interface cable. See Connect the Device on page 1 for further information.
- 2. Remove the back cover and feed the power supply cable through to the device. Make sure the power cable is completely inserted into the device.



3. Slide the back cover on and screw the back cover to the device. Plug the power supply into the outlet.



4. Connect the USB cable to the USB port on the left side of the scanner, and then connect the interface cable to the auxiliary scanner.



## **Button Functionality**

Note: The 7980GEL and 7990GEL do not support Button Functionality.

There are two buttons on the front of the device. The following is a brief description of the settings for the buttons.

Solaris 7980g Buttons

**Beeper Volume** 



**Beeper Frequency** 

Solaris 7990g Buttons

**Beeper Volume** 





**Beeper Frequency** 

#### **Beeper Volume Adjustment**

When Volume Adjustment is set to **On**, pressing the Sound button repeatedly scrolls through the volume settings for the scanner's beeper. When set to **Off**, the Sound button does not scroll through these settings. *Default = Volume Adjustment On*.



**Volume Adjustment Off** 



\* Volume Adjustment On

## **Beeper Frequency Adjustment**

When Frequency Adjustment is set to **On**, holding the Sound button down for up to 3 seconds scrolls through the frequency (tone) settings for the scanner's beeper. When set to **Off**, the Sound button does not scroll through these settings. *Default = Frequency Adjustment On*.



**Frequency Adjustment Off** 



\* Frequency Adjustment On

## **Reading Techniques**

Present the barcode to the scanner. The LEDs turn up to read the code. If the light level in the room is not high enough, the code may not be read.

## **Menu Barcode Security Settings**

Honeywell scanners are programmed by scanning menu barcodes or by sending serial commands to the scanner. If you want to restrict the ability to scan menu codes, you can use the Menu Barcode Security settings. Please contact the nearest technical support office (see Technical Assistance on page xiii) for further information.

### **Set Custom Defaults**

You have the ability to create a set of menu commands as your own, custom defaults. To do so, scan the **Set Custom Defaults** barcode below before scanning the menu commands for your custom defaults. If a menu command requires scanning numeric codes from the Programming Chart, beginning on page 239, then a **Save** code, that entire sequence will be saved to your custom defaults. When you have entered all the commands you want to save for your custom defaults, scan the **Save Custom Defaults** barcode.





You may have a series of custom settings and want to correct a single setting. To do so, just scan the new setting to overwrite the old one. For example, if you had previously saved the setting for Beeper Volume at Low to your custom defaults, and decide you want the beeper volume set to High, just scan the **Set Custom Defaults** barcode, then scan the **Beeper Volume High** menu code, and then **Save Custom Defaults**. The rest of the custom defaults will remain, but the beeper volume setting will be updated.

### **Reset the Custom Defaults**

If you want the custom default settings restored to your scanner, scan the **Activate Custom Defaults** barcode below. This is the recommended default barcode for most users. It resets the scanner to the custom default settings. If there are no custom defaults, it will reset the scanner to the factory default settings. Any settings that have not been specified through the custom defaults will be defaulted to the factory default settings.

DEFALT

**Activate Custom Defaults** 

# 2

## PROGRAM THE INTERFACE

#### Introduction

This chapter describes how to program your system for the desired interface.

## **Program the Interface - Plug and Play**

Plug and Play barcodes provide instant scanner set up for commonly used interfaces.

**Note:** After you scan one of the codes, power cycle the host terminal to have the interface in effect.

## **Keyboard Wedge**

If you want your system programmed for an IBM PC AT and compatibles keyboard wedge interface with a USA keyboard, scan the barcode below. Keyboard wedge is the default interface.

**Note:** The following barcode also programs a carriage return (CR) suffix.

PAP\_AT.

IBM PC AT and Compatibles with

## **Laptop Direct Connect**

For most laptops, scanning the **Laptop Direct Connect** barcode allows operation of the scanner in parallel with the integral keyboard. The following **Laptop Direct Connect** barcode also programs a carriage return (CR) suffix and turns On Emulate External Keyboard (see page 28).



#### **RS232 Serial Port**

The RS232 Interface barcode is used when connecting to the serial port of a PC or terminal. The following **RS232 Interface** barcode also programs a carriage return (CR) and a line feed (LF) suffix, baud rate, and data format as indicated below. It also changes the trigger mode to manual.

Option	Setting
Baud Rate	115,200 bps
Data Format	8 data bits, no parity bit, 1 stop bit



#### **RS485**

Scan one of the following "Plug and Play" codes to program the scanner for an IBM POS terminal interface.

**Note:** After scanning one of these codes, you must power cycle the cash register.











Each barcode above also programs the following suffixes for each symbology:

Symbology	Suffix	Symbology	Suffix
EAN 8	OC	Code 39	00 OA OB
EAN 13	16	Interleaved 2 of 5	00 OD OB
UPC A	OD	Code 128 *	OO OA OB
UPC E	OA	Code 128 **	00 18 OB
		Aztec	00 34 OB
		PDF417	00 2E 0B
		Data Matrix	00 32 OB
		QR	00 33 OB

<sup>\*</sup>Suffixes programmed for Code 128 with IBM 4683 Port 5B, IBM 4683 Port 9B HHBCR-1, and IBM 4683 Port 17 Interfaces

#### **RS485 Packet Mode**

The following selection allows you to break up large barcode data into smaller packets on an IBM POS terminal. To break up large barcodes into small packets, scan the **Packet Mode On** barcode below. Scan the **Packet Mode Off** barcode if you want large barcode data to be sent to the host in a single chunk. *Default = Packet Mode Off*.



\* Packet Mode Off



Packet Mode On

<sup>\*\*</sup> Suffixes programmed for Code 128 with IBM 4683 Port 9 HHBCR-2 Interface

#### **RS485 Packet Length**

If you are using Packet mode, you can specify the size of the data "packet" that is sent to the host. Scan the **Packet Length** barcode, then the packet size (from 20 - 256) from the Programming Chart, beginning on page 239, and then **Save**. Default = 40.



### **USB IBM SurePos**

Scan one of the following "Plug and Play" codes to program the scanner for an IBM SurePos (USB handheld scanner) or IBM SurePos (USB tabletop scanner) interface.

**Note:** After scanning one of these codes, you must power cycle the cash register.



USB IBM SurePos (USB Handheld Scanner) Interface



USB IBM SurePos (USB Tabletop Scanner) Interface

Each barcode above also programs the following suffixes for each symbology:

Symbology	Suffix	Symbology	Suffix
EAN 8	OC	Code 39	00 0A 0B
EAN 13	16	Interleaved 2 of 5	00 OD OB
UPC A	OD	Code 128	00 18 OB
UPC E	OA	Code 39	00 0A 0B

## **USB PC or Macintosh Keyboard**

Scan one of the following codes to program the scanner for USB PC Keyboard or USB Macintosh Keyboard. Scanning these codes also adds a CR suffix.



PAP124.
USB Keyboard (PC)





#### **USB HID**

Scan the following code to program the scanner for USB HID barcode scanners.



### **USB Serial**

Scan the following code to program the scanner to emulate a regular RS232-based COM Port. If you are using a Microsoft® Windows® PC, you will need to download a driver from the Honeywell website (sps.honeywell.com). The driver will use the next available COM Port number. Apple® Macintosh computers recognize the scanner as a USB CDC class device and automatically use a class driver.



**Note:** No extra configuration (e.g., baud rate) is necessary.

#### **CTS/RTS Emulation**





#### **ACK/NAK Mode**





# **Verifone® Ruby Terminal Default Settings**

Scan the following Plug and Play code to program the scanner for a Verifone Ruby terminal. This barcode sets the baud rate to 1200 bps and the data format to 8 data bits, no parity bit, 1 stop bit. It also adds a line feed (LF) suffix and programs the following prefixes for each symbology:

Symbology	Prefix
UPC-A	А
UPC-E	А
EAN-8	FF
EAN-13	F



**Verifone Ruby Settings** 

# Gilbarco® Terminal Default Settings

Scan the following Plug and Play code to program the scanner for a Gilbarco terminal. This barcode sets the baud rate to 2400 bps and the data format to 7 data bits, even parity, 2 stop bits. It adds a carriage return (CR) suffix and programs the following prefixes for each symbology:

Symbology	Prefix
UPC-A	А
UPC-E	EO
EAN-8	FF
EAN-13	F



Gilbarco Settings

## **Wincor Nixdorf Terminal Default Settings**

Scan the following Plug and Play code to program the scanner for a Wincor Nixdorf terminal. This barcode sets the baud rate to 9600 bps and the data format to 8 data bits, no parity, 1 stop bit.



## Wincor Nixdorf Beetle™ Terminal Default Settings

Scan the following Plug and Play code to program the scanner for a Wincor Nixdorf Beetle terminal. The following prefixes are programmed for each symbology:

Symbology	Prefix	Symbology	Prefix
Code 128	K	EAN-13	А
Code 93	L	GS1-128	Р
Codabar	N	Interleaved 2 of 5	
UPC-A	AO	Plessey	0
UPC-E	С	Straight 2 of 5 IATA	Н
EAN-8	В	All other barcodes	М



#### Wincor Nixdorf RS232 Mode A

Scan the following Plug and Play code to program the scanner for a Wincor Nixdorf RS232 Mode A terminal. This barcode sets the baud rate to 9600 bps and the data format to 8 data bits, odd parity, 1 stop bit. The following prefixes are programmed for each symbology:

Symbology	Prefix	Symbology	Prefix
Code 128	K	EAN-13	А
Code 93	L	GS1-128	K
Codabar	Ν	Interleaved 2 of 5	1
UPC-A	AO	Plessey	0
UPC-E	С	Straight 2 of 5 IATA	Н
EAN-8	В	GS1 DataBar	Е
All other barcodes	М		



#### Wincor Nixdorf RS232 Mode A Settings

## **Keyboard Country Layout**

If your interface is USB Keyboard or Keyboard Wedge, your device default layout is a US keyboard. To change this layout, scan the appropriate Keyboard Country barcode below. By default, national character replacements are used for the following characters: # \$ @ [ \ ] ^ ' { | } ~. Refer to the ISO 2022/ISO 646 Character Replacements on page 232 to view the character replacements for each country.

**Keyboard Countries** 



\* United States



Albania













### **Keyboard Countries (Continued)**



KBDCTY59. Brazil (MS)



Bulgaria (Cyrillic)



Bulgaria (Latin)



Canada (French legacy)



Canada (French)



Canada (Multilingual)



Croatia



KBDCTY15. Czech



**Czech (Programmers)** 



Czech (QWERTY)



Czech (QWERTZ)



Denmark

#### **Keyboard Countries (Continued)**



Dutch (Netherlands)



Estonia



Faroese

KBDCTY2.





Finland















Greek (Latin)



KBDCTY66. Greek (MS)



Greek (Polytonic)



Hebrew



Hungarian (101 key)



Hungary



KBDCTY75. Iceland



Irish

KBDCTY56.

Italian (142)



KBDCTY5. Italy



Japan ASCII



Kazakh



KBDCTY79.

Kyrgyz (Cyrillic)



Latin America























Polish (Programmers)



Romania





















KBDCTY31 Slovenia



Spain



KBDCTY51. Spanish variation



Sweden



KBDCTY6.
Switzerland (German)















**United States (Dvorak left)** 



United Stated (Dvorak



United States (International)



**Keyboard Style** 

This programs keyboard styles, such as Caps Lock and Shift Lock. If you have used Keyboard Conversion settings, they will override any of the following Keyboard Style settings. *Default = Regular*.

Regular is used when you normally have the Caps Lock key Off.



\* Regular

Caps Lock is used when you normally have the Caps Lock key On.



**Shift Lock** is used when you normally have the Shift Lock key On (not common to U.S. keyboards).



**Automatic Caps Lock** is used if you change the Caps Lock key On and Off. The software tracks and reflects if you have Caps Lock On or Off. This selection can only be used with systems that have an LED that notes the Caps Lock status (AT keyboards).



**Autocaps via NumLock** barcode should be scanned in countries (e.g., Germany, France) where the Caps Lock key cannot be used to toggle Caps Lock. The NumLock option works similarly to the regular Autocaps, but uses the NumLock key to retrieve the current state of the Caps Lock.



**Emulate External Keyboard** should be scanned if you do not have an external keyboard (IBM AT or equivalent).



**Note:** After scanning the Emulate External Keyboard barcode, you must power cycle your computer.

# **Keyboard Conversion**

Alphabetic keyboard characters can be forced to be all upper case or all lower case. So if you have the following barcode: "abc569GK," you can make the output "ABC569GK" by scanning **Convert All Characters to Upper Case**, or to "abc569gk" by scanning **Convert All Characters to Lower Case**.

These settings override Keyboard Style selections.

**Note:** If your interface is a keyboard wedge, first scan the menu code for Automatic Caps Lock on page 28. Otherwise, your output may not be as expected.

Default = Keyboard Conversion Off.







# **Control Character Output**

This selection sends a text string instead of a control character. For example, when the control character for a carriage return is expected, the output would display [CR] instead of the ASCII code of OD. Refer to ASCII Conversion Chart (Code Page 1252) on page 228. Only codes 00 through 1F are converted (the first column of the chart). Default = Off.

**Note:** Control + X (Control + ASCII) Mode overrides this mode.





# **Keyboard Modifiers**

This modifies special keyboard features, such as CTRL+ ASCII codes and Turbo Mode.

**Control + X (Control + ASCII) Mode On**: The scanner sends key combinations for ASCII control characters for values 00-1F. Windows is the preferred mode. All keyboard country codes are supported. DOS mode is a legacy mode, and it does not support all keyboard country codes. New users should use the Windows mode. Refer to ASCII Conversion Chart (Code Page 1252) on page 228 for CTRL+ X Values.

**Windows Mode Prefix/Suffix Off**: The scanner sends key combinations for ASCII control characters for values 00-1F, but it does not translate prefix or suffix information.

Default = Control + X Mode Off.





\* Control + X Mode Off



DOS Mode Control + X Mode On



Windows Mode Prefix/Suffix

**Turbo Mode:** The scanner sends characters to a terminal faster. If the terminal drops characters, do not use Turbo Mode. *Default = Off.* 





Turbo Mode on

**Numeric Keypad Mode**: Sends numeric characters as if entered from a numeric keypad. *Default = Off.* 





\* Numeric Keypad Mode Off

**Automatic Direct Connect Mode**: This selection can be used if you have an IBM AT style terminal and the system is dropping characters. *Default = Off.* 

Note: Not supported on the Solaris 7990g.





## **RS232 Modifiers**

#### **RS232 Baud Rate**

Baud Rate sends the data from the scanner to the terminal at the specified rate. The host terminal must be set for the same baud rate as the scanner. *Default* = 115,200.



300



















# **RS232 Word Length: Data Bits, Stop Bits, and Parity**

**Data Bits** sets the word length at 7 or 8 bits of data per character. If an application requires only ASCII Hex characters 0 through 7F decimal (text, digits, and punctuation), select 7 data bits. For applications that require use of the full ASCII set, select 8 data bits per character. Default = 8.

**Stop Bits** sets the stop bits at 1 or 2. *Default* = 1.

**Parity** provides a means of checking character bit patterns for validity. *Default = None.* 



7 Data, 1 Stop, Parity Even



23277RDU. 7 Data, 1 Stop, Parity None



7 Data, 1 Stop, Parity Odd



7 Data, 2 Stop, Parity Even



7 Data, 2 Stop Parity None



7 Data, 2 Stop, Parity Odd



8 Data, 1 Stop, Parity Even



\* 8 Data, 1 Stop, Parity None



8 Data, 1 Stop, Parity Odd



8 Data, 1 Stop, Parity Mark

#### **RS232 Receiver Time-Out**

The unit stays awake to receive data until the RS232 Receiver Time-Out expires. A manual or serial trigger resets the time-out. When an RS232 receiver is sleeping, a character may be sent to wake up the receiver and reset the time-out. A transaction on the CTS line will also wake up the receiver. The receiver takes 300 milliseconds to completely come up. Change the RS232 receiver time-out by scanning the barcode below, then scanning digits from the Programming Chart, beginning on page 239, and then scanning **Save**. The range is 0 to 300 seconds. *Default = 0* seconds (no time-out - always on).



## RS232 Handshaking

RS232 Handshaking allows control of data transmission from the scanner using software commands from the host device. When RTS/CTS is turned Off, no data flow control is used.

Flow Control, No Timeout: The scanner asserts RTS when it has data to send, and will wait indefinitely for CTS to be asserted by the host.

Two-Direction Flow Control: The scanner asserts RTS when it is OK for the host to transmit. The host asserts CTS when it is OK for the device to transmit.

Flow Control with Timeout: The scanner asserts RTS when it has data to send and waits for a delay (see RS232 Timeout on page 34) for CTS to be asserted by the host. If the delay time expires and CTS is not asserted, the device transmit buffer is cleared and scanning may resume. Default = RTS/CTS Off.



Flow Control, No Timeout



Two-Direction Flow Control



2320183.
Flow Control with Timeout



2320150. \* RTS/CTS Off

#### **RS232 Timeout**

When using **Flow Control with Timeout**, you must program the length of the delay you want to wait for CTS from the host. Set the length (in milliseconds) for a timeout by scanning the barcode below, then setting the timeout (from 1-5100 milliseconds) by scanning digits from the Programming Chart, beginning on page 239, and then scanning **Save**.



**RS232 Timeout** 

#### XON/XOFF

Standard ASCII control characters can be used to tell the scanner to start sending data (XON/XOFF On) or to stop sending data (XON/XOFF Off). When the host sends the XOFF character (DC3, hex 13) to the scanner, data transmission stops. To resume transmission, the host sends the XON character (DC1, hex 11). Data transmission continues where it left off when XOFF was sent. Default = XON/XOFF Off.





\* XON/XOFF Off

#### **ACK/NAK**

After transmitting data, the scanner waits for an ACK character (hex 06) or a NAK character (hex 15) response from the host. If ACK is received, the communications cycle is completed and the scanner looks for more barcodes. If NAK is received, the last set of barcode data is retransmitted and the scanner waits for ACK/NAK again. Turn On the ACK/NAK protocol by scanning the ACK/NAK On barcode below. To turn Off the protocol, scan ACK/NAK Off. *Default = ACK/NAK Off*.



ACK/NAK On



\* ACK/NAK Off

# 3

## INPUT/OUTPUT SETTINGS

# **Power Up Beeper**

The scanner can be programmed to beep when it's powered up. Scan the **Off** barcode(s) if you don't want a power up beep. *Default = Power Up Beeper On.* 





\* Power Up Beeper On

# **Beep on BEL Character**

You may wish to force the scanner to beep upon a command sent from the host. If you scan the **Beep on BEL On** barcode below, the scanner will beep every time a BEL character is received from the host. *Default = Beep on BEL Off.* 



BELBEP1.

Beep on BEL On

#### **Good Read and Error Indicators**

## **Beeper - Good Read**

The beeper may be programmed **On** or **Off** in response to a good read. Turning this option Off only turns Off the beeper response to a good read indication. All error and menu beeps are still audible. *Default = Beeper - Good Read On*.



BEPBEP1.

\* Beeper - Good Read On

## **Beeper Volume - Good Read**

The beeper volume codes modify the volume of the beep the scanner emits on a good read. *Default = High*.









# **Beeper Pitch - Good Read**

The beeper pitch codes modify the pitch (frequency) of the beep the scanner emits on a good read. *Default = Low.* 



\* Low (870 Hz)



Medium (1140 Hz)



BEPRQ11800. High (1800 Hz)

# **Beeper Pitch - Error**

The beeper pitch codes modify the pitch (frequency) of the sound the scanner emits when there is a bad read or error. *Default = Razz*.



\* Razz (250 Hz)



BEPFQ23250.

Medium (3250 Hz)



BEPF Q24200. High (4200 Hz)

## **Beeper Duration - Good Read**

The beeper duration codes modify the length of the beep the scanner emits on a good read. *Default = Normal*.



\* Normal Beep



Short Beep

#### LED - Good Read

The LED indicator can be programmed **On** or **Off** in response to a good read. *Default = On.* 



\* LED - Good Read On



LED - Good Read Off

## **Number of Beeps - Good Read**

The number of beeps of a good read can be programmed from 1-9. The same number of beeps will be applied to the beeper and LED in response to a good read. For example, if you program this option to have five beeps, there will be five beeps and five LED flashes in response to a good read. The beeps and LED flashes are in sync with one another. To change the number of beeps, scan the barcode below and then scan a digit (1-9) barcode and the **Save** barcode on the **Programming Chart**, beginning on page 239. *Default = 1*.



Number of Good Read Beeps/LED Flashes

## **Number of Beeps – Error**

The number of beeps and LED flashes emitted by the scanner for a bad read or error can be programmed from 1-9. For example, if you program this option to have five error beeps, there will be five error beeps and five LED flashes in response to an error. To change the number of error beeps, scan the barcode below and then scan a digit (1-9) barcode and the **Save** barcode on the Programming Chart, beginning on page 239. *Default = 5*.



Number of Error Beeps/LED Flashes

## **Good Read Delay**

This sets the minimum amount of time before the scanner can read another barcode. Default = 0 ms (No Delay).



DI YGRD500

Short Delay (500 ms)





Long Delay (1,500 ms)

## **User-Specified Good Read Delay**

If you want to set your own length for the good read delay, scan the barcode below, then set the delay (from 0 - 30,000 milliseconds) by scanning digits from the Programming Chart, beginning on page 239, and then scanning **Save**.



# **Serial Trigger Mode**

You can activate the scanner by using a serial trigger command (see Trigger Commands on page 188). When in serial mode, the scanner scans until a barcode has been read or until the deactivate command is sent. The scanner can also be set to turn itself Off after a specified time has elapsed (see Read Time-Out, which follows).

#### **Read Time-Out**

Use this selection to set a time-out (in milliseconds) of the scanner's trigger when using serial commands to trigger the scanner. Once the scanner has timed out, you can activate the scanner either by pressing the trigger or using a serial trigger

command. After scanning the **Read Time-Out** barcode, set the time-out duration (from 0-300,000 milliseconds) by scanning digits on the <u>Programming Chart</u>, beginning on page 239, and then scanning **Save**. *Default = 30,000 ms*.



#### **Presentation Mode**

Presentation Mode uses ambient light and scanner illumination to detect barcodes. When in Presentation Mode, the LEDs remain dim until a barcode is presented to the scanner, then the LEDs turn up to read the code. Scan the following barcode to program your device for Presentation Mode. *Default = Presentation Mode*.



#### **Presentation Idle Mode**

When **Presentation Idle Mode** is selected, the scanner goes into idle mode (illumination dims) after the time interval set, during which there is no activity. Change the Presentation Idle mode by scanning the barcode below, and then scanning digits from the Programming Chart, beginning on page 239, and then scanning **Save**. The range is 0 to 3000000. The scanner will wake when an object is presented to the window or the pitch or volume button is pressed. Default = 10000 (10s).

When **Off** is selected, no power saving is used and the scanner remains powered On.

**Note:** In some conditions the scanner will switch between <u>Presentation Idle Mode</u> and <u>Presentation Sleep Mode</u> according to ambient light level. This allows the scanner to wake up in very dark conditions.

**Note:** This selection is unavailable when the Illumination Lights or LED Illumination – Presentation Mode are set to Off.



**Presentation Idle Mode** 



## **Presentation Sleep Mode**

When **Presentation Sleep Mode On** is selected, the scanner goes into sleep mode (illumination is Off and the LED will slowly blink On and Off) after the time interval set using Presentation Sleep Mode Timeout, during which there is not activity. The scanner will wake when an object is presented to the window or the pitch or volume button is pressed. Default = Presentation Sleep Mode On.

Note: In some conditions, the scanner will switch between Presentation Idle Mode and Presentation Sleep Mode according to ambient light level. This allows the scanner to wake up in very dark conditions.

Note: This selection is unavailable when the Illumination Lights or LED Illumination -Presentation Mode are set to Off.





#### **Presentation Sleep Mode Timeout**

Use this selection to set a timeout (in seconds) for the scanner when using Presentation Sleep Mode. When this time has elapses with no activity, the scanner will enter the Presentation Sleep Mode timeout selected. After scanning the Presentation Sleep Mode Timeout barcode, set the timeout duration (from 0-3600000) by scanning digits on the Programming Chart, beginning on page 239, and then scanning Save. Default = 300000 (300s).



**Presentation Sleep Mode** 

#### **LED Illumination - Presentation Mode**

If you wish to set the illumination LED brightness, scan one of the barcodes below. This sets the LED illumination for the scanner when it is in Presentation Mode. (If the scanner is triggered manually, the LED illumination will switch to the setting for a manual trigger. See Serial Trigger Mode on page 41.) Default = High.

**Note:** The LEDs are like a flash on a camera. The lower the ambient light in the room, the brighter the LEDs need to be so the scanner can "see" the barcodes.

**Note:** The LEDs may turn Off for a short time when the scanner detects low power.

**Note:** The Solaris 7980g and Solaris 7990g use separate barcodes to set the LED illumination for Presentation Mode.

Solaris 7980g Settings







Solaris 7990g Settings







## **Presentation LED Behavior after Decode**

If you wish to dim the LEDs immediately after a barcode is decoded, scan the **LEDs Off** barcode, below, *Default = LEDs On*.



\* LEDs On



LEDs Off

## **Presentation Sensitivity**

Presentation Sensitivity is a numeric range that increases or decreases the scanner's reaction time to barcode presentation. To set the sensitivity, scan the **Sensitivity** barcode, then scan the degree of sensitivity (from 0-20) from the **Programming Chart**, beginning on page 239, and then scan **Save**. 0 is the most sensitive setting, and 20 is the least sensitive. *Default = 1*.



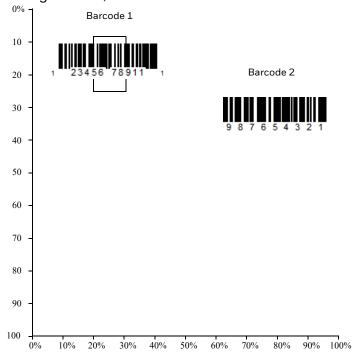
Sensitivity

## **Presentation Centering**

Use Presentation Centering to narrow the scanner's field of view when it is in Presentation Mode to make sure the scanner reads only those barcodes intended by the user. For instance, if multiple codes are placed closely together, Presentation Centering will insure that only the desired codes are read.

If a barcode is not touched by a predefined window, it will not be decoded or output by the scanner. If Presentation Centering is turned On by scanning **Presentation Centering On**, the scanner only reads codes that pass through the centering window you specify by using the **Top of Presentation Centering Window**, **Bottom of Presentation Centering Window**, **Left**, and **Right of Presentation Centering Window** barcodes.

In the example below, the white box is the centering window. The centering window has been set to 20% left, 30% right, 8% top, and 25% bottom. Since Barcode 1 passes through the centering window, it will be read. Barcode 2 does not pass through the centering window, so it will not be read.



**Note:** A barcode needs only to be touched by the centering window in order to be read. It does not need to pass completely through the centering window.

Scan **Presentation Centering On**, then scan one of the following barcodes to change the top, bottom, left, or right of the centering window. Then scan the percent you want to shift the centering window using digits on the Programming Chart, beginning on page 239. Scan **Save**. Default Presentation Centering = 40% for Top and Left, 60% for Bottom and Right.



PDCWINO.

\* Presentation Centering Off







# **Streaming Presentation™ Mode**

When in Streaming Presentation mode, the scan illumination remains On all the time to continuously search for barcodes. Two modes are available, Normal and Enhanced. Normal mode offers good scan speed and the longest working ranges (depth of field). Enhanced mode will give you the highest possible scan speed but slightly less range than Normal mode. Enhanced mode is best used when you require a very fast scan speed and don't require a long working range.





When using Preferred Symbology (see page 51), a lower priority symbol must be centered on the aiming pattern to be read in Streaming Presentation Mode.

#### **Mobile Phone Read Mode**

When this mode is selected, your scanner is optimized to read barcodes from mobile phone or other LED displays. However, the speed of scanning printed barcodes may be slightly lower when this mode is enabled.



# **Poor Quality PDF Codes**

This setting improves the scanner's ability to read damaged or badly printed PDF codes by combining information from multiple images. When **Poor Quality PDF On** is scanned, poor quality PDF code reading is improved, but the scanner's snappiness is decreased, making it less aggressive when reading good quality barcodes. This setting does not affect 1D barcode reading. *Default = Poor Quality PDF Reading Off.* 



Poor Quality PDF Reading On



\* Poor Quality PDF Reading

# **Poor Quality Code Enhanced Mode**

If you are having a difficulty reading poor quality barcodes, you may wish to scan the **Poor Quality Code Enhanced Mode** barcode below to improve the read rate.



**Poor Quality Code Enhanced Mode** 

# **Reread Delay**

This sets the time period before the scanner can read the *same* barcode a second time. Setting a reread delay protects against accidental rereads of the same barcode. Longer delays are effective in minimizing accidental rereads. Use shorter delays in applications where repetitive barcode scanning is required. Reread Delay only works when in a Presentation Mode (see page 42). *Default = Short*.







DI YRRD2000

Extra Long (2000 ms)

# **User-Specified Reread Delay**

If you want to set your own length for the reread delay, scan the barcode below, then set the delay (from 0–30,000 milliseconds) by scanning digits from the Programming Chart, beginning on page 239, and then scanning **Save**.



**User-Specified Reread Delay** 

# **Illumination Lights**

If you want the illumination lights On while reading a barcode, scan the **Lights On** barcode, below. However, if you want to turn just the lights Off, scan the **Lights Off** barcode. *Default = Lights On*.





SCINLEDU. Lights Off

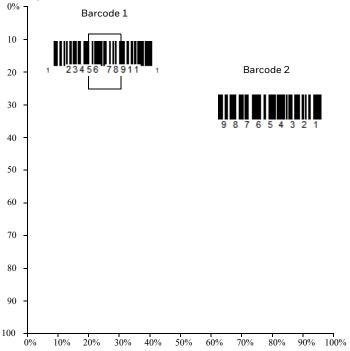
# **Centering**

Use Centering to narrow the scanner's field of view to make sure that when the scanner is hand-held, it reads only those barcodes intended by the user. For instance, if multiple codes are placed closely together, centering will insure that only the desired codes are read. (Centering can be used in conjunction with Centering, page 49, for the most error-free operation in applications where multiple codes are spaced closely together.)

**Note:** To adjust centering when the scanner is in Presentation Mode, see <u>Presentation</u> Centering (page 45).

If a barcode is not touched by a predefined window, it will not be decoded or output by the scanner. If centering is turned On by scanning **Centering On**, the scanner only reads codes that pass through the centering window you specify by using the **Top of Centering Window**, **Bottom of Centering Window**, **Left**, and **Right of Centering Window** barcodes.

In the example below, the white box is the centering window. The centering window has been set to 20% left, 30% right, 8% top, and 25% bottom. Since Barcode 1 passes through the centering window, it will be read. Barcode 2 does not pass through the centering window, so it will not be read.



**Note:** A barcode needs only to be touched by the centering window in order to be read. It does not need to pass completely through the centering window.

Scan **Centering On**, then scan one of the following barcodes to change the top, bottom, left, or right of the centering window. Then scan the percent you want to shift the centering window using digits on the Programming Chart, beginning on page 239. Scan **Save**. Default Centering = 40% for Top and Left, 60% for Bottom and Right.







DECBOT.

**Bottom of Centering Window** 





# **Preferred Symbology**

The scanner can be programmed to specify one symbology as a higher priority over other symbologies in situations where both barcode symbologies appear on the same label, but the lower priority symbology cannot be disabled.

For example, you may be using the scanner in a retail setting to read U.P.C. symbols, but have occasional need to read a code on a drivers license. Since some licenses have a Code 39 symbol as well as the PDF417 symbol, you can use Preferred Symbology to specify that the PDF417 symbol be read instead of the Code 39.

Preferred Symbology classifies each symbology as high priority, low priority, or as an unspecified type. When a low priority symbology is presented, the scanner ignores it for a set period of time (see Preferred Symbology Time-out on page 52) while it searches for the high priority symbology. If a high priority symbology is located during this period, then that data is read immediately.

If the time-out period expires before a high priority symbology is read, the scanner will read any barcode in its view (low priority or unspecified). If there is no barcode in the scanner's view after the time-out period expires, then no data is reported.

**Note:** A low priority symbol must be centered on the aiming pattern to be read.

Scan a barcode below to enable or disable Preferred Symbology. *Default = Preferred Symbology Off.* 



Preferred Symbology On



**High Priority Symbology** 

To specify the high priority symbology, scan the High Priority Symbology barcode below. On the Symbology Charts on page 225, find the symbology you want to set as high priority. Locate the Hex value for that symbology and scan the 2 digit hex value from the Programming Chart, beginning on page 239. Scan Save to save your selection. Default = None



**High Priority Symbology** 

## **Low Priority Symbology**

To specify the low priority symbology, scan the Low Priority Symbology barcode below. On the Symbology Charts on page 225, find the symbology you want to set as low priority. Locate the Hex value for that symbology and scan the 2 digit hex value from the Programming Chart, beginning on page 239.

If you want to set additional low priority symbologies, scan FF, then scan the 2 digit hex value from the Programming Chart, beginning on page 239, for the next symbology. You can program up to 5 low priority symbologies. Scan **Save** to save your selection. Default = None



## **Preferred Symbology Time-out**

Once you have enabled Preferred Symbology and entered the high and low priority symbologies, you must set the time-out period. This is the period of time the scanner will search for a high priority barcode after a low priority barcode has been encountered. Scan the barcode below, then set the delay (from 1-3,000 milliseconds) by scanning digits from the Programming Chart, beginning on page 239, and then scanning **Save**. Default = 500 ms.



**Preferred Symbology Time-out** 

## **Preferred Symbology Default**

Scan the barcode below to set all Preferred Symbology entries to their default values.



## **Character Activation Mode**

You may use a character sent from the host to trigger the scanner to begin scanning. When the activation character is received, the scanner continues scanning until either the Character Activation LED Timeout (page 54) is reached, the deactivation character is received (see Deactivation Character on page 55), or a barcode is transmitted. Scan the **On** barcode to use character activation, then use Activation Character (page 53) to select the character you will send from the host to start scanning. Default = Off.





#### **Activation Character**

This sets the character used to trigger scanning when using Character Activation Mode. On the ASCII Conversion Chart (Code Page 1252), page 228, find the hex value that represents the character you want to use to trigger scanning. Scan the following barcode, then use the Programming Chart, beginning on page 239, to read the alphanumeric combination that represents that ASCII character. Scan **Save** to finish.



## **End Character Activation After Good Read**

After a barcode is successfully detected and read from the scanner, the LED can be programmed either to remain On and scanning, or to turn Off. When **End Character Activation After Good Read** is enabled, the LED turns Off and stops

scanning after a good read. If you scan **Do Not End Character Activation After Good Read**, the LED remains On after a good read. *Default = End Character Activation After Good Read*.



Do Not End Character Activation After Good Read



\* End Character Activation After Good Read

#### **Character Activation LED Timeout**

You can set a timeout for the length of time the LED remains On and attempting to decode barcodes when using Character Activation Mode. Set the length (in milliseconds) for a timeout by scanning the following barcode, then setting the timeout (from 1-65535 milliseconds) by scanning digits from the Programming Chart, beginning on page 239, and then scanning Save. Default = 5000 ms.



Character Activation LED Timeout

## **Character Deactivation Mode**

If you have sent a character from the host to trigger the scanner to begin scanning, you can also send a deactivation character to stop scanning. Scan the following **On** barcode to use character deactivation, then use Deactivation Character to select the character you will send from the host to terminate scanning. *Default = Off.* 



\* Off



On

#### **Deactivation Character**

This sets the character used to terminate scanning when using Character Deactivation Mode. On the ASCII Conversion Chart (Code Page 1252) on page 228, find the hex value that represents the character you want to use to terminate scanning. Scan the following barcode, then use the Programming Chart, beginning on page 239, to read the alphanumeric combination that represents that ASCII character. Scan **Save** to finish.



**Deactivation Character** 

# **Output Sequence Overview**

## **Output Sequence Editor**

This programming selection allows you to program the scanner to output data (when scanning more than one symbol) in whatever order your application requires, regardless of the order in which the barcodes are scanned. You can define up to 15 barcodes in an output sequence.

**Note:** To make Output Sequence Editor selections, you'll need to know the code I.D., code length, and character match(es) your application requires. Use the alphanumeric symbols from the Programming Chart, beginning on page 239.

#### To Add an Output Sequence

An output sequence is created using a string of serial commands that is sent to the scanner. This string is most easily sent to the scanner using the EZConfig software tool (see EZConfig for Scanning Introduction on page 182). You can also accomplish this by scanning alphanumeric barcodes (see the Programming Chart, beginning on page 239).

1. If you are using barcodes to create your output sequence, scan Enter Output Sequence on page 59.

#### 2. Code I.D.

On the Symbology Charts on page 225, find the symbology to which you want to apply the output sequence format. Make a note of the hex value for that symbology. If you are using barcodes to create your output sequence, scan the 2 digit hex value from the Programming Chart, beginning on page 239.

#### 3. Length

Specify what length (up to 9999 characters) of data output will be acceptable for this symbology. Make a note of the length. If you are using barcodes to create your output sequence, scan the 4 digit data length Programming Chart,

beginning on page 239. (Note: 50 characters is entered as **0050**. 9999 is a universal number, indicating all lengths.) When calculating the length, you must count any programmed prefixes, suffixes, or formatted characters as part of the length (unless using 9999).

#### 4. Character Match Sequences

On the ASCII Conversion Chart (Code Page 1252) on page 228, find the hex value that represents the character(s) you want to match. Make a note of the hex value for the character(s). If you are using barcodes to create your output sequence, use the Programming Chart, beginning on page 239, to read the alphanumeric combination that represents the ASCII characters. (99 is the universal number, indicating all characters.)

#### 5. End Output Sequence Editor

Use **FF** to terminate this string or to begin another output sequence. If you are using barcodes, scan **FF**. Scan **Save** to save your entries.

#### **Other Programming Selections**

If you are creating an output sequence using barcodes, scan Discard (see page 240) to exit without saving any output sequence changes.

# **Output Sequence Editor Commands**

SEQBLK Sequence editor start command. SEQPRE Add prefix to complete output sequences. **SEQSUF** Add suffix to complete output sequences. SEQSEP Add separators to complete output sequences. SEQTTS1 Transmit partial sequence. SEQIPR Add prefix to partial output sequences. **SEQISU** Add suffix to partial output sequences. SEQISE Add separators to partial output sequences. **TRGSTO** Timeout for partial output sequences.

**FF** Termination string.

Examples outlining how to use these commands are shown in the following sections.

#### **Output Sequence Example 1 - Three Symbologies**







In this example, you are scanning PDF417, Code 128, and Code 39 barcodes, but you want the scanner to output Code 39 first, Code 128 second, and PDF417 third.

Set up the sequence editor with the following command line:

SEQBLK	sequence editor start command
62	code identifier for Code 39
9999	code length that must match for Code 39, 9999 = all lengths
43	start character match for Code 39, 43h = "C"
FF	termination string for first code
6A	code identifier for Code 128
9999	code length that must match for Code 128, 9999 = all lengths
54	start character match for Code 128, 54h = "T"
FF	termination string for first code
72	code identifier for PDF417
9999	code length that must match for PDF417, 9999 = all lengths
4D	start character match for PDF417, 4Dh = "M"
FF	termination string for third code

The whole command line would look like this:

#### SEQBLK62999943FF6A999954FF7299994DFF

The data is output as:

#### CODE39SMPLTSTMSGCODE128MSGPDF417

See the next example to further refine this output.

#### **Output Sequence Example 2 - Three Symbologies with <> Separators**

In this example, you are scanning the same three barcodes, but you want <> brackets and a carriage return and line feed to separate your output.







The sequence editor would use the same command line as shown in Output Sequence Example 1 - Three Symbologies (page 57):

SEQBLK	sequence editor start command
SEUDLN	sequence editor start command

**62** code identifier for Code 39

9999 code length that must match for Code 39, 9999 = all

lengths

start character match for Code 39, 43h = "C"

**FF** termination string for first code

**6A** code identifier for Code 128

9999 code length that must match for Code 128, 9999 = all

lengths

start character match for Code 128, 54h = "T"

**FF** termination string for first code

**72** code identifier for PDF417

9999 code length that must match for PDF417, 9999 = all

lengths

**4D** start character match for PDF417, 4Dh = "M"

**FF** termination string for third code

But you would add your <> separators for each sequence:

**SEQSEP99** separator for each sequence, 99 = all symbologies

3C left bracket (<)

**3E** right bracket (>)

And add the carriage return and line feed as a suffix:

**SEQSUF99** separator for suffixes, 99 = all symbologies

**OD** carriage return

**OA** line feed

The whole command line would look like this:

## SEQBLK62999943FF6A999954FF7299994DFFSEQSEP993C3ESEQSUF990D0

The data is output as:

<CODE39SMPL>

<TSTMSGCODE128>

<MSGPDF417>

## **Enter Output Sequence**

If you are using barcodes to create your output sequence, scan **Enter Output Sequence** to begin scanning your string.



**Enter Output Sequence** 

### **Partial Sequence**

If an output sequence operation is terminated before all your output sequence criteria are met, the barcode data acquired to that point is a "partial sequence." You can define how partial sequences are output using the same types of command strings you used to create output sequences.

## Partial Sequence Example - Three Symbologies with <> Separators, but with a Damaged Code

In this example, you are scanning PDF417, Code 128, and Code 39 barcodes, and you want the scanner to output Code 39 first, Code 128 second, and PDF417 third, in brackets, as shown below, but the Code 39 barcode has been damaged and cannot be output.







You would use the same command line as shown in Output Sequence Example 2 - Three Symbologies with <> Separators (page 58):

**SEQBLK** sequence editor start command

**62** code identifier for Code 39

9999 code length that must match for Code 39, 9999 = all

lengths

start character match for Code 39, 43h = "C"

**FF** termination string for first code

**6A** code identifier for Code 128

9999 code length that must match for Code 128, 9999 = all

lengths

start character match for Code 128, 54h = "T"

**FF** termination string for first code

**72** code identifier for PDF417

9999 code length that must match for PDF417, 9999 = all

lengths

**4D** start character match for PDF417, 4Dh = "M"

**FF** termination string for third code

**SEQSEP99** separator for each sequence, 99 = all symbologies

**3C** left bracket (<)

**3E** right bracket (>)

**SEQSUF99** separator for suffixes, 99 = all symbologies

**OD** carriage return

**OA** line feed

And you would add >PARTIAL< as the prefix to note the partial sequence:

**SEQTTS1** transmit partial sequence

**SEQISU99** add partial sequence prefix, 99 = all symbologies

**3E** right bracket (>)

**50** P

**41** A

**52** R

**54** T

49

**41** A

**4C** L

**3C** left bracket (<)

The whole command line would look like this:

#### SEQBLK62999943FF6A999954FF7299994DFFSEQSEP993C3ESEQSUF990D0 ASEQTTS1SEQISU993E5041525449414C3C

The data is output as:

>PARTIAL<

<TSTMSGCODE128>

<MSGPDF417>

#### **Discard Partial Output Sequence**

If you want to discard partial sequences when the output sequence operation is terminated before completion, scan **Discard Partial Sequence**.



\* Discard Partial Sequence

#### **Default Output Sequence**

**Default Sequence** programs the scanner to all universal values. Be certain you want to delete or clear all formats before you read the **Default Sequence** symbol.



#### **Require Output Sequence**

When an output sequence is **Required**, all output data must conform to an edited sequence or the scanner will not transmit the output data to the host device. When it's **On/Not Required**, the scanner will attempt to get the output data to conform to an edited sequence but, if it cannot, the scanner transmits all output data to the host device as is, or formatted according to the partial sequence output format (see Partial Sequence on page 59).

When the output sequence is **Off**, the barcode data is output to the host as the scanner decodes it. *Default = Off*.

**Note:** This selection is unavailable when the Multiple Symbols Selection is turned On.







## No Read

With No Read turned **On**, the scanner notifies you if a code cannot be read. If using an EZConfig-Scanning Tool Scan Data Window (see page 182), an "NR" appears when a code cannot be read. If No Read is turned **Off**, the "NR" will not appear. Default = Off.





If you want a different notation than "NR," for example, "Error," or "Bad Code," you can edit the output message (see Data Format, beginning on page 71). The hex code for the No Read symbol is 9C.

## Video Reverse

Video Reverse is used to allow the scanner to read barcodes that are inverted. The **Video Reverse Off** barcode below is an example of this type of barcode. Scan **Video Reverse Only** to read *only* inverted barcodes. Scan **Video Reverse and Standard Barcodes** to read both types of codes.

**Note:** After scanning **Video Reverse Only**, menu barcodes cannot be read. You must scan **Video Reverse Off** or **Video Reverse and Standard Barcodes** in order to read menu barcodes.

**Note:** Images downloaded from the unit are not reversed. This is a setting for decoding only.





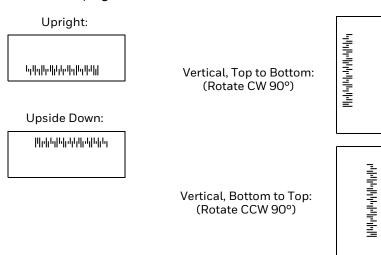
Video Reverse and Standard Barcodes



\* Video Reverse Off

## **Working Orientation**

Some barcodes are direction-sensitive. For example, KIX codes and OCR can misread when scanned sideways or upside down. Use the working orientation settings if your direction-sensitive codes will not usually be presented upright to the scanner. *Default = Upright*.











**CHAPTER** 

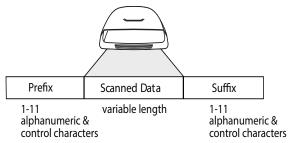
# 4

## DATA EDIT

## **Prefix/Suffix Overview**

When a barcode is scanned, additional information is sent to the host computer along with the barcode data. This group of barcode data and additional, user-defined data is called a "message string." The selections in this section are used to build the user-defined data into the message string.

Prefix and Suffix characters are data characters that can be sent before and after scanned data. You can specify if they should be sent with all symbologies, or only with specific symbologies. The following illustration shows the breakdown of a message string:



## Points to Keep In Mind

- It is not necessary to build a message string. The selections in this chapter are only used if you wish to alter the default settings. *Default prefix = None*. *Default suffix = None*.
- A prefix or suffix may be added or cleared from one symbology or all symbologies.
- You can add any prefix or suffix from the ASCII Conversion Chart (Code Page 1252) on page 228, plus Code I.D. and AIM I.D.
- You can string together several entries for several symbologies at one time.
- Enter prefixes and suffixes in the order in which you want them to appear on the output.

- When setting up for specific symbologies (as opposed to all symbologies), the specific symbology ID value counts as an added prefix or suffix character.
- The maximum size of a prefix or suffix configuration is 200 characters, which includes header information.

#### To Add a Prefix or Suffix:

- Step 1. Scan the **Add Prefix** or **Add Suffix** symbol (see page 67).
- Step 2. Determine the 2 digit Hex value from the Symbology Charts on page 225 for the symbology to which you want to apply the prefix or suffix. For example, for Code 128, Code ID is "j" and Hex ID is "6A".
- Step 3. Scan the 2 hex digits from the Programming Chart, beginning on page 239, or scan **9**, **9** for all symbologies.

To add the Code I.D., scan **5**, **C**, **8**, **0**. To add the AIM I.D., scan **5**, **C**, **8**, **1**. To add the serial number, scan **5**, **C**, **8**, **8**. To add a backslash (\), scan **5**, **C**, **5**, **C**.

**Note:** When adding a backslash (\), you must scan 5C twice – once to create the leading backslash and then to create the backslash itself.

- Step 4. Repeat Steps 2 and 3 for every prefix or suffix character.
- Step 5. Scan **Save** to exit and save, or scan **Discard** to exit without saving.

Repeat the steps above to add a prefix or suffix for another symbology.

## **Example: Add a Tab Suffix to All Symbologies**

- Step 1. Scan Add Suffix.
- Step 2. Scan **9**, **9** from the Programming Chart, beginning on page 239, to apply this suffix to all symbologies.
- Step 3. Scan **0**, **9** from the Programming Chart, beginning on page 239. This corresponds with the hex value for a horizontal tab, shown in the ASCII Conversion Chart (Code Page 1252) on page 228.
- Step 4. Scan **Save**, or scan **Discard** to exit without saving.

#### Clear One or All Prefixes or Suffixes

You can clear a single prefix or suffix, or clear all prefixes/suffixes for a symbology. If you have been entering prefixes and suffixes for single symbologies, you can use **Clear One Prefix** (**Suffix**) to delete a specific character from a symbology. When you **Clear All Prefixes** (**Suffixes**), all the prefixes or suffixes for a symbology are deleted.

- Step 1. Scan the Clear One Prefix or Clear One Suffix symbol.
- Step 2. Determine the 2 digit Hex value from the Symbology Chart (included in the Symbology Charts on page 225) for the symbology from which you want to clear the prefix or suffix.
- Step 3. Scan the 2 digit hex value from the Programming Chart, beginning on page 239, or scan **9**, **9** for all symbologies.

Your change is automatically saved.

## Add a Carriage Return Suffix to All Symbologies

Scan the following barcode if you wish to add a carriage return suffix to all symbologies at once. This action first clears all current suffixes, then programs a carriage return suffix for all symbologies.



Add CR Suffix All Symbologies

## **Prefix Selections**



PRECA2.
Clear All Prefixes

## **Suffix Selections**





**Clear One Prefix** 

Clear One Suffix



## **Function Code Transmit**

By default, all ASCII control characters are transmitted with barcode data. These non-printable characters are translated into predefined key strokes, or CTRL+X functions (see ASCII Conversion Chart (Code Page 1252) on page 228). If these key strokes interfere with your host's software application, scan **Disable** to keep these ASCII control characters from being transmitted. *Default = Enable*.





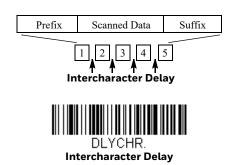
**Note:** You can also use a custom data format (see Data Format, beginning on page 71) to translate these characters into a more meaningful output.

## Intercharacter, Interfunction, and Intermessage Delays

Some terminals drop information (characters) if data comes through too quickly. Intercharacter, interfunction, and intermessage delays slow the transmission of data, increasing data integrity.

## **Intercharacter Delay**

An intercharacter delay of up to 5000 milliseconds (in 5ms increments) may be placed between the transmission of each character of scanned data. Scan the **Intercharacter Delay** barcode below, then scan the number of 5ms delays, and scan the **Save** barcode using the <u>Programming Chart</u>, beginning on page 239.



To remove this delay, scan the **Intercharacter Delay** barcode, then set the number of delays to **0**. Scan the **Save** barcode using the Programming Chart, beginning on page 239.

**Note:** Intercharacter delays are not supported in USB serial emulation.

## **User Specified Intercharacter Delay**

An intercharacter delay of up to 5000 milliseconds (in 5ms increments) may be placed after the transmission of a particular character of scanned data. Scan the Delay Length barcode below, then scan the number of 5ms delays, and the Save barcode using the Programming Chart, beginning on page 239.

Next, scan the **Character to Trigger Delay** barcode, then the 2-digit hex value for a printable character to trigger the delay (see Lower ASCII Reference Table, beginning on page 229).



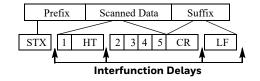


Character to Trigger Delay

To remove this delay, scan the **Delay Length** barcode, and set the number of delays to **0**. Scan the **Save** barcode using the Programming Chart, beginning on page 239.

## **Interfunction Delay**

An interfunction delay of up to 5000 milliseconds (in 5ms increments) may be placed between the transmission of each control character in the message string. Scan the **Interfunction Delay** barcode below, then scan the number of 5ms delays, and scan the **Save** barcode using the Programming Chart, beginning on page 239.





To remove this delay, scan the **Interfunction Delay** barcode, then set the number of delays to **0**. Scan the **Save** barcode using the Programming Chart, beginning on page 239.

## **Intermessage Delay**

An intermessage delay of up to 5000 milliseconds (in 5ms increments) may be placed between each scan transmission. Scan the **Intermessage Delay** barcode below, then scan the number of 5ms delays, and scan the **Save** barcode using the Programming Chart, beginning on page 239.

1st Scan Transmission 2nd Scan Transmission Intermessage Delay

DLYMSG.
Intermessage Delay

To remove this delay, scan the **Intermessage Delay** barcode, then set the number of delays to **0**. Scan the **Save** barcode using the Programming Chart, beginning on page 239.

# 5

## DATA FORMAT

### **Data Format Editor Introduction**

You may use the Data Format Editor to change the scanner's output. For example, you can use the Data Format Editor to insert characters at certain points in barcode data as it is scanned. The selections in the following pages are used only if you wish to alter the output. *Default Data Format setting = None*.

Normally, when you scan a barcode, it is output automatically. However, when you create a format, you must use a "send" command (see Send Commands on page 74) within the format program to output data.

Multiple formats may be programmed into the scanner. They are stacked in the order in which they are entered. However, the following list presents the order in which formats are applied:

- 1. Specific Terminal ID, Actual Code ID, Actual Length
- 2. Specific Terminal ID, Actual Code ID, Universal Length
- 3. Specific Terminal ID, Universal Code ID, Actual Length
- 4. Specific Terminal ID, Universal Code ID, Universal Length
- 5. Universal Terminal ID, Actual Code ID, Actual Length
- 6. Universal Terminal ID, Actual Code ID, Universal Length
- 7. Universal Terminal ID, Universal Code ID, Actual Length
- 8. Universal Terminal ID, Universal Code ID, Universal Length

The maximum size of a data format configuration is 2000 bytes, which includes header information.

If a barcode is read that fails the first data format, the next data format, if there is one, will be used on the barcode data. If there is no other data format, the raw data is output.

If you have changed data format settings, and wish to clear all formats and return to the factory defaults, scan the **Default Data Format** code below.



## **Show Data Format**

Scan the barcode below to show current data format settings.



## Add a Data Format

- Step 1. Scan the **Enter Data Format** symbol (see page 73).
- Step 2. Select **Primary/Alternate Format**Determine if this will be your primary data format, or one of 3 alternate formats. This allows you to save a total of 4 different data formats. To program your primary format, scan **0** using the **Programming Chart**, beginning on page 239. If you are programming an alternate format, scan **1**, **2**, or **3**, depending on which alternate format you are programming. (See **Primary/Alternate Data Formats** on page 88 for further information.)
- Step 3. **Terminal Type**Refer to Terminal ID Table on page 74 and locate the Terminal ID number for your PC. Scan three numeric barcodes from the Programming Chart, beginning on page 239, to program the scanner for your terminal ID (you must enter 3 digits). For example, scan **0 0 3** for an AT wedge.

**Note: 099** indicates all terminal types.

Step 4. **Code I.D.**In the Symbology Charts on page 225, find the symbology to which you want to apply the data format. Locate the Hex value for that symbology and scan the 2 digit hex value from the Programming Chart, beginning on page 239.

If you wish to create a data format for all symbologies, with the exception of some specific symbologies, refer to B8 (see page 86).

If you are creating a data format for Batch Mode Quantity, use 35 for the Code I.D.

Note: 99 indicates all symbologies.

Step 5. Length
Specify what length (up to 9999 characters) of data will be acceptable for this symbology. Scan the four digit data length from the Programming

Chart, beginning on page 239. For example, 50 characters is entered as 0050.

Note: 9999 indicates all lengths.

**Editor Commands** Step 6.

Refer to Data Format Editor Commands on page 74. Scan the symbols that represent the command you want to enter.

Scan **Save** to save your data format, or **Discard** to exit without saving your Step 7.

changes.







## **Other Programming Selections**

#### **Clear One Data Format**

This deletes one data format for one symbology. If you are clearing the primary format, scan 0 from the Programming Chart, beginning on page 239. If you are clearing an alternate format, scan 1, 2, or 3, depending on the format you are clearing. Scan the Terminal Type and Code I.D. (see Symbology Charts on page 225) and the barcode data length for the specific data format that you want to delete. All other formats remain unaffected.

#### **Clear all Data Formats**

This clears all data formats.

- **Save** to exit and save your data format changes.
- **Discard** to exit without saving any data format changes.









**Terminal ID Table** 

Terminal	Model(s)	Terminal ID
USB	PC keyboard (HID)	124
	Mac Keyboard	125
	PC Keyboard (Japanese)	134
	Serial (COM driver required)	130
	HID POS	131
	USB SurePOS Handheld	128
	USB SurePOS Tabletop	129
Serial	RS232 TTL	000
	RS232 True	000
	RS485 (IBM-HHBCR 1+2, 46xx)	051
Keyboard	PS2 compatibles	003

## **Data Format Editor Commands**

When working with the Data Format Editor, a virtual cursor is moved along your input data string. The following commands are used to both move this cursor to different positions, and to select, replace, and insert data into the final output.

## **Send Commands**

#### Send all characters

**F1** Include in the output message all of the characters from the input message, starting from current cursor position, followed by an insert character. Syntax = F1xx, where xx stands for the insert character's hex value for its ASCII code. Refer to the ASCII Conversion Chart (Code Page 1252) on page 228 for decimal, hex, and character codes.

#### Send a number of characters

**F2** Include in the output message a number of characters followed by an insert character. Start from the current cursor position and continue for "nn" characters or through the last character in the input message, followed by character "xx." Syntax = F2nnxx, where nn stands for the numeric value (00–99) for the number of characters, and xx stands for the insert character's hex value for its ASCII code. Refer to the ASCII Conversion Chart (Code Page 1252) on page 228 for decimal, hex, and character codes.

#### F2 Example: Send a number of characters



Send the first 10 characters from the barcode above, followed by a carriage return. Command string: F2100D

F2 is the "Send a number of characters" command

10 is the number of characters to send

OD is the hex value for a CR

The data is output as: 1234567890

#### F2 and F1 Example: Split characters into 2 lines

Send the first 10 characters from the barcode above, followed by a carriage return, followed by the rest of the characters.

Command string: F2100DF10D

F2 is the "Send a number of characters" command

10 is the number of characters to send for the first line

OD is the hex value for a CR

F1 is the "Send all characters" command

OD is the hex value for a CR

The data is output as: 1234567890

**ABCDEFGHIJ** 

<CR>

#### Send all characters up to a particular character

**F3** Include in the output message all characters from the input message, starting with the character at the current cursor position and continuing to, but not including, the search character "ss," followed by an insert character. The cursor is moved forward to the "ss" character. Syntax = F3ssxx, where ss stands for the search character's hex value for its ASCII code, and xx stands for the insert character's hex value for its ASCII code. Refer to the ASCII Conversion Chart (Code Page 1252) on page 228 for decimal, hex, and character codes.

#### F3 Example: Send all characters up to a particular character



Using the barcode above, send all characters up to but not including "D," followed by a carriage return.

Command string: F3440D

F3 is the "Send all characters up to a particular character" command

44 is the hex value for a 'D"

OD is the hex value for a CR

The data is output as: 1234567890ABC

<CR>

#### Send all characters up to a string

**B9** Include in the output message all characters from the input message, starting with the character at the current cursor position and continuing to, but not including, the search string "s...s." The cursor is moved forward to the beginning of the "s...s" string. Syntax = B9nnnns...s, where nnnn stands for the length of the string, and s...s stands for the string to be matched. The string is made up of hex values for the characters in the string. Refer to the ASCII Conversion Chart (Code Page 1252) on page 228 for decimal, hex, and character codes.

#### B9 Example: Send all characters up to a defined string



Using the barcode above, send all characters up to but not including "AB."

Command string: B900024142

B9 is the "Send all characters up to a string" command

0002 is the length of the string (2 characters)

41 is the hex value for A

42 is the hex value for B

The data is output as: 1234567890

#### Send all but the last characters

**E9** Include in the output message all but the last "nn" characters, starting from the current cursor position. The cursor is moved forward to one position past the last input message character included. Syntax = E9nn, where nn stands for the numeric value (00-99) for the number of characters that will not be sent at the end of the message.

#### Insert a character multiple times

**F4** Send "xx" character "nn" times in the output message, leaving the cursor in the current position. Syntax = F4xxnn, where xx stands for the insert character's hex value for its ASCII code, and nn is the numeric value (00-99) for the number of times it should be sent. Refer to the ASCII Conversion Chart (Code Page 1252) on page 228 for decimal, hex and, character codes.

E9 and F4 Example: Send all but the last characters, followed by 2 tabs



Send all characters except for the last 8 from the barcode above, followed by 2 tabs.

Command string: E908F40902

E9 is the "Send all but the last characters" command

08 is the number of characters at the end to ignore

F4 is the "Insert a character multiple times" command

09 is the hex value for a horizontal tab

02 is the number of times the tab character is sent

The data is output as: 1234567890AB <tab><tab>

#### **Insert a string**

**BA** Send "ss" string of "nn" length in the output message, leaving the cursor in the current position. Syntax = BAnnnns...s, where nnnn stands for the length of the string, and s...s stands for the string. The string is made up of hex values for the characters in the string. Refer to the ASCII Conversion Chart (Code Page 1252) on page 228 for decimal, hex, and character codes.

B9 and BA Example: Look for the string "AB" and insert 2 asterisks (\*\*)



Using the barcode above, send all characters up to but not including "AB." Insert 2 asterisks at that point, and send the rest of the data with a carriage return after.

Command string: **B900024142BA00022A2AF10D** 

B9 is the "Send all characters up to a string" command

0002 is the length of the string (2 characters)

41 is the hex value for A

42 is the hex value for B

BA is the "Insert a string" command

0002 is the length of the string to be added (2 characters)

2A is the hex value for an asterisk (\*)

2A is the hex value for an asterisk (\*)

F1 is the "Send all characters" command

OD is the hex value for a CR

The data is output as: 1234567890\*\*ABCDEFGHIJ <CR>

#### **Insert symbology name**

**B3** Insert the name of the barcode's symbology in the output message, without moving the cursor. Only symbologies with a Honeywell ID are included (see Symbology Charts on page 225). Refer to the ASCII Conversion Chart (Code Page 1252) on page 228 for decimal, hex, and character codes.

#### **Insert barcode length**

**B4** Insert the barcode's length in the output message, without moving the cursor. The length is expressed as a numeric string and does not include leading zeros.

#### B3 and B4 Example: Insert the symbology name and length



Send the symbology name and length before the barcode data from the barcode above. Break up these insertions with spaces. End with a carriage return.

Command string: B3F42001B4F42001F10D

B3 is the "Insert symbology name" command

F4 is the "Insert a character multiple times" command

20 is the hex value for a space

01 is the number of times the space character is sent

B4 is the "Insert barcode length" command

F4 is the "Insert a character multiple times" command

20 is the hex value for a space

01 is the number of times the space character is sent

F1 is the "Send all characters" command

OD is the hex value for a CR

The data is output as: Code128 20 1234567890ABCDEFGHIJ <CR>

#### **Insert key strokes**

**B5** Insert a key stroke or combination of key strokes. Key strokes are dependent on your keyboard (see Keyboard Key References on page 235). Any key can be inserted, including arrows and functions. Syntax = B5xxssnn, where xx is the number of keys pressed (without key modifiers), ss is the key modifier from the table below, and nn is the key number from the Keyboard Key References on page 235.

Key Modifiers		
No Key Modifier	00	
Shift Left	01	
Shift Right	02	
Alt Left	04	
Alt Right	80	
Control Left	10	
Control Right	20	

For example, B501021F inserts an "A" on a 104 key, U.S. style keyboard. B5 = the command, 01 = number of keys pressed (without the key modifier), 02 is the key modifier for Shift Right, and 1F is the "a" key. If a lower case "a" were to be inserted, B501001F would be entered.

If there are three keystrokes, the syntax would change from B5xxssnn for one keystroke to B5xxssnnssnnssnn. An example that would insert "abc" is as follows: B503001F00320030F833.

**Note:** Key modifiers can be added together when needed. Example: Control Left+Shift Left = 11.

#### **Move Commands**

#### Move the cursor forward a number of characters

**F5** Move the cursor ahead "nn" characters from current cursor position. Syntax = F5nn, where nn is the numeric value (00-99) for the number of characters the cursor should be moved ahead.

F5 Example: Move the cursor forward and send the data



Move the cursor forward 3 characters, then send the rest of the barcode data from the barcode above. End with a carriage return.

Command string: F503F10D

F5 is the "Move the cursor forward a number of characters" command

03 is the number of characters to move the cursor

F1 is the "Send all characters" command

OD is the hex value for a CR

The data is output as: **4567890ABCDEFGHIJ <CR>** 

#### Move the cursor backward a number of characters

**F6** Move the cursor back "nn" characters from current cursor position. Syntax = F6nn, where nn is the numeric value (00-99) for the number of characters the cursor should be moved back.

#### Move the cursor to the beginning

**F7** Move the cursor to the first character in the input message. Syntax = F7.

FE and F7 Example: Manipulate barcodes that begin with a 1



Search for barcodes that begin with a 1. If a barcode matches, move the cursor back to the beginning of the data and send 6 characters followed by a carriage

return. Using the barcode above:

Command string: FE31F7F2060D

FE is the "Compare characters" command

31 is the hex value for 1

F7 is the "Move the cursor to the beginning" command

F2 is the "Send a number of characters" command

06 is the number of characters to send

OD is the hex value for a CR

The data is output as: 123456

<CR>

#### Move the cursor to the end

**EA** Move the cursor to the last character in the input message. Syntax = EA.

#### **Search Commands**

#### Search forward for a character

**F8** Search the input message forward for "xx" character from the current cursor position, leaving the cursor pointing to the "xx" character. Syntax = F8xx, where xx stands for the search character's hex value for its ASCII code. Refer to the ASCII Conversion Chart (Code Page 1252) on page 228 for decimal, hex, and character codes.

F8 Example: Send barcode data that starts after a particular character



Search for the letter "D" in barcodes and send all the data that follows, including the "D." Using the barcode above:

Command string: F844F10D

F8 is the "Search forward for a character" command

44 is the hex value for "D"

F1 is the "Send all characters" command

OD is the hex value for a CR

The data is output as: **DEFGHIJ** 

<CR>

#### Search backward for a character

**F9** Search the input message backward for "xx" character from the current cursor position, leaving the cursor pointing to the "xx" character. Syntax = F9xx, where xx stands for the search character's hex value for its ASCII code. Refer to the ASCII Conversion Chart (Code Page 1252) on page 228 for decimal, hex, and character codes.

#### **Search forward for a string**

**BO** Search forward for "s" string from the current cursor position, leaving cursor pointing to "s" string. Syntax = BOnnnnS, where nnnn is the string length (up to 9999), and S consists of the ASCII hex value of each character in the match string. For example, B0000454657374 will search forward for the first occurrence of the 4 character string "Test." Refer to the ASCII Conversion Chart (Code Page 1252) on page 228 for decimal, hex, and character codes.

#### BO Example: Send barcode data that starts after a string of characters



Search for the letters "FGH" in barcodes and send all the data that follows, including "FGH." Using the barcode above:

Command string: **B00003464748F10D** 

BO is the "Search forward for a string" command

0003 is the string length (3 characters)

46 is the hex value for "F"

47 is the hex value for "G"

48 is the hex value for "H"

F1 is the "Send all characters" command

OD is the hex value for a CR

The data is output as: **FGHIJ** 

<CR>

#### Search backward for a string

**B1** Search backward for "s" string from the current cursor position, leaving cursor pointing to "s" string. Syntax = B1nnnnS, where nnnn is the string length (up to 9999), and S consists of the ASCII hex value of each character in the match string. For example, B1000454657374 will search backward for the first occurrence of the 4 character string "Test." Refer to the ASCII Conversion Chart (Code Page 1252) on page 228 for decimal, hex, and character codes.

#### Search forward for a non-matching character

**E6** Search the input message forward for the first non-"xx" character from the current cursor position, leaving the cursor pointing to the non-"xx" character. Syntax = E6xx, where xx stands for the search character's hex value for its ASCII code. Refer to the ASCII Conversion Chart (Code Page 1252), beginning on page 228, for decimal, hex, and character codes.

#### E6 Example: Remove zeros at the beginning of barcode data



This example shows a barcode that has been zero filled. You may want to ignore the zeros and send all the data that follows. E6 searches forward for the first character that is not zero, then sends all the data after, followed by a carriage return. Using the barcode above:

Command string: **E630F10D** 

E6 is the "Search forward for a non-matching character" command

30 is the hex value for 0

F1 is the "Send all characters" command

OD is the hex value for a CR

The data is output as: 37692

<CR>

#### Search backward for a non-matching character

**E7** Search the input message backward for the first non-"xx" character from the current cursor position, leaving the cursor pointing to the non-"xx" character. Syntax = E7xx, where xx stands for the search character's hex value for its ASCII code. Refer to the ASCII Conversion Chart (Code Page 1252) on page 228 for decimal, hex, and character codes.

#### Miscellaneous Commands

#### **Suppress characters**

**FB** Suppress all occurrences of up to 15 different characters, starting at the current cursor position, as the cursor is advanced by other commands. When the FC command is encountered, the suppress function is terminated. The cursor is not moved by the FB command. Syntax = FBnnxxyy .. zz, where nn is a count of the number of suppressed characters in the list, and xxyy .. zz is the list of characters to be suppressed.

#### FB Example: Remove spaces in barcode data

345 678 90

This example shows a barcode that has spaces in the data. You may want to remove the spaces before sending the data. Using the barcode above:

Command string: FB0120F10D

FB is the "Suppress characters" command

01 is the number of character types to be suppressed

20 is the hex value for a space

F1 is the "Send all characters" command

OD is the hex value for a CR

The data is output as: 34567890

<CR>

#### **Stop suppressing characters**

**FC** Disables suppress filter and clear all suppressed characters. Syntax = FC.

#### **Replace characters**

**E4** Replaces up to 15 characters in the output message, without moving the cursor. Replacement continues until the E5 command is encountered. Syntax =  $E4nnxx_1xx_2yy_1yy_2...zz_1zz_2$ , where nn is the total count of the number of characters in the list (characters to be replaced plus replacement characters);  $xx_1$  defines characters to be replaced, and  $xx_2$  defines replacement characters, continuing through  $zz_1$  and  $zz_2$ .

#### E4 Example: Replace zeros with CRs in barcode data

1234056780ABC

If the barcode has characters that the host application does not want included, you can use the E4 command to replace those characters with something else. In this example, you will replace the zeros in the barcode above with carriage returns.

Command string: E402300DF10D

E4 is the "Replace characters" command

O2 is the total count of characters to be replaced, plus the replacement characters (0 is replaced by CR, so total characters = 2)

30 is the hex value for 0

OD is the hex value for a CR (the character that will replace the O)

F1 is the "Send all characters" command

OD is the hex value for a CR

The data is output as: 1234

5678 **ABC** <CR>

#### **Stop replacing characters**

**E5** Terminates character replacement. Syntax = E5.

## **Compare characters**

FE Compare the character in the current cursor position to the character "xx." If characters are equal, move the cursor forward one position. Syntax = FExx, where xx stands for the comparison character's hex value for its ASCII code. Refer to the ASCII Conversion Chart (Code Page 1252) on page 228 for decimal, hex, and character codes.

#### **Compare string**

**B2** Compare the string in the input message to the string "s." If the strings are equal, move the cursor forward past the end of the string. Syntax = B2nnnnS, where nnnn is the string length (up to 9999), and S consists of the ASCII hex value of each character in the match string. For example, B2000454657374 will compare the string at the current cursor position with the 4 character string "Test." Refer to the ASCII Conversion Chart (Code Page 1252) on page 228 for decimal, hex, and character codes.

#### Check for a number

**EC** Check to make sure there is an ASCII number at the current cursor position. The format is aborted if the character is not numeric.

#### EC Example: Only output the data if the barcode begins with a number

If you will only accept data from barcodes that begin with a number, you can use EC to check for the number.

Command string: ECF10D

EC is the "Check for a number" command

F1 is the "Send all characters" command

OD is the hex value for a CR



If this barcode is read:



the data is output as: 1234AB

<CR>

#### Check for non-numeric character

**ED** Check to make sure there is a non-numeric ASCII character at the current cursor position. The format is aborted if the character is numeric.

#### ED Example: Only output the data if the barcode begins with a letter

If you will only accept data from barcodes that begin with a letter, you can use ED to check for the number.

Command string: **EDF10D** 

ED is the "Check for a non-numeric character" command

F1 is the "Send all characters" command

OD is the hex value for a CR

If this barcode is read.



the format fails.



<CR>

#### Insert a delay

**EF** Inserts a delay of up to 49,995 milliseconds (in multiples of 5), starting from the current cursor position. Syntax = EFnnnn, where nnnn stands for the delay in 5ms increments, up to 9999. This command can only be used with keyboard emulation.

#### **Discard Data**

**B8** Discards types of data. For example, you may want to discard Code 128 barcodes that begin with the letter A. In step 4 (see page 72), select 6A (for Code 128), and in step 5, select 9999 (for all lengths). Enter FE41B8 to compare and discard Code 128 barcodes that begin with the letter A. Syntax = B8.

**Note:** The B8 command must be entered after all other commands.

The Data Format must be **Required** (see page 87) in order for the B8 command to work. If Data Format is **On**, but **Not Required** (see page 87), barcode data that meets the B8 format is scanned and output as usual.

Other data format settings impact the B8 command. If Data Format Non-Match Error Tone is **On** (see page 88), the scanner emits an error tone. If Data format Non-Match Error Tone is **Off**, the code is disabled for reading and no tone is sounded.

### **Data Formatter**

When Data Formatter is turned Off, the barcode data is output to the host as read, including prefixes and suffixes.



You may wish to require the data to conform to a data format you have created and saved. The following settings can be applied to your data format:

## Data Formatter On, Not Required, Keep Prefix/Suffix Scanned data is modified according to your data format, and prefixes and suffixes are transmitted.

# Data Formatter On, Not Required, Drop Prefix/Suffix Scanned data is modified according to your data format. If a data format is found for a particular symbol, those prefixes and suffixes are not transmitted. If a data format is not found for that symbol, the prefixes and suffixes are transmitted.

#### Data Format Required, Keep Prefix/Suffix

Scanned data is modified according to your data format, and prefixes and suffixes are transmitted. Any data that does not match your data format requirements generates an error tone and the data in that barcode is not transmitted. If you wish to process this type of barcode without generating an error tone, see Data Format Non-Match Error Tone on page 88.

#### Data Format Required, Drop Prefix/Suffix

Scanned data is modified according to your data format. If a data format is found for a particular symbol, those prefixes and suffixes are not transmitted. Any data that does not match your data format requirements generates an error tone. If you wish to process this type of barcode without generating an error tone, see Data Format Non-Match Error Tone on page 88.

Choose one of the following options. *Default = Data Formatter On, Not Required, Keep Prefix/Suffix.* 



\* Data Formatter On, Not Required, Keep Prefix/Suffix



Data Formatter On, Not Required, Drop Prefix/Suffix





#### **Data Format Non-Match Error Tone**

When a barcode is encountered that doesn't match your required data format, the scanner normally generates an error tone. However, you may want to continue scanning barcodes without hearing the error tone. If you scan the **Data Format**Non-Match Error Tone Off barcode, data that doesn't conform to your data format is not transmitted, and no error tone will sound. If you wish to hear the error tone when a non-matching barcode is found, scan the **Data Format Non-Match Error**Tone On barcode. Default = Data Format Non-Match Error Tone On.





**Primary/Alternate Data Formats** 

You can save up to four data formats, and switch between these formats. Your primary data format is saved under 0. Your other three formats are saved under 1, and 3. To set your device to use one of these formats, scan one of the barcodes below.







**Data Format 2** 



**Data Format 3** 

## **Single Scan Data Format Change**

You can also switch between data formats for a single scan. The next barcode is scanned using an alternate data format, then reverts to the format you have selected above (either Primary, 1, 2, or 3).

For example, you may have set your device to the data format you saved as Data Format 3. You can switch to Data Format 1 for a single read by scanning the **Single Scan-Data Format 1** barcode below. The next barcode that is scanned uses Data Format 1, then reverts back to Data Format 3.



Single Scan-Primary Data Format



Single Scan-Data Format 1



VSAF\_3.
Single Scan-Data Format 3

# 6

## **SYMBOLOGIES**

This programming section contains the following menu selections. Refer to Chapter 11 for settings and defaults.

- All Symbologies
- Aztec Code
- China Post (Hong Kong 2 of 5)
- Chinese Sensible (Han Xin) Code
- Codabar
- Codablock A
- Codablock F
- Code 11
- Code 39
- Code 39 Redundancy
- Code 93
- Code 128
- Coupon GS1 DataBar Output
- Data Matrix
- EAN/JAN-8
- EAN/JAN-13
- GS1 Composite Codes
- GS1 DataBar Expanded
- GS1 DataBar Limited
- GS1 DataBar Omnidirectional
- GS1 Emulation
- GS1-128
- Interleaved 2 of 5

- Korea Post
- Label Code
- MacroPDF417
- Matrix 2 of 5
- MaxiCode
- MicroPDF417
- MSI
- NEC 2 of 5
- PDF417
- Postal Codes 2D
- Postal Codes Linear
- QR Code
- Straight 2 of 5 IATA (two-bar start/ stop)
- Straight 2 of 5 Industrial (three-bar start/stop)
- TCIF Linked Code 39 (TLC39)
- Telepen
- Trioptic Code
- UPC-A
- UPC-A/EAN-13 with Extended Coupon Code
- UPC-E0
- UPC-E1

## **All Symbologies**

For best scanner performance, you should only enable the symbologies that you need. Scan **All Symbologies Off** to disable all symbologies, then enable the symbologies you need by scanning the **On** barcode for each symbology.



## Message Length Description

You are able to set the valid reading length of some of the barcode symbologies. You may wish to set the same value for minimum and maximum length to force the scanner to read fixed length barcode data. This helps reduce the chances of a misread.

**Example:** Decode only those barcodes with a count of 9-20 characters.

Min. length = 09 Max. length = 20

**Example:** Decode only those barcodes with a count of 15 characters.

Min. length = 15 Max. length = 15

For a value other than the minimum and maximum message length defaults, scan the barcodes included in the explanation of the symbology, then scan the digit value of the message length, and the **Save** barcodes on the Programming Chart, beginning on page 239. The minimum and maximum lengths and the defaults are included with the respective symbologies.

## Codabar

<Default All Codabar Settings>



Codabar On/Off





## **Codabar Start/Stop Characters**

Start/Stop characters identify the leading and trailing ends of the barcode. You may either transmit, or not transmit Start/Stop characters. *Default = Don't Transmit*.





\* Don't Transmit

## **Codabar Check Character**

Codabar check characters are created using different "modulos." You can program the scanner to read only Codabar barcodes with Modulo 16 check characters.

Default = No Check Character.

**No Check Character** indicates that the scanner reads and transmits barcode data with or without a check character.

When Check Character is set to **Validate and Transmit**, the scanner will only read Codabar barcodes printed with a check character, and will transmit this character at the end of the scanned data.

When Check Character is set to **Validate, but Don't Transmit**, the unit will only read Codabar barcodes printed *with* a check character, but will not transmit the check character with the scanned data.



\* No Check Character



Validate Modulo 16, but Don't Transmit



#### **Codabar Concatenation**

Codabar supports symbol concatenation. When you enable concatenation, the scanner looks for a Codabar symbol having a "D" start character, adjacent to a symbol having a "D" stop character. In this case the two messages are concatenated into one with the "D" characters omitted.



Select **Require** to prevent the scanner from decoding a single "D" Codabar symbol without its companion. This selection has no effect on Codabar symbols without Stop/Start D characters.

On





## **Codabar Redundancy**

If you are encountering errors when reading Codabar barcodes, you may want to adjust the redundancy count. Redundancy adjusts the number of times a barcode is decoded before transmission, which may reduce the number of errors. Note that the higher the redundancy count, the longer it will take to decode the barcode. To adjust the redundancy, scan the following **Codabar Redundancy** barcode, then scan a redundancy count between 0 and 10 on the Programming Chart, beginning on page 239. Scan **Save**. *Default = 0*.



### **Codabar Message Length**

Scan the barcodes below to change the message length. Refer to Message Length Description on page 92 for additional information. Minimum and Maximum lengths = 2-60. Minimum Default = 4, Maximum Default = 60.



CBRMAX. Maximum Message Length

Code 39

< Default All Code 39 Settings >



#### **Suppress Code 39**

**Note:** It is recommended if you are reading Code 39 barcodes, Codablock A should remain disabled.

The Do Not Suppress Code 39 setting allows you to scan a mix of Code 39 and Codablock A barcodes. Once Codablock A is enabled, scan the **Do Not Suppress Code 39** barcode. *Default = Suppress Code 39*.



\* Suppress Code 39



**Do Not Suppress Code 39** 

Code 39 On/Off





### **Code 39 Start/Stop Characters**

Start/Stop characters identify the leading and trailing ends of the barcode. You may either transmit, or not transmit Start/Stop characters. *Default = Don't Transmit*.





#### **Code 39 Check Character**

**No Check Character** indicates that the scanner reads and transmits barcode data with or without a check character.

When Check Character is set to **Validate, but Don't Transmit**, the unit only reads Code 39 barcodes printed with a check character, but will not transmit the check character with the scanned data.

When Check Character is set to **Validate and Transmit**, the scanner only reads Code 39 barcodes printed with a check character, and will transmit this character at the end of the scanned data. *Default = No Check Character*.







### **Code 39 Message Length**

Scan the barcodes below to change the message length. Refer to Message Length Description on page 92 for additional information. Minimum and Maximum lengths = 0-48. Minimum Default = 0, Maximum Default = 48.





### Code 39 Append

This function allows the scanner to append the data from several Code 39 barcodes together before transmitting them to the host computer. When the scanner encounters a Code 39 barcode with the append trigger character(s), it buffers Code 39 barcodes until it reads a Code 39 barcode that does not have the append trigger. The data is then transmitted in the order in which the barcodes were read (FIFO). *Default = Off.* 





### **Code 39 Redundancy**

If you are encountering errors when reading Code 39 barcodes, you may want to adjust the redundancy count. Redundancy adjusts the number of times a barcode is decoded before transmission, which may reduce the number of errors. Note that the higher the redundancy count, the longer it will take to decode the barcode. To adjust the redundancy, scan the **Code 39 Redundancy** barcode below, then scan a redundancy count between 0 and 10 on the Programming Chart, beginning on page 239. Scan **Save**. *Default = 0*.



#### **Code 32 Pharmaceutical (PARAF)**

Code 32 Pharmaceutical is a form of the Code 39 symbology used by Italian pharmacies. This symbology is also known as PARAF.

**Note:** Trioptic Code (see page 131) must be turned Off while scanning Code 32 Pharmaceutical codes.





#### **Full ASCII**

If Full ASCII Code 39 decoding is enabled, certain character pairs within the barcode symbol will be interpreted as a single character. For example: \$V will be decoded as the ASCII character SYN, and /C will be decoded as the ASCII character #. Default = Off.

Full ASCII Table													
NUL %U	DLE \$P	SP	SPACE	0	0	(a)	%V	Р	Р		%W	р	+P
SOH \$A	DC1 \$Q	!	/A	1	1	А	А	Q	Q	а	+Α	q	+Q
STX \$B	DC2 \$R	"	/B	2	2	В	В	R	R	b	+B	r	+R
ETX \$C	DC3 \$S	#	/C	3	3	С	С	S	S	С	+C	S	+S
EOT \$D	DC4 \$T	\$	/D	4	4	D	D	Т	Τ	d	+D	t	+T
ENQ\$E	NAK \$U	%	/E	5	5	E	Ε	U	U	е	+E	u	+U
ACK \$F	SYN \$V	&	/F	6	6	F	F	V	V	f	+F	V	+V
BEL \$G	ETB \$W	٤	/G	7	7	G	G	W	W	g	+G	W	+W
BS \$H	CAN \$X	(	/H	8	8	Н	Н	Х	Χ	h	+H	×	+X
HT \$I	EM \$Y	)	/I	9	9	1	1	Υ	Υ	i	+	У	+Y
LF \$J	SUB \$Z	*	<b>/</b> J	:	/Z	J	J	Z	Z	j	+J	z	+Z
VT \$K	ESC %A	+	/K	;	%F	K	K	[	%K	k	+K	{	%P
FF \$L	FS %B	,	/L	<	%G	L	L	\	%L	l	+L	ı	%Q
CR \$M	GS %C	-	-	-	%Н	М	М	]	%M	m	+M	}	%R
SO \$N	RS %D			>	%I	Ν	Ν	^	%N	n	+N	~	%S
SI \$O	US %E	/	/0	?	%J	0	0	_	%O	О	+0	DEI	_ %T

Character pairs /M and /N decode as a minus sign and period respectively. Character pairs /P through /Y decode as 0 through 9.



C39ASC1.



\* Full ASCII Off

#### **Code 39 Code Page**

Code pages define the mapping of character codes to characters. If the data received does not display with the proper characters, it may be because the barcode being scanned was created using a code page that is different from the one the host program is expecting. If this is the case, scan the barcode below, select the code page with which the barcodes were created (see ISO 2022/ISO 646 Character Replacements on page 232), and scan the value and the **Save** barcode from the Programming Chart, beginning on page 239. The data characters should then appear properly.



Code 39 Code Page

Interleaved 2 of 5

< Default All Interleaved 2 of 5 Settings >



Interleaved 2 of 5 On/Off



### **Check Digit**

**No Check Digit** indicates that the scanner reads and transmits barcode data with or without a check digit.

When Check Digit is set to **Validate, but Don't Transmit**, the unit only reads Interleaved 2 of 5 barcodes printed with a check digit, but will not transmit the check digit with the scanned data.

When Check Digit is set to **Validate and Transmit**, the scanner only reads Interleaved 2 of 5 barcodes printed with a check digit, and will transmit this digit at the end of the scanned data. *Default* = **No Check Digit**.



\* No Check Digit



125CK22.
Validate and Transmit

### **Interleaved 2 of 5 Redundancy**

If you are encountering errors when reading Interleaved 2 of 5 barcodes, you may want to adjust the redundancy count. Redundancy adjusts the number of times a barcode is decoded before transmission, which may reduce the number of errors. Note that the higher the redundancy count, the longer it will take to decode the barcode. To adjust the redundancy, scan the **Interleaved 2 of 5 Redundancy** barcode below, then scan a redundancy count between 0 and 10 on the **Programming Chart**, beginning on page 239. Scan **Save**. *Default = 0*.



# **Interleaved 2 of 5 Message Length**

Scan the barcodes below to change the message length. Refer to Message Length Description on page 92 for additional information. Minimum and Maximum lengths = 2-80. Minimum Default = 4, Maximum Default = 80.





NEC 2 of 5

< Default All NEC 2 of 5 Settings >



NEC 2 of 5 On/Off





### **Check Digit**

**No Check Digit** indicates that the scanner reads and transmits barcode data with or without a check digit.

When Check Digit is set to **Validate, but Don't Transmit**, the unit only reads NEC 2 of 5 barcodes printed with a check digit, but will not transmit the check digit with the scanned data.

When Check Digit is set to **Validate and Transmit**, the scanner only reads NEC 2 of 5 barcodes printed with a check digit, and will transmit this digit at the end of the scanned data. *Default* = **No Check Digit**.



\* No Check Digit



Validate and Transmit

### **NEC 2 of 5 Message Length**

Scan the barcodes below to change the message length. Refer to Message Length Description on page 92 for additional information. Minimum and Maximum lengths = 2-80. Minimum Default = 4, Maximum Default = 80.



Minimum Message Length

**Maximum Message Length** 

Code 93

< Default All Code 93 Settings >

Code 93 On/Off





### Code 93 Message Length

Scan the barcodes below to change the message length. Refer to Message Length Description on page 92 for additional information. Minimum and Maximum lengths = 0-80. Minimum Default = 0, Maximum Default = 80.





#### **Code 93 Append**

This function allows the scanner to append the data from several Code 93 barcodes together before transmitting them to the host computer. When this function is enabled, the scanner stores those Code 93 barcodes that start with a space (excluding the start and stop symbols), and does not immediately transmit the data. The scanner stores the data in the order in which the barcodes are read, deleting the first space from each. The scanner transmits the appended data when it reads a Code 93 barcode that starts with a character other than a space. *Default = Off.* 





#### **Code 93 Code Page**

Code pages define the mapping of character codes to characters. If the data received does not display with the proper characters, it may be because the barcode being scanned was created using a code page that is different from the one the host program is expecting. If this is the case, scan the barcode below, select the code page with which the barcodes were created (see ISO 2022/ISO 646 Character Replacements on page 232), and scan the value and the **Save** barcode from the Programming Chart, beginning on page 239. The data characters should then appear properly.



Solaris 7980g/7990g User Guide

### Straight 2 of 5 Industrial (three-bar start/stop)

<Default All Straight 2 of 5 Industrial Settings>



### Straight 2 of 5 Industrial On/Off





### Straight 2 of 5 Industrial Message Length

Scan the barcodes below to change the message length. Refer to Message Length Description on page 92 for additional information. Minimum and Maximum lengths = 1-48. Minimum Default = 4, Maximum Default = 48.





### Straight 2 of 5 IATA (two-bar start/stop)

<Default All Straight 2 of 5 IATA Settings>



### Straight 2 of 5 IATA On/Off





### Straight 2 of 5 IATA Redundancy

If you are encountering errors when reading Straight 2 of 5 IATA barcodes, you may want to adjust the redundancy count. Redundancy adjusts the number of times a barcode is decoded before transmission, which may reduce the number of errors. Note that the higher the redundancy count, the longer it will take to decode the barcode. To adjust the redundancy, scan the Straight 2 of 5 IATA Redundancy barcode below, then scan a redundancy count between 0 and 10 on the Programming Chart, beginning on page 239. Then scan the **Save** barcode. *Default = 0*.



Straight 2 of 5 IATA Redundancy

### Straight 2 of 5 IATA Message Length

Scan the barcodes below to change the message length. Refer to Message Length Description on page 92 for additional information. Minimum and Maximum lengths = 1-48. Minimum Default = 4, Maximum Default = 48.



Minimum Message Length



**Maximum Message Length** 

#### Matrix 2 of 5

<Default All Matrix 2 of 5 Settings>



#### Matrix 2 of 5 On/Off





### Matrix 2 of 5 Message Length

Scan the barcodes below to change the message length. Refer to Message Length Description on page 92 for additional information. Minimum and Maximum lengths = 1-80. Minimum Default = 4, Maximum Default = 80.





Code 11

<Default All Code 11 Settings>



#### Code 11 On/Off





### **Check Digits Required**

This option sets whether 1 or 2 check digits are required with Code 11 barcodes. Default = Two Check Digits.





### **Code 11 Message Length**

Scan the barcodes below to change the message length. Refer to Message Length Description on page 92 for additional information. Minimum and Maximum lengths = 1-80. Minimum Default = 4, Maximum Default = 80.





**Code 128** 

<Default All Code 128 Settings>



#### Code 128 On/Off





If you are reading Code 128 barcodes, Codablock F should remain disabled. If you are enabling Codablock F (see Codablock F on page 132), you should disable Code 128.

#### **ISBT 128 Concatenation**

In 1994 the International Society of Blood Transfusion (ISBT) ratified a standard for communicating critical blood information in a uniform manner. The use of ISBT formats requires a paid license. The ISBT 128 Application Specification describes 1) the critical data elements for labeling blood products, 2) the current recommendation to use Code 128 due to its high degree of security and its space-efficient design, 3) a variation of Code 128 that supports concatenation of neighboring symbols, and 4) the standard layout for barcodes on a blood product label. Use the barcodes below to turn concatenation On or Off. *Default =Off.* 





### **Code 128 Redundancy**

If you are encountering errors when reading Code 128 barcodes, you may want to adjust the redundancy count. Redundancy adjusts the number of times a barcode is decoded before transmission, which may reduce the number of errors. Note that the higher the redundancy count, the longer it will take to decode the barcode. To

adjust the redundancy, scan the Code 128 Redundancy barcode below, then scan a redundancy count between 0 and 10 on the Programming Chart, beginning on page 239. Then scan the **Save** barcode. *Default = 0*.



Code 128 Redundancy

### Code 128 Message Length

Scan the barcodes below to change the message length. Refer to Message Length Description on page 92 for additional information. Minimum and Maximum lengths = 0-80. Minimum Default = 0, Maximum Default = 80.





### Code 128 Append

This function allows the scanner to append the data from several Code 128 barcodes together before transmitting them to the host computer. When the scanner encounters a Code 128 barcode with the append trigger character(s), it buffers Code 128 barcodes until it reads a Code 128 barcode that does not have the append trigger. The data is then transmitted in the order in which the barcodes were read (FIFO). Default = Off.





#### Code 128 Code Page

Code pages define the mapping of character codes to characters. If the data received does not display with the proper characters, it may be because the barcode being scanned was created using a code page that is different from the one the host program is expecting. If this is the case, scan the barcode below, select the code page with which the barcodes were created (see ISO 2022/ISO 646 Character Replacements on page 232), and scan the value and the **Save** barcode from the Programming Chart, beginning on page 239. The data characters should then appear properly.



GS1-128

<Default All GS1-128 Settings>



GS1-128 On/Off





# **GS1-128 Message Length**

Scan the barcodes below to change the message length. Refer to Message Length Description on page 92 for additional information. Minimum and Maximum lengths = 1-80. Minimum Default = 1, Maximum Default = 80.





### Telepen

<Default All Telepen Settings>



### Telepen On/Off





### **Telepen Output**

Using **AIM Telepen Output**, the scanner reads symbols with start/stop pattern 1 and decodes them as standard full ASCII (start/stop pattern 1). When **Original Telepen Output** is selected, the scanner reads symbols with start/stop pattern 1 and decodes them as compressed numeric with optional full ASCII (start/stop pattern 2). *Default = AIM Telepen Output*.





### **Telepen Message Length**

Scan the barcodes below to change the message length. Refer to Message Length Description on page 92 for additional information. Minimum and Maximum lengths = 1-60. Minimum Default = 1, Maximum Default = 60.





#### **UPC-A**

<Default All UPC-A Settings>



### **UPC-A On/Off**





Note: To convert UPC-A barcodes to EAN-13, see Convert UPC-A to EAN-13 on page 119.

### **UPC-A Check Digit**

This selection allows you to specify whether the check digit should be transmitted at the end of the scanned data or not. *Default = On*.





### **UPC-A Number System**

The numeric system digit of a U.P.C. symbol is normally transmitted at the beginning of the scanned data, but can be programmed so it is not transmitted (**Off**). Default = On.





#### **UPC-A Addenda**

This selection adds 2 or 5 digits to the end of all scanned UPC-A data. Default = Off for both 2 Digit and 5 Digit Addenda.









### **UPC-A Addenda Required**

When **Required** is scanned, the scanner will only read UPC-A barcodes that have addenda. You must then turn On a 2 or 5 digit addenda listed on page 113. *Default = Not Required*.





#### **Addenda Timeout**

You can set a time during which the scanner looks for an addenda. If an addenda is not found within this time period, the data can be either transmitted or discarded, based on the setting you are using for UPC-A Addenda Required. Set the length (in milliseconds) for this timeout by scanning the barcode below, then setting the timeout (from 0-500 milliseconds) by scanning digits from the Programming Chart, beginning on page 239, and then **Save**. *Default = 120*.

**Note:** The Addenda Timeout setting is applied to all addenda and coupon code searches.



### **UPC-A Addenda Separator**

When this feature is  $\mathbf{On}$ , there is a space between the data from the barcode and the data from the addenda. When turned  $\mathbf{Off}$ , there is no space. Default = On.





# **UPC-A/EAN-13** with Extended Coupon Code

Use the following codes to enable or disable UPC-A and EAN-13 with Extended Coupon Code. When left On the default setting (**Off**), the scanner treats Coupon Codes and Extended Coupon Codes as single barcodes.

If you scan the **Allow Concatenation** code, when the scanner sees the coupon code and the extended coupon code in a single scan, it transmits both as one symbologies. Otherwise, it transmits the first coupon code it reads.

If you scan the **Require Concatenation** code, the scanner must see and read the coupon code and extended coupon code in a single read to transmit the data. No data is output unless both codes are read. *Default = Off.* 







### **Coupon GS1 DataBar Output**

If you scan coupons that have both UPC and GS1 DataBarcodes, you may wish to scan and output only the data from the GS1 DataBarcode. Scan the **GS1 Output On** code below to scan and output only the GS1 DataBarcode data. Default = GS1 Output Off.





**UPC-EO** 

<Default All UPC-E Settings>



#### UPC-E0 On/Off

Most U.P.C. barcodes lead with the 0 number system. To read these codes, use the **UPC-EO On** selection. If you need to read codes that lead with the 1 number system, use UPC-E1 (see page 118). Default = On.





### **UPC-E0 Expand**

UPC-E Expand expands the UPC-E code to the 12 digit, UPC-A format. Default = Off.





### **UPC-EO Addenda Required**

When **Required** is scanned, the scanner will only read UPC-E barcodes that have addenda. *Default = Not Required*.





#### **Addenda Timeout**

You can set a time during which the scanner looks for an addenda. If an addenda is not found within this time period, the data can be either transmitted or discarded, based on the setting you are using for UPC-EO Addenda Required. Set the length (in milliseconds) for this timeout by scanning the barcode below, then setting the timeout (from 0-500 milliseconds) by scanning digits from the Programming Chart, beginning on page 239, and then **Save**. *Default = 120*.

**Note:** The Addenda Timeout setting is applied to all addenda and coupon code searches.



### **UPC-EO Addenda Separator**

When this feature is  $\mathbf{On}$ , there is a space between the data from the barcode and the data from the addenda. When turned  $\mathbf{Off}$ , there is no space. Default = On.





### **UPC-EO Check Digit**

Check Digit specifies whether the check digit should be transmitted at the end of the scanned data or not. *Default = On.* 





### **UPC-EO Leading Zero**

This feature allows the transmission of a leading zero (0) at the beginning of scanned data. To prevent transmission, scan **Off**. *Default = On*.





#### **UPC-EO Addenda**

This selection adds 2 or 5 digits to the end of all scanned UPC-E data. Default = Off for both 2 Digit and 5 Digit Addenda.









#### UPC-E1

Most U.P.C. barcodes lead with the 0 number system. For these codes, use UPC-E0 (see page 115). If you need to read codes that lead with the 1 number system, use the **UPC-E1 On** selection. *Default = Off.* 





#### EAN/JAN-13

<Default All EAN/JAN Settings>



EAN/JAN-13 On/Off





#### Off

### **Convert UPC-A to EAN-13**

When **UPC-A Converted to EAN-13** is selected, UPC-A barcodes are converted to 13 digit EAN-13 codes by adding a zero to the front. When **Do not Convert UPC-A** is selected, UPC-A codes are read as UPC-A.





# EAN/JAN-13 Check Digit

This selection allows you to specify whether the check digit should be transmitted at the end of the scanned data or not. Default = On.





#### EAN/JAN-13 Addenda

This selection adds 2 or 5 digits to the end of all scanned EAN/JAN-13 data. Default = Off for both 2 Digit and 5 Digit Addenda.





\* 2 Digit Addenda Off





### EAN/JAN-13 Addenda Required

When Required is scanned, the scanner will only read EAN/JAN-13 barcodes that have addenda. Default = Not Required.





\* Not Required

### EAN-13 Beginning with 290 Addenda Required

This setting programs the scanner to require a 5 digit addenda on EAN-13 barcodes that begin with "290." The following settings can be programmed:

**Require 5 Digit Addenda**: All EAN-13 barcodes that begin with a "290" must have a 5 digit addendum. The EAN-13 barcode with the 5 digit addendum is then transmitted as a single, concatenated barcode. If a 5 digit addendum is not found within the Addenda Timeout period, the EAN-13 barcode is discarded.

**Don't Require 5 Digit Addenda**: If you have selected **Require 5 Digit Addenda** and you want to disable this feature, scan **Don't Require 5 Digit Addenda**. EAN-13 barcodes are transmitted, depending on the setting you are using for EAN/JAN-13 Addenda Required.

Default = Don't Require 5 Digit Addenda.



\* Don't Require5 Digit Addenda



Require 5 Digit Addenda

### EAN-13 Beginning with 378/379 Addenda Required

This setting programs the scanner to require any combination of a 2 digit addenda or a 5 digit addenda on EAN-13 barcodes that begin with a "378" or "379." The following settings can be programmed:

**Require Addenda**: All EAN-13 barcodes that begin with a "378" or "379" must have a 2 digit addenda, a 5 digit addenda, or a combination of these addenda. The EAN-13 barcode with the addenda is then transmitted as a single, concatenated barcode. If the required addenda is not found within the Addenda Timeout period, the EAN-13 barcode is discarded.

**Don't Require Addenda**: If you have selected Require Addenda, and you want to disable this feature, scan **Don't Require Addenda**. EAN-13 barcodes are transmitted depending on the setting you are using for EAN/JAN-13 Addenda Required.

Default = Don't Require Addenda.



\* Don't Require Addenda







Require 2 or 5 Digit Addenda

### EAN-13 Beginning with 414/419 Addenda Required

This setting programs the scanner to require any combination of a 2 digit addenda or a 5 digit addenda on EAN-13 barcodes that begin with a "414" or "419." The following settings can be programmed:

**Require Addenda**: All EAN-13 barcodes that begin with a "414" or "419" must have a 2 digit addenda, a 5 digit addenda, or a combination of these addenda. The EAN-13 barcode with the addenda is then transmitted as a single, concatenated barcode. If the required addenda is not found within the Addenda Timeout period, the EAN-13 barcode is discarded.

**Don't Require Addenda**: If you have selected Require Addenda, and you want to disable this feature, scan **Don't Require Addenda**. EAN-13 barcodes are transmitted, depending on the setting you are using for EAN/JAN-13 Addenda Required.

Default = Don't Require Addenda.



\* Don't Require Addenda



Require 2 Digit Addenda





Require 2 or 5 Digit Addenda

### EAN-13 Beginning with 977 Addenda Required

This setting programs the scanner to require a 2 digit addenda only on EAN-13 barcodes that begin with "977." The following settings can be programmed:

**Require 2 Digit Addenda**: All EAN-13 barcodes that begin with "977" must have a 2 digit addendum. The EAN-13 barcode with the 2 digit addendum is then transmitted as a single, concatenated barcode. If a 2 digit addendum is not found within the Addenda Timeout period, the EAN-13 barcode is discarded.

**Don't Require 2 Digit Addenda**: If you have selected Require 2 Digit Addenda, and you want to disable this feature, scan **Don't Require 2 Digit Addenda**. EAN-13 barcodes are transmitted, depending on the setting you are using for EAN/JAN-13 Addenda Required.

Default = Don't Require 2 Digit Addenda.



\* Don't Require 2 Digit Addenda



Require 2 Digit Addenda

### EAN-13 Beginning with 978 Addenda Required

These settings program the scanner to require a 5 digit addenda only on EAN-13 barcodes that begin with "978." The following settings can be programmed:

**Require 5 Digit Addenda**: All EAN-13 barcodes that begin with "978" must have a 5 digit addendum. The EAN-13 barcode with the 5 digit addendum is then transmitted as a single, concatenated barcode. If a 5 digit addendum is not found within the Addenda Timeout period, the EAN-13 barcode is discarded.

**Don't Require 5 Digit Addenda**: If you have selected Require 5 Digit Addenda, and you want to disable this feature, scan **Don't Require 5 Digit Addenda**. EAN-13 barcodes are transmitted, depending on the setting you are using for EAN/JAN-13 Addenda Required.

Default = Don't Require 5 Digit Addenda.



\* Don't Require 5 Digit Addenda



### EAN-13 Beginning with 979 Addenda Required

These settings program the scanner to require a 5 digit addenda only on EAN-13 barcodes that begin with "979." The following settings can be programmed:

**Require 5 Digit Addenda**: All EAN-13 barcodes that begin with "979" must have a 5 digit addendum. The EAN-13 barcode with the 5 digit addendum is then transmitted as a single, concatenated barcode. If a 5 digit addendum is not found within the Addenda Timeout period, the EAN-13 barcode is discarded.

**Don't Require 5 Digit Addenda**: If you have selected Require 5 Digit Addenda, and you want to disable this feature, scan **Don't Require 5 Digit Addenda**. EAN-13 barcodes are transmitted, depending on the setting you are using for EAN/JAN-13 Addenda Required.

Default = Don't Require 5 Digit Addenda.



\* Don't Require 5 Digit Addenda



Require 5 Digit Addenda

#### **Addenda Timeout**

You can set a time during which the scanner looks for an addenda. If an addenda is not found within this time period, the data can be either transmitted or discarded, based on the setting you are using for EAN/JAN-13 Addenda Required. Set the length (in milliseconds) for this timeout by scanning the barcode below, then setting the timeout (from 0-500 milliseconds) by scanning digits from the Programming Chart, beginning on page 239, and then **Save**. *Default = 120*.

**Note:** The Addenda Timeout setting is applied to all addenda and coupon code searches.



### EAN/JAN-13 Addenda Separator

When this feature is  $\mathbf{On}$ , there is a space between the data from the barcode and the data from the addenda. When turned  $\mathbf{Off}$ , there is no space. Default = On.





**Note:** If you want to enable or disable EAN13 with Extended Coupon Code, refer to UPC-A/EAN-13 with Extended Coupon Code on page 114.

#### **ISBN Translate**

When **On** is scanned, EAN-13 Bookland symbols are translated into their equivalent ISBN number format. *Default = Off.* 





EAN/JAN-8

<Default All EAN/JAN-8 Settings>



EAN/JAN-8 On/Off





### **EAN/JAN-8 Check Digit**

This selection allows you to specify whether the check digit should be transmitted at the end of the scanned data or not. *Default = On*.





### EAN/JAN-8 Addenda

This selection adds 2 or 5 digits to the end of all scanned EAN/JAN-8 data. Default = Off for both 2 Digit and 5 Digit Addenda.









### EAN/JAN-8 Addenda Required

When **Required** is scanned, the scanner will only read EAN/JAN-8 barcodes that have addenda. *Default = Not Required*.





\* Not Required

#### Addenda Timeout

You can set a time during which the scanner looks for an addenda. If an addenda is not found within this time period, the data can be either transmitted or discarded, based on the setting you are using for EAN/JAN-8 Addenda Required. Set the length (in milliseconds) for this timeout by scanning the barcode below, then setting the timeout (from 0-500 milliseconds) by scanning digits from the Programming Chart, beginning on page 239, and then **Save**. *Default = 120*.

**Note:** The Addenda Timeout setting is applied to all addenda and coupon code searches.



### EAN/JAN-8 Addenda Separator

When this feature is  $\mathbf{On}$ , there is a space between the data from the barcode and the data from the addenda. When turned  $\mathbf{Off}$ , there is no space. Default = On.





<Default All MSI Settings>



#### MSI On/Off





#### **MSI Check Character**

Different types of check characters are used with MSI barcodes. You can program the scanner to read MSI barcodes with Type 10 check characters. *Default = Validate Type 10*, but Don't Transmit.

When Check Character is set to **Validate Type 10/11 and Transmit**, the scanner will only read MSI barcodes printed with the specified type check character(s), and will transmit the character(s) at the end of the scanned data.

When Check Character is set to **Validate Type 10/11**, **but Don't Transmit**, the unit will only read MSI barcodes printed with the specified type check character(s), but will not transmit the check character(s) with the scanned data.



\* Validate Type 10, but Don't Transmit



MSICHK2.

Validate 2 Type 10 Characters, but Don't Transmit



Validate 2 Type 10 Characters and Transmit







**Disable MSI Check Characters** 

### **MSI** Message Length

Scan the barcodes below to change the message length. Refer to Message Length Description on page 92 for additional information. Minimum and Maximum lengths = 4-48. Minimum Default = 4, Maximum Default = 48.





#### **GS1 DataBar Omnidirectional**

< Default All GS1 DataBar Omnidirectional Settings >



GS1 DataBar Omnidirectional On/Off





### **GS1** DataBar Limited

< Default All GS1 DataBar Limited Settings >



### GS1 DataBar Limited On/Off





### **GS1** DataBar Expanded

< Default All GS1 DataBar Expanded Settings >



## GS1 DataBar Expanded On/Off





# **GS1** DataBar Expanded Message Length

Scan the barcodes below to change the message length. Refer to Message Length Description on page 92 for additional information. Minimum and Maximum lengths = 4-74. Minimum Default = 4, Maximum Default = 74.





# **Trioptic Code**

**Note:** If you are going to scan Code 32 Pharmaceutical codes (see page 97), Trioptic Code must be Off.

Trioptic Code is used for labeling magnetic storage media.





### Codablock A

<Default All Codablock A Settings>



Codablock A On/Off





If you are reading Code 39 barcodes, Codablock A should remain disabled. If you are enabling Codablock A, you should disable Code 39 (see Code 39 on page 95).

# **Codablock A Message Length**

Scan the barcodes below to change the message length. Refer to Message Length Description on page 92 for additional information. Minimum and Maximum lengths = 1-600. Minimum Default = 1, Maximum Default = 600.



Minimum Message Length



**Maximum Message Length** 

## Codablock F

<Default All Codablock F Settings>



Codablock F On/Off





# **Codablock F Message Length**

Scan the barcodes below to change the message length. Refer to Message Length Description on page 92 for additional information. Minimum and Maximum lengths = 1-2048. Minimum Default = 1, Maximum Default = 2048.





## **Label Code**

The standard Label Code is used in libraries. Default = Off.





**PDF417** 

< Default All PDF417 Settings >



PDF417 On/Off





# PDF417 Message Length

Scan the barcodes below to change the message length. Refer to Message Length Description on page 92 for additional information. Minimum and Maximum lengths = 1-2750. Minimum Default = 1, Maximum Default = 2750.





## MacroPDF417

MacroPDF417 is an implementation of PDF417 capable of encoding very large amounts of data into multiple PDF417 barcodes. When this selection is enabled, these multiple barcodes are assembled into a single data string. *Default = On*.





MicroPDF417

< Default All MicroPDF417 Settings >



## MicroPDF417 On/Off





# MicroPDF417 Message Length

Scan the barcodes below to change the message length. Refer to Message Length Description on page 92 for additional information. Minimum and Maximum lengths = 1-366. Minimum Default = 1, Maximum Default = 366.





# **GS1** Composite Codes

Linear codes are combined with a unique 2D composite component to form a new class called GS1 Composite symbology. GS1 Composite symbologies allow for the co-existence of symbologies already in use. *Default = Off.* 





#### **UPC/EAN Version**

Scan the **UPC/EAN Version On** barcode to decode GS1 Composite symbols that have a U.P.C. or an EAN linear component. (This does not affect GS1 Composite symbols with a GS1-128 or GS1 linear component.) *Default = UPC/EAN Version Off.* 





**Note:** If you scan coupons that have both UPC and GS1 Data Barcodes, you may wish to scan and output only the data from the GS1 Data Barcode. See Coupon GS1 DataBar Output (see page 115) for further information.

# **GS1** Composite Code Message Length

Scan the barcodes below to change the message length. Refer to Message Length Description on page 92 for additional information. Minimum and Maximum lengths = 1-2435. Minimum Default = 1, Maximum Default = 2435.





## **GS1** Emulation

The scanner can automatically format the output from any GS1 data carrier to emulate what would be encoded in an equivalent GS1-128 or GS1 DataBar symbol. GS1 data carriers include UPC-A and UPC-E, EAN-13 and EAN-8, ITF-14, GS1-128, and GS1-128 DataBar and GS1 Composites. (Any application that accepts GS1 data can be simplified since it only needs to recognize one data carrier type.)

If **GS1-128 Emulation** is scanned, all retail codes (U.P.C., UPC-E, EAN8, EAN13) are expanded out to 16 digits. If the AIM ID is enabled, the value will be the GS1-128 AIM ID, ]C1 (see Symbology Charts on page 225).

If **GS1 DataBar Emulation** is scanned, all retail codes (U.P.C., UPC-E, EAN8, EAN13) are expanded out to 16 digits. If the AIM ID is enabled, the value will be the GS1-DataBar AIM ID, ]em (see Symbology Charts on page 225).

If **GS1 Code Expansion Off** is scanned, retail code expansion is disabled, and UPC-E expansion is controlled by the UPC-EO Expand (see page 116) setting. If the AIM ID is enabled, the value will be the GS1-128 AIM ID, ]C1 (see Symbology Charts on page 225).

If **EAN8 to EAN13 Conversion** is scanned, all EAN8 barcodes are converted to EAN13 format.

Default = GS1 Emulation Off.



GS1-128 Emulation



GS1 DataBar Emulation







# TCIF Linked Code 39 (TLC39)

This code is a composite code since it has a Code 39 linear component and a MicroPDF417 stacked code component. All barcode readers are capable of reading the Code 39 linear component. The MicroPDF417 component can only be decoded if TLC39 **On** is selected. The linear component may be decoded as Code 39 even if TLC39 is Off. *Default = Off.* 





## **QR** Code

< Default All QR Code Settings >



# QR Code On/Off

This selection applies to both QR Code and Micro QR Code.





# **QR Code Message Length**

Scan the barcodes below to change the message length. Refer to Message Length Description on page 92 for additional information. Minimum and Maximum lengths = 1-7089. Minimum Default = 1, Maximum Default = 7089.





# **QR Code Append**

This function allows the scanner to append the data from several QR Code barcodes together before transmitting them to the host computer. When the scanner encounters a QR Code barcode with the append trigger character(s), it buffers the number of QR Code barcodes determined by information encoded in those barcodes. Once the proper number of codes is reached, the data is output in the order specified in the barcodes. There are 3 ways to scan appended QR Code:

**One Scan**: Pull the trigger one time and all appended QR Codes in the same image are decoded

**Swipe**: Pull and hold down the trigger and scan all appended QR Codes while keeping the trigger pressed. The scanner emits short beeps for each partial QR Code that is scanned and buffered. One long beep is emitted after the last QR Code is scanned and the data is complete. Not compatible with Presentation mode.

**Point and Shoot**: Pull the trigger one time for each image. The scanner emits a short beep for each partial QR Code that is scanned and buffered. One long beep is emitted after the last QR Code is scanned and the data is complete. Not compatible with Presentation mode.

Default = One Scan.



\* One Scan



QRCAPP3.
Point and Shoot



### **QR Code Page**

QR Code pages define the mapping of character codes to characters. If the data received does not display with the proper characters, it may be because the barcode being scanned was created using a code page that is different from the one the host program is expecting. If this is the case, scan the barcode below, select the code page with which the barcodes were created (see ISO 2022/ISO 646 Character Replacements on page 232), and scan the value and the **Save** barcode from the Programming Chart, beginning on page 239. The data characters should then appear properly.



### **Data Matrix**

< Default All Data Matrix Settings >



## Data Matrix On/Off





# **Data Matrix Message Length**

Scan the barcodes below to change the message length. Refer to Message Length Description on page 92 for additional information. Minimum and Maximum lengths = 1-3116. Minimum Default = 1, Maximum Default = 3116.





# **Data Matrix Append**

This function allows the scanner to append the data from several Data Matrix barcodes together before transmitting them to the host computer. When the scanner encounters an Data Matrix barcode with the append trigger character(s), it buffers the number of Data Matrix barcodes determined by information encoded in those barcodes. Once the proper number of codes is reached, the data is output in the order specified in the barcodes. *Default = On.* 





## **Data Matrix Code Page**

Data Matrix Code pages define the mapping of character codes to characters. If the data received does not display with the proper characters, it may be because the barcode being scanned was created using a code page that is different from the one the host program is expecting. If this is the case, scan the barcode below, select the code page with which the barcodes were created (see ISO 2022/ISO 646 Character Replacements on page 232), and scan the value and the **Save** barcode from the Programming Chart, beginning on page 239. The data characters should then appear properly.



**MaxiCode** 

< Default All MaxiCode Settings >



MaxiCode On/Off





# MaxiCode Message Length

Scan the barcodes below to change the message length. Refer to Message Length Description on page 92 for additional information. Minimum and Maximum lengths = 1-150. Minimum Default = 1, Maximum Default = 150.



**Minimum Message Length** 



**Aztec Code** 

< Default All Aztec Code Settings >



Aztec Code On/Off





# **Aztec Code Message Length**

Scan the barcodes below to change the message length. Refer to Message Length Description on page 92 for additional information. Minimum and Maximum lengths = 1-3832. Minimum Default = 1, Maximum Default = 3832.





## **Aztec Append**

This function allows the scanner to append the data from several Aztec barcodes together before transmitting them to the host computer. When the scanner encounters an Aztec barcode with the append trigger character(s), it buffers the number of Aztec barcodes determined by information encoded in those barcodes. Once the proper number of codes is reached, the data is output in the order specified in the barcodes. *Default = On*.





## **Aztec Code Page**

Aztec Code pages define the mapping of character codes to characters. If the data received does not display with the proper characters, it may be because the barcode being scanned was created using a code page that is different from the one the host program is expecting. If this is the case, scan the barcode below, select the code page with which the barcodes were created (see ISO 2022/ISO 646 Character Replacements on page 232), and scan the value and the **Save** barcode from the Programming Chart, beginning on page 239. The data characters should then appear properly.



# Chinese Sensible (Han Xin) Code

< Default All Han Xin Settings >



## Han Xin Code On/Off





# Han Xin Code Message Length

Scan the barcodes below to change the message length. Refer to Message Length Description on page 92 for additional information. Minimum and Maximum lengths = 1-7833. Minimum Default = 1, Maximum Default = 7833.





## Postal Codes - 2D

The following lists the possible 2D postal codes and 2D postal code combinations that are allowed. Only one 2D postal code selection can be active at a time. If you scan a second 2D postal code selection, the first selection is overwritten. *Default = 2D Postal Codes Off.* 



## **Single 2D Postal Codes:**





**British Post On** 



**Canadian Post On** 



Intelligent Mail Barcode On







Planet Code On Also see Planet





POSTAL9. Postal-4i On



**Postnet On** Also see Postnet



InfoMail On

Postnet with B and B' Fields On

#### **Combination 2D Postal Codes:**



InfoMail and British



Postnet and Postal-4i On

















PUSTAL21.
Planet Code,
Postnet, and
Postal-4i On



POSTAL22.

Planet Code, Postnet, and Intelligent Mail Barcode On



POSTAL23.
Planet Code,
Postal-4i, and
Intelligent Mail Barcode On



POSTAL24

Postnet, Postal-4i, and Intelligent Mail Barcode On



POSTAL25

Planet Code, Postal-4i, and Postnet with B and B' Fields On



POSTAL26

Planet Code, Intelligent Mail Barcode, and Postnet with B and B' Fields On



POSTAL27.

Postal-4i, Intelligent Mail Barcode, and Postnet with B and B' Fields On



POSTAL28

Planet Code, Postal-4i, Intelligent Mail Barcode, and Postnet On



POSTAL29.

Planet Code, Postal-4i, Intelligent Mail Barcode, and Postnet with B and B' Fields On

# **Planet Code Check Digit**

This selection allows you to specify whether the check digit should be transmitted at the end of Planet Code data. *Default = Don't Transmit*.



PLNCKX0.

\* Don't Transmit Check Digit

# **Postnet Check Digit**

This selection allows you to specify whether the check digit should be transmitted at the end of Postnet data. *Default = Don't Transmit*.





\* Don't Transmit Check Digit

# **Australian Post Interpretation**

This option controls what interpretation is applied to customer fields in Australian 4-State symbols.

Bar Output lists the bar patterns in "0123" format.

**Numeric N Table** causes that field to be interpreted as numeric data using the N Table.

**Alphanumeric C Table** causes the field to be interpreted as alphanumeric data using the C Table. Refer to the Australian Post Specification Tables.

**Combination C and N Tables** causes the field to be interpreted using either the C or N Tables.



\* Bar Output







**Combination C and N Tables** 

## **Postal Codes - Linear**

The following lists linear postal codes. Any combination of linear postal code selections can be active at a time.

## **China Post (Hong Kong 2 of 5)**

<Default All China Post (Hong Kong 2 of 5) Settings>



China Post (Hong Kong 2 of 5) On/Off





#### **China Post (Hong Kong 2 of 5) Message Length**

Scan the barcodes below to change the message length. Refer to Message Length Description on page 92 for additional information. Minimum and Maximum lengths = 2-80. Minimum Default = 4, Maximum Default = 80.





#### **Korea Post**

<Default All Korea Post Settings>



#### **Korea Post**





## **Korea Post Message Length**

Scan the barcodes below to change the message length. Refer to Message Length Description on page 92 for additional information. Minimum and Maximum lengths = 2-80. Minimum Default = 4, Maximum Default = 48.





#### **Korea Post Check Digit**

This selection allows you to specify whether the check digit should be transmitted. Default = Don't Transmit.





\* Don't Transmit Check Digit

# 7

## **EAS SETTINGS**

## **EAS Considerations**

Do not install any large iron fixtures, such as steel support poles, near the Solaris 7980g/7990g. Doing so may re-shape the EAS tag deactivation field.

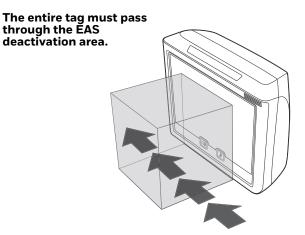
**Note:** The 7890GEL and 7990GEL do not support the EAS interface.

## **EAS Deactivation**

The Solaris 7980g/7990g supports deactivation of Checkpoint and Sensormatic/ Tyco EAS tags. The following illustration shows the location of the EAS deactivation area. It is important to pass the entire tag through this area to deactivate the security tag.

**Note:** Do not store tags within 18.0 in (45.7cm) of the Solaris 7980g/7990g. Tags stored closer than 18.0 in (45.7cm) may be unintentionally deactivated. This area also includes storage areas located under the Solaris 7980g/7990g.

#### **EAS Deactivation Zone**



## **EAS Deactivation Range**

Scan the barcode below to set the 1D barcode depth of field within the EAS Deactivation range.

**Note:** The minimum element width changes to 6.8 mil when in EAS Deactivation Range mode.



**EAS Deactivation Range** 

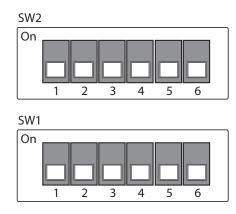
## **Sensormatic**

Contact Tyco for further information about Sensormatic installation and configuration.

# Checkpoint

## **EAS Controller Settings**

The following switch settings for a Checkpoint Counterpoint IX controller can be used as a starting point, however, these settings should be tuned according to your particular installation.



## **EAS Controller**

Scan one of the following barcodes to select the EAS system that is attached to the scanner. *Default = Off.* 







# **EAS Mode of Operation**

Scan one of the following barcodes to select the EAS mode you wish to use.

When **Interlocked** is selected, EAS tag deactivation is interlocked with barcode scanning and transmission. When using Interlocked, you must set the timeout (see below).

When **Continuous on Enable** is selected, EAS tag deactivation is On all the time.

Default = Interlocked.



EASMOD1.

Continuous on Enable

#### **EAS Interlocked Duration Timeout**

When using the Interlocked EAS Mode of Operation, you must set the lag time between when a barcode is read and when the EAS tag is deactivated. Use this selection to set this timeout (in milliseconds). After scanning the **EAS Interlocked Duration Timeout** barcode, set the timeout duration (from 1-5000 milliseconds) by scanning digits on the Programming Chart, beginning on page 239, then scanning **Save**. Default = 100 ms, which is 0.1 second.

EASTIM

EAS Interlocked Duration Timeout

# 8

# PROGRAM AN AUXILIARY SCANNER

### Introduction

This chapter describes how to program auxiliary scanners that will be connected to the Solaris scanner.

**Note:** We recommend using Honeywell hand-held scanners. Non-Honeywell, or third party,

scanners may not work with the Solaris 7980g or Solaris 7990g.

**Note:** The 7980GEL and 7990GEL do not support an Auxiliary Scanner.

# **Connect by USB Serial**

The Solaris 7980g/7990g auxiliary port supports Honeywell hand-held scanners with a menu system. Scan the following code to configure the Honeywell hand-held scanner for the auxiliary port:



No extra configuration (e.g., baud rate) is necessary.

**Note:** Once the auxiliary scanner is configured for USB Serial, do not scan any configuration codes with the auxiliary scanner.

## **Connect by USB Keyboard**

The Solaris 7980g auxiliary port supports Honeywell or third party hand-held scanners that support a USB Keyboard interface.

**Note:** A USB keyboard interface in not supported on the Solaris 7990g.

Follow the steps below to configure the auxiliary scanner. Contact the nearest technical support office (see Technical Assistance on page xiii) for further information.

- 1. Configure the scanner to USB Keyboard interface.
- 2. Configure the scanner to output AIM I.D.
- 3. Configure the scanner to output CR Suffix.
- 4. Set the Keyboard Country Layout to U.S.A.

**Note:** Once the auxiliary scanner is configured for USB Keyboard, do not scan any configuration codes with the auxiliary scanner.

# 9

## **IMAGING COMMANDS**

The scanner is like a digital camera in the way it captures, manipulates, and transfers images. The following commands allow you to alter the way the scanner performs these functions.

**Note:** You must set the scanner a Serial Trigger Mode (see page 41) in order to take images.

# Single-Use Basis

Imaging Commands with their modifiers send instructions to the scanner on a single-use basis, and take effect for a single image capture. Once that capture is complete, the scanner reverts to its imaging default settings. If you want to permanently change a setting, you must use the serial default commands (see Serial Programming Commands, beginning on page 185). When the serial default command is used, that selection becomes the new, permanent setting for the scanner.

## **Command Syntax**

Multiple modifiers and commands can be issued within one sequence. If additional modifiers are to be applied to the same command, just add the modifiers to that command. For example, to add 2 modifiers to the Image Snap command, such as setting the Imaging Style to 1P and the Wait for Trigger to 1T, you would enter IMGSNP1P1T.

**Note:** After processing an image capture command (IMGSNP or IMGBOX), you must follow it with an IMGSHP command if you want to see it on your terminal.

To add a command to a sequence, each new command is separated with a semicolon. For example, to add the Image Ship command to the above sequence, you would enter IMGSNP1P1T;IMGSHP.

The imaging commands are:

Image Snap - IMGSNP (page 160)

Image Ship - IMGSHP (page 164)

Intelligent Signature Capture - IMGBOX (page 173)

The modifiers for each of these commands follow the command description.

**Note:** The images included with each command description are examples only. The results you achieve may be different from those included in this manual. The quality of the output you receive will vary depending on lighting, quality of the initial image/object being captured, and distance of the scanner from the image/object. To achieve a high quality image, it is recommended that you position your scanner 4-6" (10.2-15.2 cm) away from the image/object you are capturing.

# Step 1 - Take a Picture Using IMGSNP

# **Image Snap - IMGSNP**

An image is taken whenever the hardware trigger is pressed, or when the Image Snap (IMGSNP) command is processed.

The image snap command has many different modifiers that can be used to change the look of the image in memory. Any number of modifiers may be appended to the IMGSNP command.

**Example:** You can use the following command to snap an image, increase the gain, and have the beeper sound once the snap is complete: **IMGSNP2G1B** 

#### **IMGSNP Modifiers**

#### P - Imaging Style

This sets the Image Snap style.

- OP **Decoding Style.** This processing allows a few frames to be taken until the exposure parameters are met. The last frame is then available for further use.
- 1P **Photo Style (default)**. This mimics a simple digital camera, and results in a visually optimized image.
- 2P **Manual Style**. This is an advanced style that should only be used by an experienced user. It allows you the most freedom to set up the scanner, and has no auto-exposure.

#### **B** - Beeper

Causes a beep to sound after an image is snapped.

- OB No beep (default)
- 1B Sounds a beep when the image is captured.

#### **T - Wait for Trigger**

Waits for a hardware trigger press before taking the image. This is only available when using Photo Style (1P).

- OT Takes image immediately (default)
- 1T Waits for a trigger press, then takes the image

#### L - LED State

Determines if the LEDs should be On or Off, and when. Ambient illumination (OL) is preferred for taking pictures of color documents, such as ID cards, especially when the scanner is in a stand. LED illumination (1L) is preferred when the scanner is handheld. LED State is not available when using Decoding Style (OP).

- OL LEDs Off (default)
- 1L LEDs On

#### **E - Exposure**

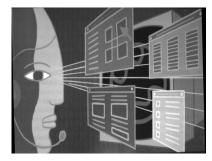
Exposure is used in Manual Style only (2P), and allows you to set the exposure time. This is similar to setting a shutter speed on a camera. The exposure time determines how long the scanner takes to record an image. On a bright day,

exposure times can be very short because plenty of light is available to help record an image. At nighttime, exposure time can increase dramatically due to the near absence of light.

Solaris 7980g	Units are 127 microseconds. ( <i>Default = 7874</i> )  nE Range: 1 - 7874
Solaris 7990g	Units are microseconds. (Default = 17000)  nE Range: 1 - 17000

#### Example:

Exposure at 7874E with fluorescent lighting:



Exposure at 100E with fluorescent lighting:



#### G - Gain

Gain is used in Manual Style only (2P). Like a volume control, the gain modifier boosts the signal and multiplies the pixel value. As you increase the gain, the noise in an image is also amplified.

- 1G No gain (Solaris 7980g default)
- 2G Medium gain (Solaris 7990g default)
- 4G Heavy gain
- 8G Maximum gain

#### Example:

Gain at 1G:



Gain at 4G:



Gain at 8G:



#### W - Target White Value

Sets the target for the median grayscale value in the captured image. For capturing close-up images of high contrast documents, a lower setting, such as 75, is recommended. Higher settings result in longer exposure times and brighter images, but if the setting is too high, the image may be overexposed. Target White Value is only available when using Photo Style (1P). (Default = 125)

*n*W Range: 0 - 255

**Example:** White Value at 75W:







#### **D** - Delta for Acceptance

This sets the allowable range for the white value setting (see W - Target White Value). Delta is only available when using Photo Style (1P). (Default = 25)

*n*D Range: 0 - 255

#### **U - Update Tries**

This sets the maximum number of frames the scanner should take to reach the D-Delta for Acceptance. Update Tries is only available when using Photo Style (1P). (Default = 6)

*n*U Range: 0 - 10

#### % - Target Set Point Percentage

Sets the target point for the light and dark values in the captured image. A setting of 75% means 75% of the pixels are at or below the target white value, and 25% of the pixels are above the target white value. Altering this setting from the default is not recommended under normal circumstances. To alter grayscale values, W - Target White Value should be used. (Default = 50)

n% Range: 1 - 99

Example: Target Set Point Percentage at 97%:

Target Set Point Percentage at 50%:

Target Set Point Percentage at 40%:

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# Step 2 - Ship a Picture Using IMGSHP

# **Image Ship - IMGSHP**

An image is taken whenever the trigger is pressed or when the Image Snap (IMGSNP) command is processed. The last image is always stored in memory. You can "ship" the image by using the IMGSHP command.

The image ship commands have many different modifiers that can be used to change the look of the image output. Modifiers affect the image that is transmitted, but do not affect the image in memory. Any number of modifiers may be appended to the IMGSHP command.

**Example:** You can use the following command to snap and ship a bitmap image with gamma correction and document image filtering: IMGSNP;IMGSHP8F75K26U

#### **IMGSHP Modifiers**

#### A - Infinity Filter

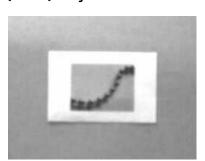
Enhances pictures taken from very long distances (greater than 10 feet or 3m). The Infinity Filter should not be used with IMGSNP Modifiers (see page 160).

OA Infinity filter Off (default)

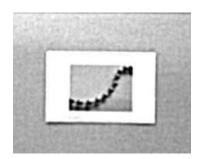
1A Infinity filter On

Example:

Infinity Filter off (OA) from approximately 12 feet (3.66m) away:



Infinity Filter on (1A) from approximately 12 feet (3.66m) away:



#### **C - Compensation**

Flattens the image to account for variations in illumination across the image.

- OC Compensation disabled (default)
- 1C Compensation enabled

#### **Example:** Compensation at 0C:



Compensation at 1C:



#### D - Pixel Depth

Indicates the number of bits per pixel in the transmitted image (KIM or BMP format only).

- 8D 8 bits per pixel, grayscale image (default)
- 1D 1 bit per pixel, black and white image

#### E - Edge Sharpen

An edge sharpen filter cleans up the edges of an image, making it look cleaner and sharper. While edge sharpening does make the image look cleaner, it also removes some fine detail from the original image. The strength of the edge sharpen filter can be entered from 1 to 24. Entering a **23E** gives the sharpest edges, but also increases noise in the image.

- OE Don't sharpen image (default)
- 14E Apply edge sharpen for typical image
- ne Apply edge sharpen using strength n (n = 1-24)

#### Example: Edge Sharpen at 0E:



Edge Sharpen at 24E:



#### F - File Format

Indicates the desired format for the image.

0F	KIM	format

- 1F TIFF binary
- 2F TIFF binary group 4, compressed
- 3F TIFF grayscale
- 4F Uncompressed binary (upper left to lower right, 1 pixel/bit, 0 padded end of line)
- 5F Uncompressed grayscale (upper left to lower right, bitmap format)
- 6F JPEG image (default)
- 8F BMP format (lower right to upper left, uncompressed)
- 10F TIFF color compressed image
- 11F TIFF color uncompressed image
- 12F JPEG color image
- 14F BMP color format
- 15F BMP Uncompressed raw image

#### **H - Histogram Stretch**

Increases the contrast of the transmitted image. Not available with some image formats.

OH No stretch (default)

1H Histogram stretch

#### **Example:** Histogram Stretch at 0H:



#### Histogram Stretch at 1H:



## I - Invert Image

Invert image is used to rotate the image around the X or Y axis.

- 1ix Invert around the X axis (flips picture upside down)
- 1iy Invert around the Y axis (flips picture left to right)

Example:

Image not inverted:



Image with Invert Image set to 1ix:



Image with Invert Image set to 1iy:



#### **IF- Noise Reduction**

Used to reduce the salt and pepper noise in an image.

- Oif No salt and pepper noise reduction (default)
- 1if Salt and pepper noise reduction

Example:

Noise Reduction Off (0if):



Noise Reduction On (1if):



#### **IR - Image Rotate**

Oir Image as snapped (rightside up) (default)

1ir Rotate image 90 degrees to the right

2ir Rotate image 180 degrees (upside down)

3ir Rotate image 90 degrees to the left

#### **Example:** Image Rotate set to 0ir:



Image Rotate set to 1ir:

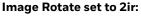




Image Rotate set to 3ir:





## J - JPEG Image Quality

Sets the desired quality when the JPEG image format is selected. Higher numbers result in higher quality, but larger files. Smaller numbers result in greater amounts of lossy compression, faster transmission times, lower quality, but smaller files. (Default = 50)

nJ Image is compressed as much as possible while preserving quality factor of n (n = 0 - 100)

OJ worst quality (smallest file)

100J best quality (largest file)

#### K - Gamma Correction

Gamma measures the brightness of midtone values produced by the image. You can brighten or darken an image using gamma correction. A higher gamma correction yields an overall brighter image. The lower the setting, the darker the image. The optimal setting for text images is 50K.

OK Gamma correction Off (default)

50K Apply gamma correction for brightening typical document image

nK Apply gamma correction factor n (n = 0-1,000)

#### Example:

Gamma Correction set to OK:



Gamma Correction set to 50K:



Gamma Correction set to 255K:



#### L, R, T, B, M - Image Cropping

Ships a window of the image by specifying the left, right, top, and bottom pixel coordinates. Device columns are numbered 0 through 1279, and device rows are numbered 0 through 959.

- nL The left edge of the shipped image corresponds to column n of the image in memory. Range: 000 843. (Default = 0)
- nR The right edge of the shipped image corresponds to column n-1 of the image in memory. Range: 000-843. (Default = all columns)
- nT The top edge of the shipped image corresponds to row n of the image in memory. Range: 000 639. (Default = 0)

nΒ The bottom edge of the shipped image corresponds to row n-1 of the image in memory. Range: 000 - 639. (Default = all rows)

Example:

**Uncropped Image:** 

**Image Crop set to** 

**Image Crop set to** 





Image Crop set to 200B:

Image Crop set to 200T:





Alternately, specify the number of pixels to cut from the outside margin of the image; thus only the center pixels are transmitted.

nM Margin: cut n columns from the left, n + 1 columns from the right, n rows from the top, and n + 1 rows from the bottom of the image. Ship the remaining center pixels. Range: 0 - 238. (Default = 0, or full image)

Example:

Image Crop set to 238M:



#### P - Protocol

Used for shipping an image. Protocol covers two features of the image data being sent to the host. It addresses the protocol used to send the data (Hmodem, which is an Xmodem 1K variant that has additional header information), and the format of the image data that is sent.

0P None (raw data)

2P None (default for USB)

3P Hmodem compressed (default for RS232)

4P Hmodem

## S - Pixel Ship

Pixel Ship sizes an image in proportion to its original size. It decimates the image by shipping only certain, regularly spaced pixels.

**Example:** 4S would transmit every fourth pixel from every fourth line.

The smaller number of pixels shipped, the smaller the image, however, after a certain point the image becomes unusable.

- **1**S Ship every pixel (default)
- 25 Ship every 2nd pixel, both horizontally and vertically
- 3S Ship every 3rd pixel, both horizontally and vertically

**Pixel Ship** 

Pixel Ship set to 1S: Example:



Pixel Ship set to 3S:

Pixel Ship set to 4S:









## **U - Document Image Filter**

Allows you to input parameters to sharpen the edges and smooth the area between the edges of text in an image. This filter should be used with gamma correction (see page 169), with the scanner in a stand, and the image captured using the command:

#### IMGSNP1P0L168W90%32D

This filter typically provides better JPEG compression than the standard E - Edge Sharpen command (see page 172). This filter also works well when shipping pure black and white images (1 bit per pixel). The optimal setting is 26U.

- OU Document image filter Off (default)
- 26U Apply document image filter for typical document image
- пU Apply document image filter using grayscale threshold n. Use lower numbers when the image contrast is lower. 1U will have a similar effect to setting E - Edge Sharpen (see page 165) to 22e. Range: 0-255.

Example: **Document Image Filter set to 0U:** Document Image Filter set to 26U:





#### V - Blur Image

Smooths transitions by averaging the pixels next to the hard edges of defined lines and shaded areas in an image.

OV Don't blur (default)

1V Blur

**Example:** Blur Image Off (OV):



Blur Image On (1V):



#### W - Histogram Ship

A histogram gives a quick picture of the tonal range of an image, or key type. A low-key image has detail concentrated in the shadows; a high-key image has detail concentrated in the highlights; and an average-key image has detail concentrated in the midtones. This modifier ships the histogram for an image.

OW Don't ship histogram (default)

1W Ship histogram

**Example:** Image used for histogram:



**Histogram of image:** 



## **Image Size Compatibility**

If you have applications that expect an image ship to return exactly 640x480 pixels, scan the Force VGA Resolution barcode. *Default = Native Resolution*.





\* Native Resolution

## **Intelligent Signature Capture - IMGBOX**

IMGBOX allows you to configure the size and location of a signature capture area relative to its proximity to a barcode. This allows you to tailor a signature capture area to a specific form. In order to use IMGBOX, you need a set form where the signature box location is in a known location relative to a barcode. You can input the overall size of the signature area, as well as specify how far the signature area is from the barcode, vertically and horizontally. You can also set the resolution and file format for the final output of the signature capture image.

**Note:** IMGBOX commands can only be triggered by one of the following types of barcodes: PDF417, Code 39, Code 128, Aztec, Codabar, and Interleaved 2 of 5. Once one of these symbologies has been read, the image is retained for a possible IMGBOX command.

## **Signature Capture Optimize**

If you will be using your scanner to capture signatures frequently, you should optimize it for this purpose. However, the speed of scanning barcodes may be slowed when this mode is enabled. *Default = Off.* 



Optimize On



\* Optimize Off

Below is an example of a signature capture application. In this example, the aimer is centered over the signature capture area and the trigger is pressed. A single beep is emitted, indicating that the scanner has read a Code 128 barcode and the data has been transferred to the host. If using a Granit scanner, the scanner also vibrates. An IMGBOX command may now be sent from the host to specify the coordinates of the signature capture area below that code, and indicating that only that area containing the signature should be transferred as an image to the host.

To see this example, align the aimer with the signature area (not with the barcode), then press the trigger.



Signature Capture Area

Send the following IMGBOX command string after the trigger press:

Example: IMGBOX245w37h55y.

**Note:** Case is not important in the command string. It is used here only for clarity.

The following image is captured:



The IMGBOX commands have many different modifiers that can be used to change the size and appearance of the signature image output by the scanner. Modifiers affect the image that is transmitted, but do not affect the image in memory. Any number of modifiers may be appended to the IMGBOX command.

**Note:** The IMGBOX command will return a NAK unless a window size (width and height) are specified. See H - Height of Signature Capture Area (page 176) and W - Width of Signature Capture Area (page 177).

## **IMGBOX Modifiers**

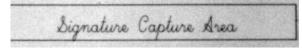
## A - Output Image Width

This option is used to size the image horizontally. If using this option, set the resolution (R) to zero.

**Example:** Image Width set to 200A:



Image Width set to 600A:



#### **B - Output Image Height**

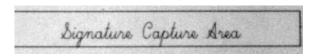
This option is used to size the image vertically. If using this option, set the resolution (R) to zero.

#### Example:

Image Height set to 50B:



Image Height set to 100B:



## **D** - Pixel Depth

This indicates the number of bits per pixel in the transmitted image, which defines whether it will be grayscale or black and white.

- 8D 8 bits per pixel, grayscale image (default)
- 1D 1 bit per pixel, black and white image

#### F - File Format

This option indicates the type of file format in which to save the image.

- OF KIM format
- 1F TIFF binary
- 2F TIFF binary group 4, compressed
- 3F TIFF grayscale
- 4F Uncompressed Binary
- 5F Uncompressed grayscale
- 6F JPEG image (default)
- 7F Outlined image
- 8F BMP format

#### **H - Height of Signature Capture Area**

The height of the signature capture area must be measured in inches divided by .01. In the example, the height of the area to be captured is 3/8 inch, resulting in a value of H = .375/0.01 = 37.5.

Example: IMGBOX245w37h55y

#### **K - Gamma Correction**

Gamma measures the brightness of midtone values produced by the image. You can brighten or darken an image using gamma correction. A higher gamma correction yields an overall brighter image. The lower the setting, the darker the image. The optimal setting for text images is 50K.

OK Gamma correction Off (default)

50K Apply gamma correction for brightening typical document image

nK Apply gamma correction factor n (n = 1-255)

**Example:** Gamma Correction set to 0K:



Gamma Correction set to 50K:



Gamma Correction set to 255K:



## **R - Resolution of Signature Capture Area**

The resolution is the number of pixels that the scanner outputs per each minimum bar width. The higher the value for R, the higher the quality of the image, but also the larger the file size. Values begin at 1000. The scanner automatically inserts a

decimal point between the first and second digit. For example, use 2500 to specify a resolution of 2.5. Set to zero when using the A and B modifiers (see A - Output Image Width and B - Output Image Height on page 175).

Signature Capture Area

#### **S - Barcode Aspect Ratio**

All dimensions used in IMGBOX are measured as multiples of the minimum element size of the barcode. The barcode aspect ratio allows you to set the ratio of the barcode height to the narrow element width. In the example, the narrow element width is .010 inches and the barcode height is 0.400 inches, resulting in a value of S = 0.4/0.01 = 40.

#### W - Width of Signature Capture Area

The width of the signature capture area must be measured in inches divided by .01. In the example, the width of the area to be captured is 2.4 inches, resulting in a value of W = 2.4/0.01 = 240. (A value of 245 was used in the example to accommodate a slightly wider image area.)

Example: IMGBOX245w37h55y.

#### X - Horizontal Barcode Offset

The horizontal barcode offset allows you to offset the horizontal center of the signature capture area. Positive values move the horizontal center to the right and negative values to the left. Measurements are in multiples of the minimum bar width.

Horizontal Offset set to 75X:

ture Capture Area

Horizontal Offset set to -75X:

#### Y - Vertical Barcode Offset

The vertical barcode offset allows you to offset the vertical center of the signature capture area. Negative numbers indicate that the signature capture is above the barcode, and positive numbers indicate that the area is below the barcode. Measurements are in multiples of the minimum bar width

**Vertical Offset set to -7Y:** 

**Vertical Offset set to 65Y:** 

Signature Capture Area

## Add a Test Code I.D. Prefix to All Symbologies

This selection allows you to turn On transmission of a Code I.D. before the decoded symbology. (See the Symbology Charts, beginning on page 225) for the single character code that identifies each symbology.) This action first clears all current prefixes, then programs a Code I.D. prefix for all symbologies. This is a temporary setting that will be removed when the unit is power cycled.



PRECA2, BK2995C80!

Add Code I.D. Prefix to
All Symbologies (Temporary)

## **Show Decoder Revision**

Scan the barcode below to output the decoder revision.

**Note:** Not supported on the Solaris 7990g.

REV DR

Show Decoder Revision

## **Show Scan Driver Revision**

Scan the barcode below to output the scan driver revision. The scan driver controls image capture.

**Note:** Not supported on the Solaris 7990g.



Snow Scan Driver Revision

## **Show Software Revision**

Scan the barcode below to output the current software revision, unit serial number, and other product information for both the scanner.



Show Revision

## **Show Data Format**

Scan the barcode below to show current data format settings.



**Data Format Settings** 

## **Test Menu**

When you scan the Test Menu **On** code, then scan a programming code in this manual, the scanner displays the content of a programming code. The programming function will still occur, but in addition, the content of that programming code is output to the terminal.

**Note:** This feature should not be used during normal scanner operation.



On



## **TotalFreedom**

TotalFreedom is an open system architecture that makes it possible for you create applications that reside on your scanner. Decoding apps and Data Formatting apps can be created using TotalFreedom. For further information about TotalFreedom, go to our website at sps.honeywell.com.

## **Application Plug-Ins (Apps)**

Any apps that you are using can be turned Off or On by scanning the following barcodes. Apps are stored in groups: Decoding, and Formatting. You can enable and disable these groups of apps by scanning that group's **On** or **Off** barcode below. You can also scan the **List Apps** barcode to output a list of all your apps.



\* Decoding Apps On



Decoding Apps Off



\* Formatting Apps On



**Formatting Apps Off** 



List Apps

**Note:** You must reset your device in order for the apps setting to take effect.

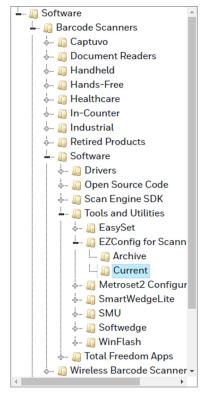
## **EZConfig for Scanning Introduction**

EZConfig for Scanning provides a wide range of PC-based programming functions that can be performed on the scanner connected to your PC. EZConfig for Scanning allows you to download upgrades to the scanner's firmware, change programmed parameters, and create and print programming barcodes. Using EZConfig for Scanning, you can even save/open the programming parameters. This saved file can be e-mailed or, if required, you can create a single barcode that contains all the customized programming parameters and mail or fax that barcode to any location. Users in other locations can scan the barcode to load in the customized programming.

## **Configure with EZConfig for Scanning**

Use the EZConfig for Scanning tool to configure your scanner online:

- 1. Access the Honeywell Technical Support Downloads Portal at honeywell.com/ PSSsoftware-downloads.
- 2. Go to Software > Barcode Scanners > Software > Tools and Utilities > EZConfig for Scanning > Current.



- 3. Download the **Setup** version of EZConfig for Scanning.
- 4. Open EZConfig to configure your scanner.

## **Reset the Factory Defaults**



Caution: This selection erases all your settings and resets the scanner to the original factory defaults. It also disables all plugins.

If you aren't sure what programming options are in your scanner, or you've changed some options and want to restore the scanner to factory default settings, first scan the **Remove Custom Defaults** barcode, then scan **Activate Defaults**. This resets the scanner to the factory default settings.



DEFALT.

Activate Defaults

The Menu Commands, beginning on page 189, list the factory default settings for each of the commands (indicated by an asterisk (\*) on the programming pages).

# CHAPTER

## SERIAL PROGRAMMING COMMANDS

The serial programming commands can be used in place of the programming barcodes. Both the serial commands and the programming barcodes will program the scanner. For complete descriptions and examples of each serial programming command, refer to the corresponding programming barcode in this manual.

The device must be set to an RS232 interface (see page 14). The following commands can be sent via a PC COM port using terminal emulation software.

## **Conventions**

The following conventions are used for menu and query command descriptions:

parameter A label representing the actual value you should send as part of a

command.

[option] An optional part of a command.

{Data} Alternatives in a command.

**bold** Names of menus, menu commands, buttons, dialog boxes, and

windows that appear on the screen.

## **Menu Command Syntax**

Menu commands have the following syntax (spaces have been used for clarity only):

Prefix [:Name:] Tag SubTag {Data} [, SubTag {Data}] [; Tag SubTag {Data}] [...] Storage

Prefix Three ASCII characters: SYN M CR (ASCII 22.77.13).

:Name: To send information to the scanner (with the base connected to

host), use :Solaris:. The default factory setting for a Solaris scanner is Solaris scanner. This setting is changed by using the BT\_NAM command, which accepts alphanumeric values. If the name is not

known, a wildcard (\*) can be used:\*

Tag A 3 character case-insensitive field that identifies the desired menu

command group. For example, all RS232 configuration settings are

identified with a Tag of 232.

SubTag A 3 character case-insensitive field that identifies the desired menu

command within the tag group. For example, the SubTag for the

RS232 baud rate is **BAD**.

Data The new value for a menu setting, identified by the Tag and SubTag.

Storage A single character that specifies the storage table to which the

command is applied. An exclamation point (!) performs the command's operation on the device's volatile menu configuration table. A period (.) performs the command's operation on the device's non-volatile menu configuration table. Use the non-volatile table only for semi-permanent changes you want saved through a power

cycle.

## **Query Commands**

Several special characters can be used to query the device about its settings.

- Mhat is the default value for the setting(s).
- ? What is the device's current value for the setting(s).
- \* What is the range of possible values for the setting(s). (The device's response uses a dash (-) to indicate a continuous range of values. A pipe (|) separates items in a list of non-continuous values.)

## :Name: Field Usage (Optional)

This command returns the query information from the scanner.

#### Tag Field Usage

When a query is used in place of a Tag field, the query applies to the *entire* set of commands available for the particular storage table indicated by the Storage field of the command. In this case, the SubTag and Data fields should not be used because they are ignored by the device.

## SubTag Field Usage

When a query is used in place of a SubTag field, the query applies only to the subset of commands available that match the Tag field. In this case, the Data field should not be used because it is ignored by the device.

#### **Data Field Usage**

When a query is used in place of the Data field, the query applies only to the specific command identified by the Tag and SubTag fields.

## **Concatenation of Multiple Commands**

Multiple commands can be issued within one Prefix/Storage sequence. Only the Tag, SubTag, and Data fields must be repeated for each command in the sequence. If additional commands are to be applied to the same Tag, then the new command sequence is separated with a comma (,) and only the SubTag and Data fields of the additional command are issued. If the additional command requires a different Tag field, the command is separated from previous commands by a semicolon (;).

#### Responses

The device responds to serial commands with one of three responses:

**ACK** Indicates a good command which has been processed.

**ENQ** Indicates an invalid Tag or SubTag command.

**NAK** Indicates the command was good, but the Data field entry was out of

the allowable range for this Tag and SubTag combination, e.g., an entry for a minimum message length of 100 when the field will only

accept 2 characters.

When responding, the device echoes back the command sequence with the status character inserted directly before each of the punctuation marks (the period, exclamation point, comma, or semicolon) in the command.

## **Examples of Query Commands**

In the following examples, a bracketed notation [ ] depicts a non-displayable response.

**Example:** What is the range of possible values for Codabar Coding Enable?

Enter: cbrena\*.

Response: CBRENA0-1[ACK]

This response indicates that Codabar Coding Enable (CBRENA) has a range of values from 0 to 1 (Off and On).

**Example:** What is the default value for Codabar Coding Enable?

Enter: cbrena^.

Response: CBRENA1[ACK]

This response indicates that the default setting for Codabar Coding Enable (CBRENA) is 1, or On.

**Example:** What is the device's current setting for Codabar Coding Enable?

Enter: cbrena?.

Response: CBRENA1[ACK]

This response indicates that the device's Codabar Coding Enable (CBRENA) is set to 1, or On.

**Example:** What are the device's settings for all Codabar selections?

Enter: cbr?.

Response: CBRENA1[ACK],

SSX0[ACK], CK20[ACK], CCT1[ACK], MIN2[ACK], MAX60[ACK], DFT[ACK].

This response indicates that the device's Codabar Coding Enable (CBRENA) is set to 1, or On;

the Start/Stop Character (SSX) is set to 0, or Don't Transmit;

the Check Character (CK2) is set to 0, or Not Required;

concatenation (CCT) is set to 1, or Enabled:

the Minimum Message Length (MIN) is set to 2 characters;

the Maximum Message Length (MAX) is set to 60 characters;

and the Default setting (DFT) has no value.

## **Trigger Commands**

You can activate and deactivate the scanner with serial trigger commands. First, the scanner must be put in Manual Trigger Mode by scanning a Manual Trigger Mode barcode (see page 41), or by sending a serial menu command for triggering (see page 41). Once the scanner is in serial trigger mode, the trigger is activated and deactivated by sending the following commands:

Activate: **SYNTCR** 

Deactivate: SYN U CR

The scanner scans until a barcode has been read, until the deactivate command is sent, or until the serial time-out has been reached (see Read Time-Out on page 41 for a description, and the serial command on page 194).

## **Resetting the Custom Defaults**

If you want the custom default settings restored to your scanner, scan the **Activate Custom Defaults** barcode below. This resets the scanner to the custom default settings. If there are no custom defaults, it will reset the scanner to the factory default settings. Any settings that have not been specified through the custom defaults will be defaulted to the factory default settings.



**Activate Custom Defaults** 

The charts on the following pages list the factory default settings for each of the commands (indicated by an asterisk (\*) on the programming pages).

## **Menu Commands**

Selection	Setting * Indicates default	Serial Command # Indicates a numeric entry	Page
Product Default Settings			
Beeper Volume Adjustment	Volume Adjustment Off	BTNVOLO	10
	*Volume Adjustment On	BTNVOL1	10
Beeper Frequency Adjustment	Frequency Adjustment Off	BTNTONO	10
	*Frequency Adjustment On	BTNTON1	10
Setting Custom Defaults	Set Custom Defaults	MNUCDP	11
	Save Custom Defaults	MNUCDS	11
Resetting the Custom Defaults	Activate Custom Defaults	DEFALT	12
Program the Interface	·		
Plug and Play Codes	Keyboard Wedge: IBM PC AT and Compatibles with CR suffix	PAP_AT	13
	Laptop Direct Connect with CR suffix	PAPLTD	14
	RS232 Serial Port	PAP232	14
Plug and Play Codes: RS485	IBM Port 5B Interface	PAPP5B	14
	IBM Port 9B HHBCR-1 Interface	PAP9B1	14
	IBM Port 17 Interface	PAPP17	14
	IBM Port 9B HHBCR-2 Interface	PAP9B2	15
	RS485 Packet Mode On	RTLPDF1	15
	RS485 Packet Mode Off	RTLPDF0	15
	RS485 Packet Length (20-256)	RTLMPS	16

Selection	Setting * Indicates default	Serial Command # Indicates a numeric entry	Page
Plug and Play Codes: IBM SurePos	USB IBM SurePos Handheld	PAPSPH	16
	USB IBM SurePos Tabletop	PAPSPT	16
Plug and Play Codes: USB	USB Keyboard (PC)	PAP124	16
	USB Keyboard (Mac)	PAP125	17
	USB Japanese Keyboard (PC)	TRMUSB134	17
	USB HID	PAP131	17
	USB Serial	TRMUSB130	17
	CTS/RTS Emulation On	USBCTS1	17
	CTS/RTS Emulation Off*	USBCTS0	17
	ACK/NAK Mode On	USBACK1	18
	ACK/NAK Mode Off*	USBACKO	18
Plug and Play Codes	Verifone Ruby Terminal	PAPRBY	18
	Gilbarco Terminal	PAPGLB	18
	Wincor Nixdorf Terminal	PAPWNX	19
	Wincor Nixdorf Beetle	PAPBTL	19
	Wincor Nixdorf RS232 Mode A	PAPWMA	
Program Keyboard Country	*U.S.A.	KBDCTYO	20
	Albania	KBDCTY35	20
	Azeri (Cyrillic)	KBDCTY81	20
	Azeri (Latin)	KBDCTY80	20
	Belarus	KBDCTY82	20
	Belgium	KBDCTY1	20
	Bosnia	KBDCTY33	20
	Brazil	KBDCTY16	20
	Brazil (MS)	KBDCTY59	21
	Bulgaria (Cyrillic)	KBDCTY52	21
	Bulgaria (Latin)	KBDCTY53	21
	Canada (French legacy)	KBDCTY54	21
	Canada (French)	KBDCTY18	21
	Canada (Multilingual)	KBDCTY55	21
	Croatia	KBDCTY32	21
	Czech	KBDCTY15	21
	Czech (Programmers)	KBDCTY40	21
	Czech (QWERTY)	KBDCTY39	21
	Czech (QWERTZ)	KBDCTY38	21
	Denmark	KBDCTY8	21
	Dutch (Netherlands)	KBDCTY11	22

Selection	Setting * Indicates default	Serial Command # Indicates a numeric entry	Page
	Estonia	KBDCTY41	22
	Faroese	KBDCTY83	22
	Finland	KBDCTY2	22
	France	KBDCTY3	22
	Gaelic	KBDCTY84	22
	Germany	KBDCTY4	22
	Greek	KBDCTY17	22
	Greek (220 Latin)	KBDCTY64	22
	Greek (220)	KBDCTY61	22
	Greek (319 Latin)	KBDCTY65	22
	Greek (319)	KBDCTY62	22
	Greek (Latin)	KBDCTY63	23
	Greek (MS)	KBDCTY66	23
	Greek (Polytonic)	KBDCTY60	23
	Hebrew	KBDCTY12	23
	Hungarian (101 key)	KBDCTY50	23
	Hungary	KBDCTY19	23
	Iceland	KBDCTY75	23
	Irish	KBDCTY73	23
	Italian (142)	KBDCTY56	23
	Italy	KBDCTY5	23
	Japan ASCII	KBDCTY28	23
	Kazakh	KBDCTY78	23
	Kyrgyz (Cyrillic)	KBDCTY79	24
	Latin America	KBDCTY14	24
	Latvia	KBDCTY42	24
	Latvia (QWERTY)	KBDCTY43	24
	Lithuania	KBDCTY44	24
	Lithuania (IBM)	KBDCTY45	24
	Macedonia	KBDCTY34	24
	Malta	KBDCTY74	24
	Mongolian (Cyrillic)	KBDCTY86	24
	Norway	KBDCTY9	24
	Poland	KBDCTY20	24
	Polish (214)	KBDCTY57	24

Polish (Programmers)

Portugal

25

25

KBDCTY58

KBDCTY13

Selection	Setting * Indicates default	Serial Command # Indicates a numeric entry	Page
	Romania	KBDCTY25	25
	Russia	KBDCTY26	25
	Russian (MS)	KBDCTY67	25
	Russian (Typewriter)	KBDCTY68	25
	SCS	KBDCTY21	25
	Serbia (Cyrillic)	KBDCTY37	25
	Serbia (Latin)	KBDCTY36	25
	Slovakia	KBDCTY22	25
	Slovakia (QWERTY)	KBDCTY49	25
	Slovakia (QWERTZ)	KBDCTY48	25
	Slovenia	KBDCTY31	26
	Spain	KBDCTY10	26
	Spanish variation	KBDCTY51	26
	Sweden	KBDCTY23	26
	Switzerland (French)	KBDCTY29	26
	Switzerland (German)	KBDCTY6	26
	Tatar	KBDCTY85	26
	Turkey F	KBDCTY27	26
	Turkey Q	KBDCTY24	26
	Ukrainian	KBDCTY76	26
	United Kingdom	KBDCTY7	26
	United Stated (Dvorak right)	KBDCTY89	27
	United States (Dvorak left)	KBDCTY88	27
	United States (Dvorak)	KBDCTY87	26
	United States (International)	KBDCTY30	27
	Uzbek (Cyrillic)	KBDCTY77	27
Keyboard Conversion	*Keyboard Conversion Off	KBDCNVO	28
	Convert all Characters to Upper Case	KBDCNV1	29
	Convert all Characters to Lower Case	KBDCNV2	29
Keyboard Style	*Regular	KBDSTY0	27
	Caps Lock	KBDSTY1	27
	Shift Lock	KBDSTY2	27
	Automatic Caps Lock	KBDSTY6	28
	Emulate External Keyboard	KBDSTY5	28
Control Character Output	*Control Character Output Off	KBDNPEO	29
	*Control Character Output On	KBDNPE1	29
Keyboard Modifiers	*Control + X Off	KBDCAS0	30

Selection	Setting * Indicates default	Serial Command # Indicates a numeric entry	Page
	DOS Mode Control + X	KBDCAS1	30
	Windows Mode Control + X	KBDCAS2	30
	Windows Mode Prefix/Suffix Off	KBDCAS3	30
	*Turbo Mode Off	KBDTMD0	30
	Turbo Mode On	KBDTMD1	30
	*Numeric Keypad Off	KBDNPS0	30
	Numeric Keypad On	KBDNPS1	30
	*Auto Direct Connect Off (Not supported on the Solaris 7990g)	KBDADCO	31
	Auto Direct Connect On (Not supported on the Solaris 7990g)	KBDADC1	31
Baud Rate	300 BPS	232BAD0	31
	600 BPS	232BAD1	31
	1200 BPS	232BAD2	31
	2400 BPS	232BAD3	31
	4800 BPS	232BAD4	31
	9600 BPS	232BAD5	32
	19200 BPS	232BAD6	31
	38400 BPS	232BAD7	32
	57600 BPS	232BAD8	32
	*115200 BPS	232BAD9	32
Word Length: Data Bits, Stop Bits, and Parity	7 Data, 1 Stop, Parity Even	232WRD3	32
	7 Data, 1 Stop, Parity None	232WRD0	32
	7 Data, 1 Stop, Parity Odd	232WRD6	32
	7 Data, 2 Stop, Parity Even	232WRD4	32
	7 Data, 2 Stop, Parity None	232WRD1	32
	7 Data, 2 Stop, Parity Odd	232WRD7	32
	8 Data, 1 Stop, Parity Even	232WRD5	33
	*8 Data, 1 Stop, Parity None	232WRD2	33
	8 Data, 1 Stop, Parity Odd	232WRD8	33
	8 Data, 1 Stop, Parity Mark	232WRD14	33
RS232 Receiver Time-out	Range 0 - 300 seconds	232LPT###	33
RS232 Handshaking	*RTS/CTS Off	232CTS0	34
	Flow Control, No Timeout	232CTS1	34
	Two-Direction Flow Control	232CTS2	34
	Flow Control with Timeout	232CTS3	34
	RS232 Timeout	232DEL####	34

Selection	Setting * Indicates default	Serial Command # Indicates a numeric entry	Page
	*XON/XOFF Off	232XON0	34
	XON/XOFF On	232XON1	34
	*ACK/NAK Off	232ACKO	35
	ACK/NAK On	232ACK1	35
Input/Output Selections			
Power Up Beeper	Power Up Beeper Off - Scanner	BEPPWRO	37
	*Power Up Beeper On - Scanner	BEPPWR1	37
Beep on BEL Character	Beep on BEL On	BELBEP1	37
	*Beep on BEL Off	BELBEPO	37
Beeper - Good Read	Off	ВЕРВЕРО	38
	*On	BEPBEP1	38
Beeper Volume - Good Read	Off	BEPLVLO	38
·	Low	BEPLVL1	38
	Medium	BEPLVL2	38
	*High	BEPLVL3	38
Beeper Pitch - Good Read	*Low (870) (min 400Hz)	BEPFQ1870	38
(Frequency)	Medium (1140 Hz)	BEPFQ11140	38
	High (1800) (max 9000Hz)	BEPFQ11800	38
Beeper Pitch - Error (Frequency)	*Razz (250) (min 200Hz)	BEPFQ2800	39
	Medium (3250)	BEPFQ23250	39
	High (4200) (max 9000Hz)	BEPFQ24200	39
Beeper Duration - Good Read	*Normal Beep	BEPBIPO	39
	Short Beep	BEPBIP1	39
LED - Good Read	Off	BEPLED0	40
	*On	BEPLED1	40
Number of Beeps - Error	*5	BEPERR3	40
	Range 1 - 9	BEPERR#	40
Number of Beeps - Good Read	*1	BEPRPT1	40
	Range 1 - 9	BEPRPT#	40
Beeper Volume Max	Beeper Volume Max	PAPBLM	40
Good Read Delay	*No Delay	DLYGRD0	41
	Short Delay (500 ms)	DLYGRD500	41
	Medium Delay (1000 ms)	DLYGRD1000	41
	Long Delay (1500 ms)	DLYGRD1500	41
User-Specified Good Read Delay	Range 0 - 30,000 ms	DLYGRD####	41
Serial Trigger Mode	Read Time-Out (0 - 300,000 ms) *30,000	TRGSTO####	41
Presentation Mode	*Presentation Mode	TRGMOD3	42

Selection	Setting * Indicates default	Serial Command # Indicates a numeric entry	Page
Presentation Idle Mode	Presentation Idle Mode (0-3,000,000) *10,000 (10s)	TRGPMT###	42
	Off	TRGPMT0	42
Presentation Sleep Mode	*On	TRGTSI1	43
	Off	TRGTSI0	43
	Timeout (0-3,600,000) *300,000 (300s)	TRGTST	43
LED Illumination - Presentation	Off	PWRLDC0	44
Mode (Solaris 7980g only)	Low	PWRLDC100	44
	*High	PWRLDC150	44
LED Illumination - Presentation	Off	PWRNOLO	44
Mode (Solaris 7990g only)	Low	PWRNOL100	44
	*High	PWRNOL150	44
Presentation LED Behavior After	*LEDs On	TRGPCK1	45
Decode	LEDs Off	TRGPCKO	45
Presentation Sensitivity	Range 0-20 (*1)	TRGPMS##	45
Presentation Centering Window	Presentation Centering On	PDCWIN1	46
	*Presentation Centering Off	PDCWINO	46
	Left of Presentation Centering Window (*40%)	PDCLFT###	47
	Right of Presentation Centering Window (*60%)	PDCRGT###	47
	Top of Presentation Centering Window (*40%)	PDCTOP###	46
	Bottom of Presentation Centering Window (*60%)	PDCBOT###	47
Streaming Presentation	Streaming Presentation Mode - Normal	PAPSPN	47
	Streaming Presentation Mode - Enhanced	PAPSPE	47
Mobile Phone Read Mode	Presentation - Mobile Phone	PAPPSC	47
Poor Quality PDF Codes	Poor Quality PDF Reading On	PDFXPR1	48
	*Poor Quality PDF Reading Off	PDFXPRO	48
Poor Quality Code Enhanced Mode	Poor Quality Code Enhanced Mode	PAPPSP	48
Reread Delay	*Short (500 ms)	DLYRRD500	48
	Medium (750 ms)	DLYRRD750	48
	Long (1000 ms)	DLYRRD1000	49
	Extra Long (2000 ms)	DLYRRD2000	48
User-Specified	Range 0 - 30,000 ms	DLYRRD####	49
Illumination Lights	*Lights On	SCNLED1	49
	Lights Off	SCNLED0	49
Centering Window	Centering On	DECWIN1	50

Selection	Setting * Indicates default	Serial Command # Indicates a numeric entry	Page
	*Centering Off	DECWINO	50
	Left of Centering Window (*40%)	DECLFT###	51
	Right of Centering Window (*60%)	DECRGT###	51
	Top of Centering Window (*40%)	DECTOP###	51
	Bottom of Centering Window (*60%)	DECBOT###	51
Preferred Symbology	On	PRFENA1	51
	*Off	PRFENAO PRFENAO	52
	High Priority Symbology	PRFCOD##	52
	Low Priority Symbology	PRFBLK##	52
	Preferred Symbology Timeout (*500) Range 100-3000	PRFPTO####	52
	Preferred Symbology Default	PRFDFT	53
Character Activation Mode	*Off	HSTCEN0	53
	On	HSTCEN1	53
	Activation Character	HSTACH##	53
	Do Not End Character Activation After Good Read	HSTCGD0	53
	End Character Activation After Good Read	HSTCGD1	53
	Character Activation Led Timeout (Range 1 - 65535) *5000 ms	HSTCDT####	54
Character Deactivation Mode	*Off	HSTDEN0	54
	On	HSTDEN1	54
	Deactivation Character	HSTDCH##	54
Output Sequence Editor	Enter Sequence	SEQBLK	59
	*Discard Partial Sequence	SEQTTS0	61
	Default Sequence	SEQDFT	61
Require Output Sequence	Required	SEQ_EN2	61
	On/Not Required	SEQ_EN1	62
	*Off	SEQ_EN0	62
No Read	On	SHWNRD1	62
	*Off	SHWNRD0	62
Video Reverse	Video Reverse Only	VIDREV1	62
	Video Reverse and Standard Barcodes	VIDREV2	63
	*Video Reverse Off	VIDREVO	63
Working Orientation	*Upright	ROTATNO	63
	Vertical, Bottom to Top (Rotate CCW 90°)	ROTATN1	63
	Upside Down	ROTATN2	63
	Vertical, Top to Bottom (Rotate CW 90°)	ROTATN3	64

Selection	Setting * Indicates default	Serial Command # Indicates a numeric entry	Page
Prefix/Suffix Selections			
Add CR Suffix to All Symbologies		VSUFCR	67
Prefix	Add Prefix	PREBK2##	67
	Clear One Prefix	PRECL2	67
	Clear All Prefixes	PRECA2	67
Suffix	Add Suffix	SUFBK2##	67
	Clear One Suffix	SUFCL2	67
	Clear All Suffixes	SUFCA2	67
Function Code Transmit	*Enable	RMVFNCO	68
	Disable	RMVFNC1	68
Intercharacter Delay	Range 0 - 1000 (5ms increments)	DLYCHR##	68
User Specified Intercharacter Delay	Delay Length 0 - 1000 (5ms increments)	DLYCRX##	69
	Character to Trigger Delay	DLY_XX##	69
Interfunction Delay	Range 0 - 1000 (5ms increments)	DLYFNC##	69
Intermessage Delay	Range 0 - 1000 (5ms increments)	DLYMSG##	70
Data Format Selections			
Data Format Editor	*Default Data Format (None)	DFMDF3	72
	Enter Data Format	DFMBK3##	73
	Clear One Data Format	DFMCL3	73
	Clear All Data Formats	DFMCA3	73
Data Formatter	Data Formatter Off	DFM_ENO	87
	*Data Formatter On, Not Required, Keep Prefix/Suffix	DFM_EN1	87
	Data Format Required, Keep Prefix/Suffix	DFM_EN2	88
	Data Formatter On, Not Required, Drop Prefix/Suffix	DFM_EN3	87
	Data Format Required, Drop Prefix/Suffix	DFM_EN4	88
Data Format Non-Match Error	*Data Format Non-Match Error Tone On	DFMDECO	88
Tone	Data Format Non-Match Error Tone Off	DFMDEC1	88
Primary/Alternate Data Formats	Primary Data Format	ALTFNMO	88
	Data Format 1	ALTFNM1	88
	Data Format 2	ALTFNM2	89
	Data Format 3	ALTFNM3	89
Single Scan Data Format Change	Single Scan-Primary Data Format	VSAF_0	89

Selection	Setting * Indicates default	Serial Command # Indicates a numeric entry	Page
	Single Scan-Data Format 1	VSAF_1	89
	Single Scan-Data Format 2	VSAF_2	89
	Single Scan-Data Format 3	VSAF_3	89
Symbologies			
All Symbologies	All Symbologies Off	ALLENAO	92
Codabar	Default All Codabar Settings	CBRDFT	92
	*On	CBRENA1	92
	Off	CBRENAO	93
Codabar Start/Stop Char.	*Don't Transmit	CBRSSXO	93
	Transmit	CBRSSX1	93
Codabar Check Char.	*No Check Char.	CBRCK20	93
	Validate, But Don't Transmit	CBRCK21	93
	Validate, and Transmit	CBRCK22	94
Codabar Concatenation	*Off	CBRCCTO	94
	On	CBRCCT1	94
	Require	CBRCCT2	94
Codabar Redundancy	Range (0 - 10) *0	CBRVOT##	94
Codabar Message Length	Minimum (2 - 60) *4	CBRMIN##	95
	Maximum (2 - 60) *60	CBRMAX##	95
Code 39	Default All Code 39 Settings	C39DFT	95
	Off	C39ENAO	96
	*On	C39ENA1	95
Suppress Code 39	Suppress Code 39	C39SCC1	95
	Do Not Suppress Code 39	C39SCC0	95
Code 39 Start/Stop Char.	*Don't Transmit	C39SSX0	96
	Transmit	C39SSX1	96
Code 39 Check Char.	*No Check Char.	C39CK20	96
	Validate, But Don't Transmit	C39CK21	96
	Validate, and Transmit	C39CK22	96
Code 39 Message Length	Minimum (0 - 48) *0	C39MIN##	97
	Maximum (0 - 48) *48	C39MAX##	97
Code 39 Append	*Off	C39APPO	97
	On	C39APP1	97
Code 39 Redundancy	Range (0 - 10) *0	C39VOT##	97
Code 32 Pharmaceutical (PARAF)	*Off	C39B320	98
	On	C39B321	98

Selection	Setting * Indicates default	Serial Command # Indicates a numeric entry	Page
Code 39 Full ASCII	*Off	C39ASC0	99
	On	C39ASC1	99
	Code 39 Code Page	C39DCP	99
Interleaved 2 of 5	Default All Interleaved 2 of 5 Settings	I25DFT	99
	Off	I25ENAO	99
	*On	I25ENA1	99
Interleaved 2 of 5 Check Digit	*No Check Char.	125CK20	100
	Validate, But Don't Transmit	I25CK21	100
	Validate, and Transmit	125CK22	100
Interleaved 2 of 5 Redundancy	Range (0 - 10) *0	I25VOT##	100
Interleaved 2 of 5 Message Length	Minimum (2 - 80) *4	I25MIN##	100
	Maximum (2 - 80) *80	I25MAX##	101
NEC 2 of 5	Default All NEC 2 of 5 Settings	N25DFT	101
	Off	N25ENAO	101
	*On	N25ENA1	101
NEC 2 of 5 Check Digit	*No Check Char.	N25CK20	101
	Validate, But Don't Transmit	N25CK21	101
	Validate, and Transmit	N25CK22	102
NEC 2 of 5 Message Length	Minimum (2 - 80) *4	N25MIN##	102
	Maximum (2 - 80) *80	N25MAX##	102
Code 93	Default All Code 93 Settings	C93DFT	102
	Off	C93ENAO	102
	*On	C93ENA1	104
Code 93 Message Length	Minimum (0 - 80) *0	C93MIN##	103
	Maximum (0 - 80) *80	C93MAX##	103
Code 93 Append	On	C93APP1	103
	*Off	C93APPO	103
Code 93 Code Page	Code 93 Code Page	C93DCP	103
Straight 2 of 5 Industrial	Default All Straight 2 of 5 Industrial Settings	R25DFT	104
	*Off	R25ENA0	104
	On	R25ENA1	104
Straight 2 of 5 Industrial Message	Minimum (1 - 48) *4	R25MIN##	104
Length	Maximum (1 - 48) *48	R25MAX##	104
Straight 2 of 5 IATA	Default All Straight 2 of 5 IATA Settings	A25DFT	104
	*Off	A25ENAO	105
	On	A25ENA1	105

Selection	Setting * Indicates default	Serial Command # Indicates a numeric entry	Page
Straight 2 of 5 IATA Redundancy	Range (0 - 10) *0	A25VOT##	105
Straight 2 of 5 IATA Message	Minimum (1 - 48) *4	A25MIN##	105
Length	Maximum (1 - 48) *48	A25MAX##	105
Matrix 2 of 5	Default All Matrix 2 of 5 Settings	X25DFT	106
	*Off	X25ENAO	106
	On	X25ENA1	106
Matrix 2 of 5 Message Length	Minimum (1 - 80) *4	X25MIN##	106
	Maximum (1 - 80) *80	X25MAX##	106
Code 11	Default All Code 11 Settings	C11DFT	106
	*Off	C11ENAO	107
	On	C11ENA1	107
Code 11 Check Digits Required	1 Check Digit	C11CK20	107
	*2 Check Digits	C11CK21	107
Code 11 Message Length	Minimum (1 - 80) *4	C11MIN##	107
	Maximum (1 - 80) *80	C11MAX##	107
Code 128	Default All Code 128 Settings	128DFT	107
	Off	128ENAO	108
	*On	128ENA1	108
ISBT 128 Concatenation	*Off	ISBENA0	108
	On	ISBENA1	108
Code 128 Redundancy	Range (0 - 10) *0	128VOT##	109
Code 128 Message Length	Minimum (0 - 80) *0	128MIN##	109
	Maximum (0 - 80) *80	128MAX##	109
Code 128 Append	*On	128APP1	108
	Off	128APP0	109
Code 128 Code Page	Code 128 Code Page (*2)	128DCP##	110
GS1-128	Default All GS1-128 Settings	GS1DFT	110
	*On	GS1ENA1	110
	Off	GS1ENAO	110
GS1-128 Message Length	Minimum (1 - 80) *1	GS1MIN##	110
	Maximum (0 - 80) *80	GS1MAX##	110
Telepen	Default All Telepen Settings	TELDFT	111
	*Off	TELENAO	111
	On	TELENA1	111
Telepen Output	*AIM Telepen Output	TELOLDO	111
	Original Telepen Output	TELOLD1	111

Selection	Setting * Indicates default	Serial Command # Indicates a numeric entry	Page
Telepen Message Length	Minimum (1 - 60) *1	TELMIN##	111
	Maximum (1 - 60) *60	TELMAX##	112
UPC-A	Default All UPC-A Settings	UPADFT	112
	Off	UPBENAO	112
	*On	UPBENA1	112
UPC-A Check Digit	Off	UPACKX0	112
	*On	UPACKX1	112
UPC-A Number System	Off	UPANSXO	113
•	*On	UPANSX1	113
UPC-A 2 Digit Addenda	*Off	UPAAD20	113
	On	UPAAD21	113
UPC-A 5 Digit Addenda	*Off	UPAAD50	113
	On	UPAAD51	113
UPC-A Addenda Required	*Not Required	UPAARQO	114
	Required	UPAARQ1	113
Addenda Timeout	Range (0 - 500) *120	DLYADD###	114
UPC-A Addenda Separator	Off	UPAADS0	114
	*On	UPAADS1	114
UPC-A/EAN-13 with Extended Coupon Code	*Off	CPNENAO	115
	Allow Concatenation	CPNENA1	115
	Require Concatenation	CPNENA2	115
Coupon GS1 DataBar Output	GS1 Output Off	CPNGS10	115
	GS1 Output On	CPNGS11	115
UPC-E0	Default All UPC-E Settings	UPEDFT	115
	Off	UPEEN00	116
	*On	UPEEN01	116
UPC-E0 Expand	*Off	UPEEXP0	116
	On	UPEEXP1	116
UPC-E0 Addenda Required	Required	UPEARQ1	116
	*Not Required	UPEARQO	116
Addenda Timeout	Range (0 - 500) *120	DLYADD###	117
UPC-E0 Addenda Separator	*On	UPEADS1	117
	Off	UPEADS0	117
UPC-E0 Check Digit	Off	UPECKX0	117
	*On	UPECKX1	117
UPC-E0 Leading Zero	Off	UPENSX0	118
	*On	UPENSX1	118

2 Digit Addenda On	Selection	Setting * Indicates default	Serial Command # Indicates a numeric entry	Page
S Digit Addenda On	UPC-E0 Addenda	2 Digit Addenda On	UPEAD21	118
*5 Digit Addenda Off   UPEAD50   118		*2 Digit Addenda Off	UPEAD20	118
UPC-E1         *Off         UPEEN10         119           CAN/JAN-13         Default All EAN/JAN Settings         £13DFT         119           Off         £13ENAO         119           Off         £13ENAO         119           Off         £13ENAO         119           Convert UPC-A to EAN-13         UPAENAO         119           Do not Convert UPC-A         UPAENAO         119           EAN/JAN-13 Check Digit         Off         £13CKXO         120           EAN/JAN-13 Check Digit         Off         £13CKXO         120           EAN/JAN-13 Check Digit         Off         £13CKXO         120           EAN/JAN-13 Check Digit         Off         £13ACXO         120           EAN/JAN-13 Check Digit Addenda         £13ACXO         120           EAN/JAN-13 Addenda Digit Addenda         £13ACXO         120           EAN/JAN-13 Addenda Required         *Not Required         £13ACXO         120           EAN-13 Beginning with 290         *Not Require S Digit Addenda         ARQ290O         121           Addenda Required         *Bon't Require 5 Digit Addenda         ARQ3780         121           EAN-13 Beginning with 378/379 Addenda Required         *Don't Require 4 Addenda         ARQ3781		5 Digit Addenda On	UPEAD51	118
EAN/JAN-13         Default All EAN/JAN Settings         E13DFT         119           Convert UPC-A to EAN-13         Default All EAN/JAN Settings         E13DFT         119           Convert UPC-A to EAN-13         UPC-A Converted to EAN-13         UPAENA0         119           EAN/JAN-13 Check Digit         Orn Convert UPC-A         UPAENA1         119           EAN/JAN-13 Check Digit         Off         E13CKX0         120           EAN/JAN-13 Digit Addenda         2 Digit Addenda On         E13CKX1         119           EAN/JAN-13 2 Digit Addenda         2 Digit Addenda Off         E13AD21         120           *2 Digit Addenda Off         E13AD50         120           *2 Digit Addenda Off         E13AD50         120           EAN-13 Beginning with 290         *Not Required         E13ARQ0         120           EAN-13 Beginning with 290         *Don't Require 5 Digit Addenda         ARQ2900         121           EAN-13 Beginning with 378/379         Addenda Required         *Don't Require Addenda         ARQ3780         121           EAN-13 Beginning with 414/419         *Don't Require Addenda         ARQ3781         121           EAN-13 Beginning with 414/419         *Don't Require Addenda         ARQ4140         122           EAN-13 Beginning with 978		*5 Digit Addenda Off	UPEAD50	118
EAN/JAN-13         Default All EAN/JAN Settings         E13DFT         119           Off         E13ENA0         119           *On         E13ENA1         119           Convert UPC-A to EAN-13         UPAENA0         119           Don't Convert UPC-A         UPAENA0         119           EAN/JAN-13 Check Digit         Off         E13CKX0         120           *Con         E13CKX1         119           EAN/JAN-13 2 Digit Addenda         2 Digit Addenda On         E13AD21         120           *2 Digit Addenda Off         E13AD20         120           *2 Digit Addenda Off         E13AD50         120           *2 Digit Addenda Off         E13AD50         120           *2 Digit Addenda Off         E13ARQ0         120           *2 Digit Addenda Off         E13ARQ0         120           *2 Digit Addenda Off         E13ARQ0         120           *2 And Required         E13ARQ0         120           *2 And Required         E13ARQ0         120           *2 And Required         E13ARQ0         121           *2 And Required         E13ARQ0         121           *2 And Required         *2 Digit Addenda         ARQ2900         121           *3 An	UPC-E1	*Off	UPEEN10	119
Off         E13ENAO         119           *On         E13ENA1         119           Convert UPC-A to EAN-13         UPC-A Converted to EAN-13         UPAENAO         119           EAN/JAN-13 Check Digit         Off         E13CKXO         120           *On         E13CKXI         119           EAN/JAN-13 2 Digit Addenda         2 Digit Addenda On         E13CKXI         119           ** 2 Digit Addenda Off         E13AD21         120           ** 2 Digit Addenda Off         E13AD50         120           ** 5 Digit Addenda Off         E13AD50         120           EAN-13 Beginning with 290         **Not Required         E13ARQ0         120           EAN-13 Beginning with 290         **On't Require 5 Digit Addenda         ARQ2900         121           Addenda Required         **Don't Require 5 Digit Addenda         ARQ3780         121           EAN-13 Beginning with 378/379         **Don't Require Addenda         ARQ3780         121           Addenda Required         **Require 2 Digit Addenda         ARQ3781         121           EAN-13 Beginning with 414/419         **Don't Require Addenda         ARQ4140         122           Addenda Required         **Require 2 Digit Addenda         ARQ4140         122		On	UPEEN11	118
Convert UPC-A to EAN-13         UPC-A Converted to EAN-13         UPAENA0         119           EAN/JAN-13 Check Digit         Off         E13CKX0         120           EAN/JAN-13 Check Digit         Off         E13CKX0         120           EAN/JAN-13 Check Digit         Off         E13CKX1         119           EAN/JAN-13 2 Digit Addenda         2 Digit Addenda On         E13AD21         120           *2 Digit Addenda Off         E13AD20         120           *5 Digit Addenda Off         E13AD50         120           EAN/JAN-13 Addenda Required         *Not Required         E13AD50         120           EAN-13 Beginning with 290         Addenda Required         #2 Don't Require 5 Digit Addenda         ARQ2900         121           EAN-13 Beginning with 378/379         *On't Require 5 Digit Addenda         ARQ3780         121           EAN-13 Beginning with 378/379         *On't Require Addenda         ARQ3780         121           EAN-13 Beginning with 414/419         Require 2 Digit Addenda         ARQ3781         121           EAN-13 Beginning with 414/419         *On't Require 3 Digit Addenda         ARQ4140         122           EAN-13 Beginning with 977         *Require 2 Digit Addenda         ARQ4141         122           EAN-13 Beginning with 978         <	EAN/JAN-13	Default All EAN/JAN Settings	E13DFT	119
Convert UPC-A to EAN-13         UPC-A Converted to EAN-13         UPAENA0         119           EAN/JAN-13 Check Digit         Off         E13CKX0         120           *On         E13CKX1         119           EAN/JAN-13 2 Digit Addenda         2 Digit Addenda On         E13ADZ1         120           *2 Digit Addenda On         E13ADZ0         120           *2 Digit Addenda Off         E13ADZ0         120           *5 Digit Addenda Off         E13ADS0         120           *EAN/JAN-13 Addenda Required         *Not Required         E13ARQ0         120           *EAN-13 Beginning with 290         *Pon't Require 5 Digit Addenda         ARQ2900         121           *Addenda Required         *Don't Require 5 Digit Addenda         ARQ3780         121           *EAN-13 Beginning with 378/379         *Don't Require 2 Digit Addenda         ARQ3780         121           *Require 2 Digit Addenda         ARQ3780         121           *EAN-13 Beginning with 414/419         *Don't Require Addenda         ARQ3781         121           *EAN-13 Beginning with 414/419         *Pon't Require Addenda         ARQ4140         122           *Require 2 Digit Addenda         ARQ4140         122           *EAN-13 Beginning with 977         *Pon't Require 2 Digit Addenda		Off	E13ENAO	119
Do not Convert UPC-A		*On	E13ENA1	119
EAN/JAN-13 Check Digit         Off         E13CKX0         120           *On         E13CKX1         119           EAN/JAN-13 2 Digit Addenda         2 Digit Addenda On         E13AD21         120           *2 Digit Addenda Off         E13AD20         120           *5 Digit Addenda Off         E13AD50         120           EAN/JAN-13 Addenda Required         *Not Required         E13AD50         120           EAN/JAN-13 Addenda Required         *Not Required         E13ARQ0         120           EAN-13 Beginning with 290         *Pon't Require S Digit Addenda         ARQ2900         121           Addenda Required         *Don't Require S Digit Addenda         ARQ2901         121           EAN-13 Beginning with 378/379         *Don't Require Addenda         ARQ3780         121           Addenda Required         *Don't Require Addenda         ARQ3781         121           Require 2 Digit Addenda         ARQ3782         121           EAN-13 Beginning with 414/419         *Don't Require Addenda         ARQ4140         122           EAN-13 Beginning with 414/419         *Don't Require Addenda         ARQ4140         122           EAN-13 Beginning with 414/419         *Don't Require S Digit Addenda         ARQ4140         122           EAN-13 Beginni	Convert UPC-A to EAN-13	UPC-A Converted to EAN-13	UPAENA0	119
*On		Do not Convert UPC-A	UPAENA1	119
EAN/JAN-13 2 Digit Addenda         2 Digit Addenda On         E13AD21         120           *2 Digit Addenda Off         E13AD20         120           5 Digit Addenda On         E13AD51         120           *5 Digit Addenda Off         E13AD50         120           EAN/JAN-13 Addenda Required         *Not Required         E13ARQ0         120           EAN-13 Beginning with 290         Required         E13ARQ1         120           EAN-13 Beginning with 378/379 Addenda         *Don't Require 5 Digit Addenda         ARQ2900         121           EAN-13 Beginning with 378/379 Addenda         *Pon't Require Addenda         ARQ3780         121           Require 2 Digit Addenda         ARQ3780         121           Require 5 Digit Addenda         ARQ3781         121           Require 5 Digit Addenda         ARQ3782         121           Require 5 Digit Addenda         ARQ3783         121           EAN-13 Beginning with 414/419 Addenda         *Pon't Require Addenda         ARQ4140         122           Require 2 Digit Addenda         ARQ4140         122           Require 2 Digit Addenda         ARQ4141         122           Require 2 Digit Addenda         ARQ4143         122           EAN-13 Beginning with 977 Addenda         *Pon't Require	EAN/JAN-13 Check Digit	Off	E13CKX0	120
*2 Digit Addenda Off         £13AD20         120           5 Digit Addenda On         £13AD51         120           *5 Digit Addenda Off         £13AD50         120           EAN/JAN-13 Addenda Required         *Not Required         £13ARQ0         120           EAN-13 Beginning with 290         *Not Require 5 Digit Addenda         ARQ2900         121           Addenda Required         *Don't Require 5 Digit Addenda         ARQ2901         121           EAN-13 Beginning with 378/379         *Don't Require Addenda         ARQ3780         121           Require 2 Digit Addenda         ARQ3781         121           Require 5 Digit Addenda         ARQ3782         121           Require 2 or 5 Digit Addenda         ARQ3783         121           EAN-13 Beginning with 414/419         *Don't Require Addenda         ARQ4140         122           Addenda Required         *Pon't Require Addenda         ARQ4141         122           Require 2 Digit Addenda         ARQ4141         122           *Require 5 Digit Addenda         ARQ4142         122           *RAN-13 Beginning with 977         *Don't Require 2 Digit Addenda         ARQ9770         123           *Addenda Required         *Don't Require 5 Digit Addenda         ARQ9780         123		*On	E13CKX1	119
5 Digit Addenda On         E13AD51         120           *5 Digit Addenda Off         E13AD50         120           EAN/JAN-13 Addenda Required         *Not Required         E13ARQ0         120           EAN-13 Beginning with 290         *Not Require 5 Digit Addenda         ARQ2900         121           Addenda Required         Require 5 Digit Addenda         ARQ2901         121           EAN-13 Beginning with 378/379         *Don't Require Addenda         ARQ3780         121           Require 2 Digit Addenda         ARQ3780         121           Require 2 Digit Addenda         ARQ3781         121           Require 5 Digit Addenda         ARQ3782         121           EAN-13 Beginning with 414/419         *Don't Require Addenda         ARQ4140         122           Require 2 Digit Addenda         ARQ4140         122           Require 2 Digit Addenda         ARQ4141         122           Require 2 Digit Addenda         ARQ4143         122           EAN-13 Beginning with 977         *Don't Require 2 Digit Addenda         ARQ9770         123           Addenda Required         *Don't Require 5 Digit Addenda         ARQ9780         123           EAN-13 Beginning with 978         *Don't Require 5 Digit Addenda         ARQ9780         124	EAN/JAN-13 2 Digit Addenda	2 Digit Addenda On	E13AD21	120
*5 Digit Addenda Off         E13AD50         120           EAN/JAN-13 Addenda Required         *Not Required         E13ARQ0         120           Required         E13ARQ1         120           EAN-13 Beginning with 290         *Don't Require 5 Digit Addenda         ARQ2900         121           Addenda Required         Require 5 Digit Addenda         ARQ2901         121           EAN-13 Beginning with 378/379 Addenda Required         *Don't Require Addenda         ARQ3780         121           Require 2 Digit Addenda         ARQ3780         121           Require 5 Digit Addenda         ARQ3781         121           Require 5 Digit Addenda         ARQ3782         121           EAN-13 Beginning with 414/419 Addenda Required         *Don't Require Addenda         ARQ4140         122           Require 2 Digit Addenda         ARQ4141         122           Require 5 Digit Addenda         ARQ4141         122           Require 5 Digit Addenda         ARQ4143         122           EAN-13 Beginning with 977 Addenda Required         *Don't Require 5 Digit Addenda         ARQ9770         123           EAN-13 Beginning with 978 		*2 Digit Addenda Off	E13AD20	120
EAN/JAN-13 Addenda Required         *Not Required         E13ARQ0         120           EAN-13 Beginning with 290 Addenda Required         * Don't Require 5 Digit Addenda         ARQ2900         121           EAN-13 Beginning with 378/379 Addenda Required         *Don't Require Addenda         ARQ2901         121           EAN-13 Beginning with 378/379 Addenda Required         *Don't Require Addenda         ARQ3780         121           Require 2 Digit Addenda         ARQ3780         121           Require 5 Digit Addenda         ARQ3781         121           Require 5 Digit Addenda         ARQ3782         121           Require 2 or 5 Digit Addenda         ARQ3783         121           EAN-13 Beginning with 414/419 Addenda         *Don't Require Addenda         ARQ4140         122           Require 2 Digit Addenda         ARQ4140         122           Require 2 Digit Addenda         ARQ4141         122           Require 2 Digit Addenda         ARQ4143         122           EAN-13 Beginning with 977 Addenda Required         *Don't Require 2 Digit Addenda         ARQ9770         123           EAN-13 Beginning with 978 Addenda Required         *Don't Require 5 Digit Addenda         ARQ9780         123           EAN-13 Beginning with 979 Addenda Required         *Don't Require 5 Digit Addenda         ARQ9790 </td <td></td> <td>5 Digit Addenda On</td> <td>E13AD51</td> <td>120</td>		5 Digit Addenda On	E13AD51	120
Required   E13ARQ1   120		*5 Digit Addenda Off	E13AD50	120
EAN-13 Beginning with 290 Addenda Required         * Don't Require 5 Digit Addenda         ARQ2900         121           EAN-13 Beginning with 378/379 Addenda Required         *Don't Require Addenda         ARQ3780         121           Require 2 Digit Addenda Required         ARQ3780         121           Require 2 Digit Addenda Required         ARQ3781         121           EAN-13 Beginning with 414/419 Addenda Required         *Don't Require Addenda ARQ3783         121           EAN-13 Beginning with 414/419 Addenda Required         *Don't Require Addenda ARQ4140         122           Require 2 Digit Addenda ARQ4141         122           Require 2 Digit Addenda ARQ4143         122           EAN-13 Beginning with 977 Addenda Required         *Don't Require 2 Digit Addenda ARQ9770         123           Addenda Required         *Don't Require 5 Digit Addenda ARQ9771         122           EAN-13 Beginning with 978 Addenda Require 5 Digit Addenda ARQ9780         123           Addenda Required         *Don't Require 5 Digit Addenda ARQ9781         124           EAN-13 Beginning with 979 Addenda Required         *Don't Require 5 Digit Addenda ARQ9790         124           EAN-13 Beginning with 979 Addenda Required         *Don't Require 5 Digit Addenda ARQ9790         124	EAN/JAN-13 Addenda Required	*Not Required	E13ARQ0	120
Addenda Required         Require 5 Digit Addenda         ARQ2901         121           EAN-13 Beginning with 378/379 Addenda Required         *Don't Require Addenda         ARQ3780         121           Require 2 Digit Addenda Required         Require 5 Digit Addenda         ARQ3781         121           Require 5 Digit Addenda ARQ3782         121           EAN-13 Beginning with 414/419 Addenda Required         *Don't Require Addenda         ARQ4140         122           Require 2 Digit Addenda Required         ARQ4141         122           EAN-13 Beginning with 977 Addenda Required         *Don't Require 2 Digit Addenda ARQ9770         123           EAN-13 Beginning with 978 Addenda Required         *Don't Require 5 Digit Addenda ARQ9780         123           EAN-13 Beginning with 979 Addenda Required         *Don't Require 5 Digit Addenda ARQ9781         124           EAN-13 Beginning with 979 Addenda Required         *Don't Require 5 Digit Addenda ARQ9790         124           EAN-13 Beginning with 979 Addenda Required         *Don't Require 5 Digit Addenda ARQ9791         124		Required	E13ARQ1	120
EAN-13 Beginning with 378/379 Addenda Required  Require 2 Digit Addenda  Require 2 Digit Addenda  Require 5 Digit Addenda  Require 5 Digit Addenda  Require 5 Digit Addenda  Require 2 or 5 Digit Addenda  ARQ3782  121  EAN-13 Beginning with 414/419 Addenda Required  Require 2 Digit Addenda  ARQ4140  Require 2 Digit Addenda  ARQ4140  122  Require 5 Digit Addenda  ARQ4141  122  Require 5 Digit Addenda  ARQ4142  Require 5 Digit Addenda  ARQ4143  122  EAN-13 Beginning with 977 Addenda Required  Require 2 Digit Addenda  Require 2 Digit Addenda  ARQ9770  123  Addenda Required  Require 2 Digit Addenda  ARQ9771  122  EAN-13 Beginning with 978 Addenda Required  *Don't Require 5 Digit Addenda  ARQ9781  124  Require 5 Digit Addenda  ARQ9790  124  Require 5 Digit Addenda  ARQ9791  124		* Don't Require 5 Digit Addenda	ARQ2900	121
Addenda Required       Require 2 Digit Addenda       ARQ3781       121         Require 5 Digit Addenda       ARQ3782       121         Require 2 or 5 Digit Addenda       ARQ3783       121         EAN-13 Beginning with 414/419 Addenda Required       *Don't Require Addenda       ARQ4140       122         Require 2 Digit Addenda       ARQ4141       122         Require 5 Digit Addenda       ARQ4142       122         Require 2 or 5 Digit Addenda       ARQ4143       122         EAN-13 Beginning with 977 Addenda Required       *Don't Require 2 Digit Addenda       ARQ9770       123         EAN-13 Beginning with 978 Addenda Required       *Don't Require 5 Digit Addenda       ARQ9780       123         EAN-13 Beginning with 979 Addenda Required       *Don't Require 5 Digit Addenda       ARQ9781       124         EAN-13 Beginning with 979 Addenda Required       *Don't Require 5 Digit Addenda       ARQ9790       124	Addenda Required	Require 5 Digit Addenda	ARQ2901	121
Require 5 Digit Addenda   ARQ3782   121		*Don't Require Addenda	ARQ3780	121
Require 2 or 5 Digit Addenda   ARQ3783   121		Require 2 Digit Addenda	ARQ3781	121
EAN-13 Beginning with 414/419 Addenda Required         *Don't Require Addenda         ARQ4140         122           Require 2 Digit Addenda Required         ARQ4141         122           Require 5 Digit Addenda Required         ARQ4142         122           EAN-13 Beginning with 977 Addenda Required         *Don't Require 2 Digit Addenda ARQ9770         123           EAN-13 Beginning with 978 Addenda Required         *Don't Require 5 Digit Addenda ARQ9771         122           EAN-13 Beginning with 978 Addenda Required         *Don't Require 5 Digit Addenda ARQ9780         123           EAN-13 Beginning with 979 Addenda Required         *Don't Require 5 Digit Addenda ARQ9790         124           Addenda Required         *Don't Require 5 Digit Addenda ARQ9791         124		Require 5 Digit Addenda	ARQ3782	121
Addenda Required       Require 2 Digit Addenda       ARQ4141       122         Require 5 Digit Addenda       ARQ4142       122         Require 2 or 5 Digit Addenda       ARQ4143       122         EAN-13 Beginning with 977 Addenda Required       *Don't Require 2 Digit Addenda       ARQ9770       123         Require 2 Digit Addenda       ARQ9771       122         EAN-13 Beginning with 978 Addenda Required       *Don't Require 5 Digit Addenda       ARQ9780       123         Require 5 Digit Addenda       ARQ9781       124         EAN-13 Beginning with 979 Addenda Required       *Don't Require 5 Digit Addenda       ARQ9790       124         Addenda Required       Require 5 Digit Addenda       ARQ9791       124		Require 2 or 5 Digit Addenda	ARQ3783	121
Require 5 Digit Addenda       ARQ4142       122         Require 2 or 5 Digit Addenda       ARQ4143       122         EAN-13 Beginning with 977 Addenda Required       *Don't Require 2 Digit Addenda       ARQ9770       123         EAN-13 Beginning with 978 Addenda Required       *Don't Require 5 Digit Addenda       ARQ9771       122         EAN-13 Beginning with 978 Addenda Required       *Don't Require 5 Digit Addenda       ARQ9780       123         EAN-13 Beginning with 979 Addenda Required       *Don't Require 5 Digit Addenda       ARQ9790       124         Require 5 Digit Addenda       ARQ9791       124		*Don't Require Addenda	ARQ4140	122
Require 2 or 5 Digit Addenda ARQ4143 122  EAN-13 Beginning with 977 Addenda Required Pon't Require 2 Digit Addenda ARQ9770 123  Require 2 Digit Addenda ARQ9771 122  EAN-13 Beginning with 978 Addenda Required Pon't Require 5 Digit Addenda ARQ9780 123  Require 5 Digit Addenda ARQ9781 124  EAN-13 Beginning with 979 Addenda Required Pon't Require 5 Digit Addenda ARQ9790 124  Require 5 Digit Addenda ARQ9791 124		Require 2 Digit Addenda	ARQ4141	122
EAN-13 Beginning with 977 Addenda Required  *Don't Require 2 Digit Addenda  Require 2 Digit Addenda  ARQ9771  122  EAN-13 Beginning with 978 Addenda Required  *Don't Require 5 Digit Addenda  Require 5 Digit Addenda  ARQ9780  123  ARQ9780  124  EAN-13 Beginning with 979 Addenda Required  *Don't Require 5 Digit Addenda  ARQ9781  ARQ9790  124  Require 5 Digit Addenda  ARQ9791  124		Require 5 Digit Addenda	ARQ4142	122
Addenda Required  Require 2 Digit Addenda  ARQ9771  122  EAN-13 Beginning with 978 Addenda Required  Require 5 Digit Addenda  Require 5 Digit Addenda  ARQ9780  123  Require 5 Digit Addenda  ARQ9781  124  EAN-13 Beginning with 979 Addenda Required  *Don't Require 5 Digit Addenda  ARQ9790  124  Require 5 Digit Addenda  ARQ9791  124		Require 2 or 5 Digit Addenda	ARQ4143	122
EAN-13 Beginning with 978 Addenda Required  *Don't Require 5 Digit Addenda  Require 5 Digit Addenda  ARQ9771  123  ARQ9780  123  Require 5 Digit Addenda  ARQ9781  124  EAN-13 Beginning with 979 Addenda Required  *Don't Require 5 Digit Addenda  ARQ9790  124  Require 5 Digit Addenda  ARQ9791  124		*Don't Require 2 Digit Addenda	ARQ9770	123
Addenda Required  Require 5 Digit Addenda  ARQ9781  124  EAN-13 Beginning with 979 Addenda Required  *Don't Require 5 Digit Addenda  Require 5 Digit Addenda  ARQ9790  124  Require 5 Digit Addenda  ARQ9791  124	Addenda Required	Require 2 Digit Addenda	ARQ9771	122
EAN-13 Beginning with 979 Addenda Required  *Don't Require 5 Digit Addenda  ARQ9781  *Don't Require 5 Digit Addenda  ARQ9790  124  Require 5 Digit Addenda  ARQ9791  124		*Don't Require 5 Digit Addenda	ARQ9780	123
Addenda Required Require 5 Digit Addenda ARQ9791 124		Require 5 Digit Addenda	ARQ9781	124
Require 3 Digit Addertida ARQ9791 124		*Don't Require 5 Digit Addenda	ARQ9790	124
Addenda Timeout         Range (0 - 500) *120         DLYADD###         124	Addenda Required	Require 5 Digit Addenda	ARQ9791	124
	Addenda Timeout	Range (0 - 500) *120	DLYADD###	124

Selection	Setting * Indicates default	Serial Command # Indicates a numeric entry	Page
EAN/JAN-13 Addenda	Off	E13ADSO	125
Separator	*On	E13ADS1	125
ISBN Translate	*Off	E13ISB0	125
	On	E13ISB1	125
EAN/JAN-8	Default All EAN/JAN 8 Settings	EA8DFT	125
	Off	EA8ENAO	126
	*On	EA8ENA1	125
EAN/JAN-8 Check Digit	Off	EA8CKXO	126
	*On	EA8CKX1	125
EAN/JAN-8 Addenda	*2 Digit Addenda Off	EA8AD20	126
	2 Digit Addenda On	EA8AD21	126
	*5 Digit Addenda Off	EA8AD50	126
	5 Digit Addenda On	EA8AD51	126
EAN/JAN-8 Addenda Required	*Not Required	EA8ARQ0	127
	Required	EA8ARQ1	127
Addenda Timeout	Range (0 - 500) *120	DLYADD###	127
EAN/JAN-8 Addenda Separator	Off	EA8ADSO	127
	*On	EA8ADS1	127
MSI	Default All MSI Settings	MSIDFT	128
	*Off	MSIENAO	128
	On	MSIENA1	128
MSI Check Character	*Validate Type 10, but Don't Transmit	MSICHKO	128
	Validate Type 10 and Transmit	MSICHK1	128
	Validate 2 Type 10 Chars, but Don't Transmit	MSICHK2	128
	Validate 2 Type 10 Chars and Transmit	MSICHK3	129
	Validate Type 11 then Type 10 Char, but Don't Transmit	MSICHK4	129
	Validate Type 11 then Type 10 Char and Transmit	MSICHK5	129
	Disable MSI Check Characters	MSICHK6	129
MSI Message Length	Minimum (4 - 48) *4	MSIMIN##	129
	Maximum (4 - 48) *48	MSIMAX##	129
GS1 DataBar Omnidirectional	Default All GS1 DataBar Omnidirectional Settings	RSSDFT	129
	Off	RSSENA0	129
	*On	RSSENA1	129

Selection	Setting * Indicates default		Page	
GS1 DataBar Limited	Default All GS1 DataBar Limited Settings	RSLDFT	130	
	Off	RSLENA0	130	
	*On	RSLENA1	130	
GS1 DataBar Expanded	Default All GS1 DataBar Expanded Settings	RSEDFT	130	
	Off	RSEENAO	130	
	*On	RSEENA1	130	
GS1 DataBar Expanded Msg.	Minimum (4 - 74) *4	RSEMIN##	131	
Length	Maximum (4 - 74) *74	RSEMAX##	131	
Trioptic Code	*Off	TRIENAO	131	
	On	TRIENA1	131	
Codablock A	Default All Codablock A Settings	CBADFT	131	
	*Off	CBAENAO	132	
	On	CBAENA1	131	
Codablock A Msg. Length	Minimum (1 - 600) *1	CBAMIN###	132	
	Maximum (1 - 600) *600	CBAMAX###	132	
Codablock F	Default All Codablock F Settings	CBFDFT	131	
	*Off	CBFENAO	132	
	On	CBFENA1	132	
Codablock F Msg. Length	Minimum (1 - 2048) *1	CBFMIN####	133	
	Maximum (1 - 2048) *2048	CBFMAX####	133	
Label Code	On	LBLENA1	133	
	* Off	LBLENAO	133	
PDF417	Default All PDF417 Settings	PDFDFT	133	
	*On	PDFENA1	133	
	Off	PDFENAO	133	
PDF417 Msg. Length	Minimum (1-2750) *1	PDFMIN####	134	
	Maximum (1-2750) *2750	PDFMAX####	134	
MacroPDF417	*On	PDFMAC1	134	
	Off	PDFMACO	134	
MicroPDF417	Default All Micro PDF417 Settings	MPDDFT	134	
	On	MPDENA1	135	
	*Off	MPDENAO	135	
MicroPDF417 Msg. Length	Minimum (1-366) *1	MPDMIN###	135	
	Maximum (1-366) *366	MPDMAX###	135	
GS1 Composite Codes	On	COMENA1	135	
	*Off	COMENAO	135	

Selection	Setting * Indicates default	Serial Command # Indicates a numeric entry	Page
UPC/EAN Version	On	COMUPC1	136
	*Off	COMUPC0	136
GS1 Composite Codes Msg.	Minimum (1-2435) *1	COMMIN####	136
Length	Maximum (1-2435) *2435	COMMAX####	136
GS1 Emulation	GS1-128 Emulation	EANEMU1	137
	GS1 DataBar Emulation	EANEMU2	137
	GS1 Code Expansion Off	EANEMU3	137
	EAN8 to EAN13 Conversion	EANEMU4	137
	*GS1 Emulation Off	EANEMUO	137
TCIF Linked Code 39	On	T39ENA1	137
	*Off	T39ENAO	137
QR Code	Default All QR Code Settings	QRCDFT	143
	*On	QRCENA1	138
	Off	QRCENAO	138
QR Code Msg. Length	Minimum (1-7089) *1	QRCMIN####	138
	Maximum (1-7089) *7089	QRCMAX####	138
QR Code Append	*One Scan	QRCAPP1	138
	Swipe	QRCAPP2	138
	Point and Shoot	QRCAPP3	138
	Off	QRCAPPO	138
QR Code Page	QR Code Page (*3)	QRCDCP##	139
Data Matrix	Default All Data Matrix Settings	IDMDFT	140
	*On	IDMENA1	140
	Off	IDMENAO	140
Data Matrix Msg. Length	Minimum (1-3116) *1	IDMMIN###	140
	Maximum (1-3116) *3116	IDMMAX####	140
Data Matrix Append	*On	IDMAPP1	140
	Off	IDMAPPO	141
Data Matrix Code Page	Data Matrix Code Page (*51)	IDMDCP##	141
MaxiCode	Default All MaxiCode Settings	MAXDFT	141
	On	MAXENA1	141
	*Off	MAXENAO	141
MaxiCode Msg. Length	Minimum (1-150) *1	MAXMIN###	142
·	Maximum (1-150) *150	MAXMAX###	142
Aztec Code	Default All Aztec Code Settings	AZTDFT	142
	*On	AZTENA1	142
	Off	AZTENAO	142

Selection	Setting * Indicates default	Serial Command # Indicates a numeric entry	Page
Aztec Code Msg. Length	Minimum (1-3832)*1	AZTMIN####	142
	Maximum (1-3832) *3832	AZTMAX####	143
Aztec Append	*On	AZTAPP1	143
	Off	AZTAPPO	143
Aztec Code Page	Aztec Code Page (*51)	AZTDCP##	143
Chinese Sensible (Han Xin) Code	Default All Han Xin Code Settings	HX_DFT	143
	On	HX_ENA1	144
	*Off	HX_ENA0	144
Chinese Sensible (Han Xin) Code	Minimum (1-7833) *1	HX_MIN####	144
Msg. Length	Maximum (1-7833) *7833	HX_MAX####	144
Postal Codes - 2D			
2D Postal Codes	*Off	POSTALO	144
Single 2D Postal Codes	Australian Post On	POSTAL1	144
	British Post On	POSTAL7	145
	Canadian Post On	POSTAL30	145
	Intelligent Mail Barcode On	POSTAL10	145
	Japanese Post On	POSTAL3	145
	KIX Post On	POSTAL4	145
	Planet Code On	POSTAL5	145
	Postal-4i On	POSTAL9	145
	Postnet On	POSTAL6	145
	Postnet with B and B' Fields On	POSTAL11	145
	InfoMail On	POSTAL2	145
Combination 2D Postal Codes	InfoMail and British Post On	POSTAL8	146
	Intelligent Mail Barcode and Postnet with B and B' Fields On	POSTAL20	146
	Postnet and Postal-4i On	POSTAL14	146
	Postnet and Intelligent Mail Barcode On	POSTAL16	146
	Postal-4i and Intelligent Mail Barcode On	POSTAL17	146
	Postal-4i and Postnet with B and B' Fields On	POSTAL19	146
	Planet and Postnet On	POSTAL12	146
	Planet and Postnet with B and B' Fields On	POSTAL18	146
	Planet and Postal-4i On	POSTAL13	146
	Planet and Intelligent Mail Barcode On	POSTAL15	146
	Planet, Postnet, and Postal-4i On	POSTAL21	147
	Planet, Postnet, and Intelligent Mail Barcode On	POSTAL22	147

Selection	Setting * Indicates default	Serial Command # Indicates a numeric entry	Page	
	Planet, Postal-4i, and Intelligent Mail Barcode On	POSTAL23	147	
	Postnet, Postal-4i, and Intelligent Mail Barcode On	POSTAL24	147	
	Planet, Postal-4i, and Postnet with B and B' Fields On	POSTAL25	147	
	Planet, Intelligent Mail Barcode, and Postnet with B and B' Fields On	POSTAL26	147	
	Postal-4i, Intelligent Mail Barcode, and Postnet with B and B' Fields On	POSTAL27	147	
	Planet, Postal-4i, Intelligent Mail Barcode, and Postnet On	POSTAL28	147	
	Planet, Postal-4i, Intelligent Mail Barcode, and Postnet with B and B' Fields On	POSTAL29	147	
Planet Code Check Digit	Transmit	PLNCKX1	148	
	*Don't Transmit	PLNCKX0	148	
Postnet Check Digit	Transmit	NETCKX1	148	
	*Don't Transmit	NETCKXO	148	
Australian Post Interpretation	Bar Output	AUSINTO	148	
	Numeric N Table	AUSINT1	149	
	Alphanumeric C Table	AUSINT2	149	
	Combination N and C Tables	AUSINT3	149	
Postal Codes - Linear			L	
China Post (Hong Kong 2 of 5)	Default All China Post (Hong Kong 2 of 5) Settings	CPCDFT	149	
	*Off	CPCENAO	149	
	On	CPCENA1	149	
China Post (Hong Kong 2 of 5)	Minimum (2 - 80) *4	CPCMIN##	149	
Msg. Length	Maximum (2 - 80) *80	CPCMAX##	150	
Korea Post	Default All Korea Post Settings	KPCDFT	150	
	*Off	KPCENAO	150	
	On	KPCENA1	150	
Korea Post Msg. Length	Minimum (2 - 80) *4	KPCMIN##	150	
· •	Maximum (2 - 80) *48	KPCMAX##	150	
Korea Post Check Digit	Transmit Check Digit	KPCCHK1	150	
	*Don't Transmit Check Digit	КРССНКО	151	
EAS Settings		<u> </u>		
EAS Deactivation Range	On	PDCPP123	153	
EAS Controller	*Off	EASTYP0	155	
	On	EASTYP1	155	

Selection	Setting * Indicates default	Serial Command # Indicates a numeric entry	Page	
EAS Mode of Operation	*Interlocked	EASMOD0	155	
	Continuous on Enable	EASMOD1	156	
EAS Interlocked Duration Timeout	EASTIM (1-5000) *100ms	EASTIM#####	156	
Imaging Default Commands				
mage Snap	Default all Imaging Commands	IMGDFT	159	
	Imaging Style - Decoding	SNPSTY0	160	
	*Imaging Style - Photo	SNPSTY1	160	
	Imaging Style - Manual	SNPSTY2	160	
	Beeper On	SNPBEP1	160	
	*Beeper Off	SNPBEP0	160	
	*LED State - Off	SNPLED0	161	
	LED State - On	SNPLED1	161	
	Exposure (1-7874 microseconds)	SNPEXP	161	
	*Gain - None	SNPGAN1	162	
	Gain - Medium	SNPGAN2	162	
	Gain - Heavy	SNPGAN4	162	
	Gain - Maximum	SNPGAN8	162	
	Target White Value (0-255) *125	SNPWHT###	163	
	Delta for Acceptance (0-255) *25	SNPDEL###	163	
	Update Tries (0-10) *6	SNPTRY##	163	
	Target Set Point Percentage (1-99) *50	SNPPCT##	163	
Image Ship	*Infinity Filter - Off	IMGINF0	164	
	Infinity Filter - On	IMGINF1	164	
	*Compensation Off	IMGCOR0	165	
	Compensation On	IMGCOR1	165	
	*Pixel Depth - 8 bits/pixel (grayscale)	IMGBPP8	165	
	Pixel Depth - 1 bit/pixel (B&W)	IMGBPP1	165	
	*Don't Sharpen Edges	IMGEDG0	165	
	Sharpen Edges (0-23)	IMGEDG##	165	
	*File Format - JPEG	IMGFMT6	166	
	File Format - KIM	IMGFMT0	166	
	File Format - TIFF binary	IMGFMT1	166	
	File Format - TIFF binary group 4, compressed	IMGFMT2	166	
	File Format - TIFF grayscale	IMGFMT3	166	
	File Format - Uncompressed binary	IMGFMT4	166	
	File Format - Uncompressed grayscale	IMGFMT5	166	
	File Format - BMP	IMGFMT8	166	

Selection	Setting * Indicates default	Serial Command # Indicates a numeric entry	Page	
	*Histogram Stretch Off	IMGHIS0	166	
	Histogram Stretch On	IMGHIS1	166	
	*Noise Reduction Off	IMGFSP0	167	
	Noise Reduction On	IMGFSP1	167	
	Invert Image around X axis	IMGNVX1	167	
	Invert Image around Y axis	IMGNVY1	167	
	Rotate Image none	IMGROT0	168	
	Rotate Image 90° right	IMGROT1	168	
	Rotate Image 180° right	IMGROT2	168	
	Rotate Image 90° left	IMGROT3	168	
	JPEG Image Quality (0-100) *50	IMGJQF###	168	
	*Gamma Correction Off	IMGGAMO	169	
	Gamma Correction On (0-1000)	IMGGAM###	169	
	Image Crop - Left (0-843) *0	IMGWNL###	169	
	Image Crop - Right (0-843) *843	IMGWNR###	169	
	Image Crop - Top (0-639) *0	IMGWNT###	169	
	Image Crop - Bottom (0-639) *639	IMGWNB###	170	
	Image Crop - Margin (1-238) *0	IMGMAR###	170	
	Protocol - None (raw)	IMGXFRO	170	
	Protocol - None (default USB)	IMGXFR2	170	
	Protocol - Hmodem Compressed	IMGXFR3	170	
	Protocol - Hmodem	IMGXFR4	170	
	Ship Every Pixel	IMGSUB1	171	
	Ship Every 2nd Pixel	IMGSUB2	171	
	Ship Every 3rd Pixel	IMGSUB3	171	
	*Document Image Filter Off	IMGUSH0	171	
	Document Image Filter On (0-255)	IMGUSH###	171	
	*Don't Ship Histogram	IMGHST0	172	
	Ship Histogram	IMGHST1	172	
Image Size Compatibility	Force VGA Resolution	IMGVGA1	172	
	*Native Resolution	IMGVGAO	173	
Intelligent Signature Capture	Optimize On	DECBND1	173	
	*Optimize Off	DECBNDO	173	
Utilities		•		
Add Code I.D. Prefix to All Symbol	ogies (Temporary)	PRECA2,BK2995C80!	179	
Show Decoder Revision (Not supported on the Solaris 7990g.)		REV_DR	179	
Show Scan Driver Revision (Not supported on the Solaris 7990g.)		REV_SD	180	

Selection	Setting * Indicates default	Serial Command # Indicates a numeric entry	Page	
Show Software Revision		REVINF	180	
Show Data Format		DFMBK3?	180	
Test Menu	On	TSTMNU1	180	
	*Off	TSTMNU0	180	
Application Plug-Ins (Apps)	*Decoding Apps On	PLGDCE1	181	
	Decoding Apps Off	PLGDCE0	181	
	*Formatting Apps On	PLGFOE1	181	
	Formatting Apps Off	PLGF0E0	181	
	List Apps	PLGINF	181	
Resetting the Factory Defaults	Remove Custom Defaults	DEFOVR	183	
	Activate Defaults	DEFALT	183	

## **PRODUCT SPECIFICATIONS**

# **Solaris 7980g Scanner Product Specifications**

Parameter	Specification
Dimensions (Typical):	
Height	5.83 inches (148mm)
Width	5.98 inches (152mm)
Depth	3.34 inches (85mm)
Weight	19 ounces (539g)
Illumination LED:	
Peak Wavelength	2700K CCT (warm white LED)
Image Size	1280 x 960 pixels
Skew Angle	<u>+</u> 75°
Pitch Angle	<u>+</u> 65°
Motion Tolerance: Presentation Mode	up to 118 inches per second (3.0 m/s) for 13 mil UPC
Symbol Contrast	Grade 1.0 (25% or greater)
Voltage Requirements	5.2 <u>+</u> 5% VDC at input connector
Current Draw:	
Operation	400mA
Idle	270mA
Sleep	210mA
Power Supply Noise Rejection	Maximum 100mV peak to peak, 10 to 100 kHz
Temperature Ranges:	
Operating	+32°F to +104°F (0°C to 40°C)
Storage	-4°F to +140°F (-20°C to 60°C)
Humidity	5 to 95% non-condensing
Mechanical Drop	Operational after 30 drops from 5 feet (1.5m) to concrete at 23°C

(Continued)Parameter	Specification
Side Impact	5.8J energy after 18 hits
Vibration	Withstands 10G peak from 10 to 500Hz
IP Rating	IP 5X
ESD Tolerance	Up to 15kV direct air Up to 8 kV indirect

# **Solaris 7990g Scanner Product Specifications**

Parameter	Specification
Dimensions (Typical):	
Height	5.83 inches (148mm)
Width	5.98 inches (152mm)
Depth	3.34 inches (85mm)
Weight	18.6 ounces (527g)
Illumination LED:	
Peak Wavelength	2700K CCT (warm white LED)
Image Size	1280 x 800 pixels
Skew Angle	<u>+</u> 75°
Pitch Angle	±65°
Motion Tolerance: Presentation Mode	up to 157 inches per second (4.0 m/s) for 13 mil UPC
Symbol Contrast	Grade 1.0 (20% or greater)
Voltage Requirements	5.2 ± 5% VDC at input connector
Current Draw:	
Operation	400mA
Idle	275mA
Sleep	210mA
Power Supply Noise Rejection	Maximum 100mV peak to peak, 10 to 100 kHz
Temperature Ranges:	
Operating	+32°F to +104°F (0°C to 40°C)
Storage	-4°F to +140°F (-20°C to 60°C)
Humidity	5 to 95% non-condensing
Side Impact	5.8J energy after 18 hits
Vibration	Withstands 10G peak from 10 to 500Hz
IP Rating	IP 5X
ESD Tolerance	Up to 15kV direct air Up to 8 kV indirect

# **Solaris 7980g Depth of Field Charts**

# **Typical Performance**

Focus		Standard Range (SR)	
Symbology		Near Distance	Far Distance
5 mil Code 39	in.	0.4	5.5
	mm	10	140
6.7 mil PDF417	in.	0.8	5.5
	mm	20	140
13 mil UPC-A	in.	0.0	10.6
	mm	0.0	270
20 mil Code 39	in.	0.0	11.8
	mm	0.0	300
20 mil Data	in.	0.6	7.5
Matrix	mm	15	190
20 mil QR	in.	0	7.5
	mm	0	190
Resolution (1D Code 39)		3 mil (.076mm)	
Resolution (2D Data Matrix)		8.3 mil (.211mm)	

#### **Guaranteed Performance**

Focus		Standard Rar	nge (SR)
Symbology		Near Distance	Far Distance
5 mil Code 39	in.	0.6	4.7
	mm	15	120
6.7 mil PDF417	in.	1.5	5.1
	mm	38	130
13 mil UPC-A	in.	0.0	9.6
	mm	0.0	245
20 mil Code 39	in.	0.0	10.2
	mm	0.0	260
20 mil Data	in.	1.1	6.3
Matrix	mm	27	160
20 mil QR	in.	0.4	6.7
	mm	10	170

Resolution (1D Code 39)	3 mil (.076mm)
Resolution (2D Data Matrix)	8.3 mil (.211mm)

# **Solaris 7990g Depth of Field Charts**

# **Typical Performance**

Focus		Standard Ran	ge (SR)	
Symbology		Near Distance	Far Distance	
5 mil Code 39	in.	0.4	5.5	
	mm	10	140	
6.7 mil PDF417	in.	0.0	5.1	
	mm	0.0	130	
13 mil UPC-A	in.	0.0	10.6	
	mm	0.0	270	
20 mil Code 39	in.	0.0	11.8	
	mm	0.0	300	
20 mil Data	in.	0.6	7.5	
Matrix	mm	15	190	
20 mil QR	in.	0	7.5	
	mm	0	190	
Resolution (1D Code 39)		3 mil (.076mm)		
Resolution (2D Da	ta Matrix)	6.7 mil (.170mm)		

#### **Guaranteed Performance**

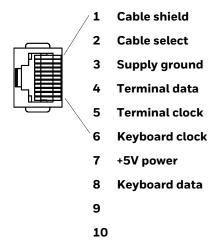
Focus		Standard Range (SR)		
Symbology		Near Distance	Far Distance	
5 mil Code 39	in.	0.6	4.7	
	mm	15	120	
6.7 mil PDF417	in.	0.0	4.3	
	mm	0.0	110	
13 mil UPC-A	in.	0.0	9.6	
	mm	0.0	245	
20 mil Code 39	in.	0.0	10.2	
	mm	0.0	260	
20 mil Data	in.	1.1	6.3	
Matrix	mm	27	160	
20 mil QR	in.	0.4	6.7	
	mm	10	170	
Resolution (1D Code 39)		3 mil (.076mm)		
Resolution (2D Dat	a Matrix)	6.7 mil (.170mm)		

#### **Standard Connector Pinouts**

**Note:** The following pin assignments are not compatible with Honeywell legacy products. Use of a cable with improper pin assignments may lead to damage to the unit. Use of any cables not provided by the manufacturer may result in damage not covered by your warranty.

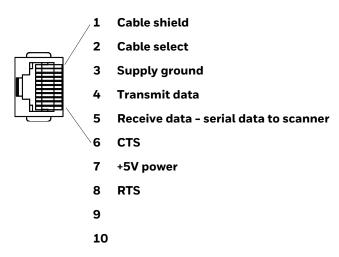
## **Keyboard Wedge**

#### 10 Pin RJ41 Modular Plug



## **Serial Output**

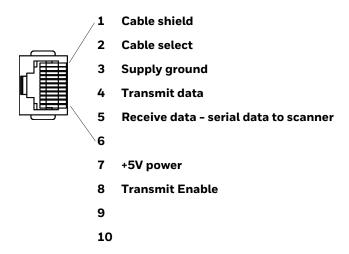
10 Pin RJ41 Modular Plug



#### **RS485 Output**

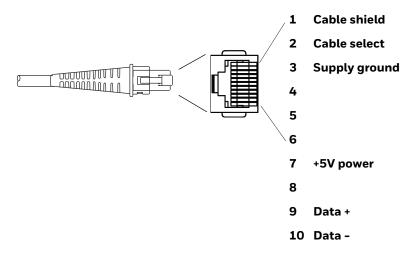
10 Pin RJ41 Modular Plug

**Note:** RS485 signal conversion is performed in the cable.



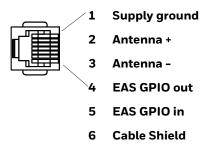
#### **USB**

#### 10 Pin Modular Plug



#### **EAS**

#### 6 Pin Modular Plug



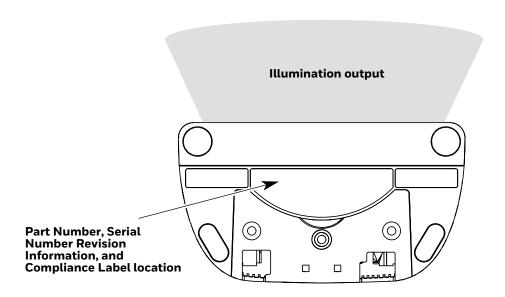
## **USB Auxiliary Scanner - Solaris end**

USB Type A Plug



- 1 VBUS
- 2 D-
- 3 D+
- 4 Ground

# **Required Safety Labels**



# 13 MAINTENANCE AND TROUBLESHOOTING

## Repairs

Repairs and/or upgrades are not to be performed on this product. These services are to be performed only by an authorized service center (see Technical Assistance on page xiii).

#### **Maintenance**

Your device provides reliable and efficient operation with a minimum of care. Although specific maintenance is not required, the following periodic checks ensure dependable operation:

#### **Cleaning the Scanner**

The scanner's housing may be cleaned with a soft cloth or tissue dampened with water (or a mild detergent-water solution.) If a detergent solution is used, rinse with a clean tissue dampened with water only.



Caution: Do not submerge the scanner in water. The scanner's housing is not watertight. Do not use abrasive wipes or tissues on the scanner's window. Abrasive wipes may scratch the window. Never use solvents (e.g., acetone) on the housing or window. Solvents may damage the finish or the window.

#### **Cleaning the Window**

Reading performance may degrade if the scanner's window is not clean. If the window is visibly dirty, or if the scanner isn't operating well, clean the window with one of the cleaning solutions listed below.

- Sani-Cloth<sup>®</sup> HB wipes
- Sani-Cloth® Plus wipes

- Super Sani-Cloth<sup>®</sup> wipes
- Isopropyl Alcohol wipes (70%)
- CaviWipes<sup>™</sup>
- Virex<sup>®</sup> 256
- 409<sup>®</sup> Glass and Surface Cleaner
- Windex® Blue
- Clorox® Bleach 10%
- Gentle dish soap and water

#### **Inspecting Cords and Connectors**

Inspect the interface cable and connector for wear or other signs of damage. A badly worn cable or damaged connector may interfere with scanner operation. Contact your distributor for information about cable replacement. Cable replacement instructions are on page 220.

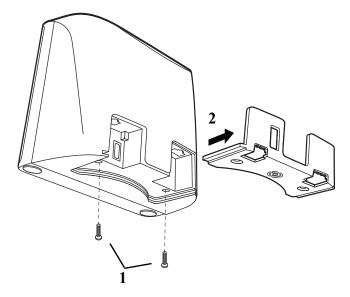
## **Replacing Cables**

The standard interface cable is attached to the scanner with an 10-pin modular connector. When properly seated, the connector is held in the scanner by a flexible retention tab. The interface cable is designed to be field replaceable.

- Order replacement cables from Honeywell or from an authorized distributor.
- When ordering a replacement cable, specify the cable part number of the original interface cable.

#### Replacing the Interface Cable

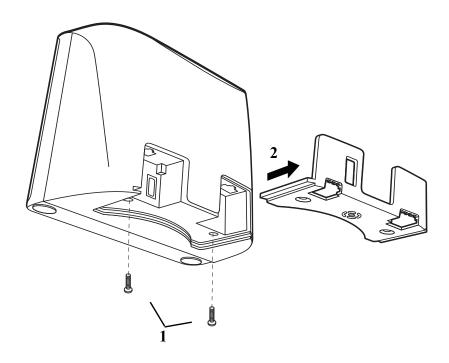
- 1. Turn Off the host system power.
- 2. Disconnect the scanner's cable from the terminal or computer.
- 3. Remove the scanner's back cover.



- 4. Pinch the interface cable jack and gently pull cable from the port. Pull the cable through the back cover.
- 5. Replace with the new cable.

## Replacing an EAS Cable

- 1. Turn Off the host system power.
- 2. Disconnect the scanner's cable from the terminal or computer.
- 3. Remove the scanner's back cover.



- 4. Pinch the EAS cable jack and gently pull cable from the port. Pull the cable through the back cover.
- 5. Follow the steps from Replacing the Interface Cable (see page 220) to remove the interface cable.
- 6. Replace with the new EAS cable. Insert the connector into the opening and it will click into place.

## **Troubleshooting**

The scanner automatically performs self-tests whenever you turn it On. If your scanner is not functioning properly, review the following Troubleshooting Guide to try to isolate the problem.

**Note:** Visit the Services and Support section of our website (honeywell.com/PSStechnicalsupport) to check for the latest scanner software.

#### Is the power On?

If the LED isn't illuminated, check that:

- The cable is connected properly.
- The host system power is On (if external power isn't used).

#### Is the scanner having trouble reading your symbols?

If the scanner isn't reading symbols well, check that the symbols:

- Aren't smeared, rough, scratched, or exhibiting voids.
- Aren't coated with frost or water droplets on the surface.
- Are enabled in the scanner or in the decoder to which the scanner connects.

#### Is the barcode displayed but not entered?

The barcode is displayed on the host device correctly, but you still have to press a key to enter it (the Enter/Return key or the Tab key, for example).

You need to program a suffix. Programming a suffix enables the scanner to
output the barcode data plus the key you need (such as "CR") to enter the data
into your application. Refer to Prefix/Suffix Overview on page 65 for further
information.

#### Does the scanner read the barcode incorrectly?

If the scanner reads a barcode, but the data is not displayed correctly on the host screen:

• The scanner may not be programmed for the appropriate terminal interface. For example, you scan "12345" and the host displays "@es%."

Reprogram the scanner with the correct Plug and Play barcode. See Program the Interface, beginning on page 13.

• The scanner may not be programmed to output your barcode data properly. For example, you scan "12345" and the host displays "A12345B."

Reprogram the scanner with the proper symbology selections. See Symbologies, beginning on page 91.

#### The scanner won't read your barcode at all.

- Scan the sample barcodes in the back of this manual. If the scanner reads the sample barcodes, check that your barcode is readable.
- Verify that your barcode symbology is enabled (see Symbologies, beginning on page 91).

If you aren't sure what programming options have been set in the scanner, or if you want the factory default settings restored, refer to Reset the Factory Defaults on page 183.



#### REFERENCE CHARTS

## **Symbology Charts**

**Note:** "m" represents the AIM modifier character.Refer to International Technical Specification, Symbology Identifiers, for AIM modifier character details.

Prefix/Suffix entries for specific symbologies override the universal (All Symbologies, 99) entry.

Refer to Data Edit beginning on page 65 and Data Format beginning on page 71 for information about using Code ID and AIM ID.

## **Linear Symbologies**

	AIM		Honeywell	
Linear Symbology	ID	Possible modifiers (m)	ID	Hex
All Symbologies				99
Codabar	]Fm	0-1	а	61
Code 11	]H3		h	68
Code 128	]Cm	0, 1, 2, 4	j	6A
Code 32 Pharmaceutical (PARAF)	]X0		<	3C
Code 39 (supports Full ASCII mode)	]Am	0, 1, 3, 4, 5, 7	b	62
TCIF Linked Code 39 (TLC39)	]L2		Т	54
Code 93 and 93i	]Gm	0-9, A-Z, a-m	i	69
EAN	]Em	0, 1, 3, 4	d	64
EAN-13 (including Bookland EAN)	]E0		d	64
EAN-13 with Add-On	]E3		d	64
EAN-13 with Extended Coupon Code	]E3		d	64
EAN-8	]E4		D	44

	AIM		Honey	well
Linear Symbology	ID	Possible modifiers (m)	ID	Hex
EAN-8 with Add-On	]E3		D	44
GS1				
GS1 DataBar	]em	0	У	79
GS1 DataBar Limited	]em		{	7B
GS1 DataBar Expanded	]em		}	7D
GS1-128	]C1		Ι	49
2 of 5				
China Post (Hong Kong 2 of 5)	]X0		Q	51
Interleaved 2 of 5	]lm	0, 1, 3	е	65
Matrix 2 of 5	]XO		m	6D
NEC 2 of 5	]XO		Υ	59
Straight 2 of 5 IATA	]Rm	0, 1, 3	f	66
Straight 2 of 5 Industrial	]S0		f	66
MSI	]Mm	0, 1	g	67
Telepen	]B <i>m</i>		t	74
UPC		0, 1, 2, 3, 8, 9, A, B, C		
UPC-A	]EO		С	63
UPC-A with Add-On	]E3		С	63
UPC-A with Extended Coupon Code	]E3		С	63
UPC-E	]E0		E	45
UPC-E with Add-On	]E3		E	45
UPC-E1	]XO		E	45
Add Honeywell Code ID				5C80
Add AIM Code ID				5C81
Add Backslash				5C5C
			5	
Batch mode quantity			5	35

# **2D Symbologies**

	AIM		Honeywell	
2D Symbology	ID Possible modifiers (m)		ID	Hex
All Symbologies				99
Aztec Code	]zm	0-9, A-C	Z	7A

	AIM		Honeywell	
2D Symbology	ID	Possible modifiers (m)	ID	Hex
Chinese Sensible Code (Han Xin Code)	]X0		Н	48
Codablock A	]06	0, 1, 4, 5, 6	V	56
Codablock F	]Om	0, 1, 4, 5, 6	q	71
Code 49	]Tm	0, 1, 2, 4	Į	6C
Data Matrix	]d <i>m</i>	0-6	W	77
GS1	]em	0-3	У	79
GS1 Composite	]em	0-3	у	79
GS1 DataBar Omnidirectional	]em	0-3	у	79
MaxiCode	]Um	0-3	X	78
PDF417	]Lm	0-2	r	72
MicroPDF417	]Lm	0-5	R	52
QR Code	]Qm	0-6	S	73
Micro QR Code	]Qm		S	73

# **Postal Symbologies**

	AIM		Honeywel	l
Postal Symbology	ID	Possible modifiers (m)	ID	Hex
All Symbologies				99
Australian Post	]XO		А	41
British Post	]XO		В	42
Canadian Post	]XO		С	43
China Post	]XO		Q	51
InfoMail	]XO		,	2c
Intelligent Mail Barcode	]XO		М	4D
Japanese Post	]XO		J	4A
KIX (Netherlands) Post	]XO		K	4B
Korea Post	]XO		?	3F
Planet Code	]XO		L	4C
Postal-4i	]XO		N	4E
Postnet	]XO		Р	50

# **ASCII Conversion Chart (Code Page 1252)**

In keyboard applications, ASCII Control Characters can be represented in 3 different ways, as shown below. The CTRL+X function is OS and application dependent. The following table lists some commonly used Microsoft functionality. This table applies to U.S. style keyboards. Certain characters may differ depending on your Country Code/PC regional settings.

Non-pr control	intable characters						
		Control + X M		Windows Mode Control + X Mode On (KBDCAS2)			
DEC	HEX	Char	(KBDCASO)	CTRL + X	CTRL + X function		
0	00	NUL	Reserved	CTRL+ @			
1	01	SOH	NP Enter	CTRL+ A	Select all		
2	02	STX	Caps Lock	CTRL+ B	Bold		
3	03	ETX	ALT Make	CTRL+ C	Сору		
4	04	EOT	ALT Break	CTRL+ D	Bookmark		
5	05	ENQ	CTRL Make	CTRL+ E	Center		
6	06	ACK	CTRL Break	CTRL+ F	Find		
7	07	BEL	Enter / Ret	CTRL+ G			
8	08	BS	(Apple Make)	CTRL+ H	History		
9	09	HT	Tab	CTRL+ I	Italic		
10	OA	LF	(Apple Break)	CTRL+ J	Justify		
11	ОВ	VT	Tab	CTRL+ K	hyperlink		
12	ОС	FF	Delete	CTRL+ L	list, left align		
13	OD	CR	Enter / Ret	CTRL+ M	0		
14	0E	SO SO	Insert	CTRL+ N	New		
15	OF	SI	ESC	CTRL+ O	Open		
16	10	DLE	F11	CTRL+ P	Print		
17	11	DC1	Home	CTRL+ Q	Quit		
18	12	DC2	PrtScn	CTRL+ R			
19	13	DC3	Backspace	CTRL+ S	Save		
20	14	DC4	Back Tab	CTRL+ T			
21	15	NAK	F12	CTRL+ U			
22	16	SYN	F1	CTRL+ V	Paste		
23	17	ETB	F2	CTRL+ W			
24	18	CAN	F3	CTRL+ X			
25	19	EM	F4	CTRL+ Y			
26	1A	SUB	F5	CTRL+ Z			
27	1B	ESC	F6	CTRL+ [			
28	1C	FS	F7	CTRL+\			
29	1D	GS	F8	CTRL+]			
30	1E	RS	F9	CTRL+ ^			
31	1F	US	F10	CTRL+ -			
127	7F		NP Enter				

## **Lower ASCII Reference Table**

**Note:** Windows Code page 1252 and lower ASCII use the same characters.

Printable Characters								
DEC	HEX	Character	DEC	HEX	Character	DEC	HEX	Character
32	20	<space></space>	64	40	@	96	60	`
33	21	!	65	41	Α	97	61	а
34	22	"	66	42	В	98	62	b
35	23	#	67	43	С	99	63	С
36	24	\$	68	44	D	100	64	d
37	25	%	69	45	E	101	65	е
38	26	&	70	46	F	102	66	f
39	27	•	71	47	G	103	67	g
40	28	(	72	48	Н	104	68	h
41	29	)	73	49	I	105	69	i
42	2A	*	74	4A	J	106	6A	j
43	2B	+	75	4B	K	107	6B	k
44	2C	,	76	4C	L	108	6C	I
45	2D	-	77	4D	M	109	6D	m
46	2E		78	4E	N	110	6E	n
47	2F	1	79	4F	0	111	6F	0
48	30	0	80	50	Р	112	70	р
49	31	1	81	51	Q	113	71	q
50	32	2	82	52	R	114	72	r
51	33	3	83	53	S	115	73	s
52	34	4	84	54	Т	116	74	t
53	35	5	85	55	U	117	75	u
54	36	6	86	56	V	118	76	V
55	37	7	87	57	W	119	77	W
56	38	8	88	58	X	120	78	х
57	39	9	89	59	Υ	121	79	у
58	3A	:	90	5A	Z	122	7A	Z
59	3B	;	91	5B	[	123	7B	{
60	3C	<	92	5C	1	124	7C	1
61	3D	=	93	5D	]	125	7D	}
62	3E	>	94	5E	۸	126	7E	~
63	3F	?	95	5F	_	127	7F	Δ

Extended ASCII Characters						
DEC	HEX	CP 1252	ASCII	Alternate Extended	PS2 Scan Code	
128	80	€	Ç	up arrow ↑	0x48	
129	81		ü	down arrow ↓	0x50	
130	82	,	é	right arrow →	0x4B	
131	83	f	â	left arrow ←	0x4D	
132	84	,,	ä	Insert	0x52	
133	85		à	Delete	0x53	
134	86	†	å	Home	0x47	
135	87	‡	ç	End	0x4F	
136	88	^	ê	Page Up	0x49	
137	89	%	ë	Page Down	0x51	
138	8A	Š	è	Right ALT	0x38	
139	8B	(	ï	Right CTRL	0x1D	

Extend	led ASCI	l Character	s (Continu	ıed)					
DEC	HEX	CP 1252	ASCII	Alternate Extended	ed PS2 Scan Code				
140	8C	Œ	î	Reserved	n/a				
141	8D		ì	Reserved	n/a				
142	8E	Ž	Ä	Numeric Keypad Enter	0x1C				
143	8F		Å	Numeric Keypad /	0x35				
144	90		É	F1	0x3B				
145	91		æ	F2	0x3C				
146	92	,	Æ	F3	0x3D				
147	93	и	ô	F4	0x3E				
148	94	"	ö	F5	0x3F				
149	95		ò	F6	0x40				
150	96		û	F7	0x41				
151	97	-	ù	F8	0x42				
152	98	~	ÿ	F9	0x42 0x43				
153	99	TM	Ö	F10	0x44 0x44				
154	99 9A		ΰ	F11	0x44 0x57				
		š		F12					
155	9B	>	¢		0x58				
156	9C	œ	£	Numeric Keypad +	0x4E				
157	9D		¥	Numeric Keypad -	0x4A				
158	9E	Ž	Pts	Numeric Keypad *	0x37				
159	9F	Ϋ	f	Caps Lock	0x3A				
160	A0		á	Num Lock	0x45				
161	A1	i	ĺ	Left Alt	0x38				
162	A2	¢	ó	Left Ctrl	0x1D				
163	A3	£	ú	Left Shift	0x2A				
164	A4	¤	ñ	Right Shift	0x36				
165	A5	¥	Ñ	Print Screen	n/a				
166	A6	1	а	Tab	0x0F				
167	A7	§	0	Shift Tab	0x8F				
168	A8		ن	Enter	0x1C				
169	A9	©	_	Esc	0x01				
170	AA	а	7	Alt Make	0x36				
171	AB	«	1/2	Alt Break	0xB6				
172	AC	7	1/4	Control Make	0x1D				
173	AD		i	Control Break	0x9D				
174	AE	®	«	Alt Sequence with 1 Character	0x36				
175	AF	_	»	Ctrl Sequence with 1 Character	0x1D				
176	В0	0		,					
177	B1	±	****						
178	B2	2							
179	B3	3							
180	B4		11						
181	B5	μ	1						
182	B6	¶	11						
183	B7		+						
184	B8		1						
185	B9	1	<del>1</del>						
186	BA BA	0	11						
			+						
187	BB	»	1   <u> </u>						
188	BC	1/4	<u> </u>						
189	BD	1/2							
190	BE	3/4							
191	BF	ن	17						
192	C0	À	L						
193	C1	Á	⊥						

Extend	ed ASCI	l Character	s (Continu	ued)	
DEC	HEX	CP 1252		Alternate Extended	PS2 Scan Code
194	C2	Â			
195	C3	Ã	<u>                                   </u>		
196	C4	Ä	<u> </u>		
197	C5	Å	ĺ		
198	C6	Æ	+'-		
198	C7	Ç	$+\Gamma$		
200	C8	È	<u>  [</u>		
201	C9	É			
202	CA	Ê			
203	СВ	Ë			
203	CC	ì	<b>+</b> ₩		
204	CD	í	ŀ		
	CE	1	=		
206		Î	# 		
207	CF	Ï	<del>=</del>		
208	D0	Đ			
209	D1	Ñ	₹		
210	D2	Ò	T		
211	D3	Ó			
212	D4	Ô	F		
213	D5	Õ	F		
214	D6	Ö	<u> </u>		
215	D7	×	#		
216	D8	Ø	<u> </u>		
217	D9	Ù	J		
218	DA	Ú	1		
219	DB	Û			
220	DC	Ü			
221	DD	Ý	<b></b>		
222	DE	Þ	<b>  1</b>		
223	DF	ß			
224	E0	à	α		
225	E1	á	ß		
226	E2	â	Γ		
227	E3	ã	π		
228	E4	ä	Σ		
229	E5	å	σ		
230	E6	æ	μ		
231	E7	Ç	T		
232	E8	è	Φ		
233	E9	é	Θ		
234	EA	ê	Ω		
235	EB	ë	δ		
236	EC	ì	∞		
237	ED	ĺ	φ		
238	EE	î	3		
239	EF	ï	Λ		
240	F0	ð	Ξ		
241	F1	ñ	±		
242	F2	ò	2		
243	F3	ó	≤		
244	F4	ô	ſ		
245	F5	õ	Ţ		
246	F6	Ö	÷		
247	F7	÷	≈		

Extended ASCII Characters (Continued)									
DEC	HEX	CP 1252	ASCII	Alternate Extended	PS2 Scan Code				
248	F8	Ø	0						
249	F9	ù	-						
250	FA	ú	-						
251	FB	û	$\sqrt{}$						
252	FC	ü	n						
253	FD	ý	2						
254	FE	þ	-						
255	FF	ÿ							

# ISO 2022/ISO 646 Character Replacements

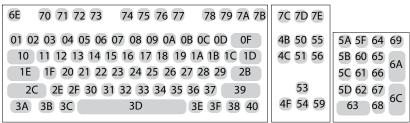
Code pages define the mapping of character codes to characters. If the data received does not display with the proper characters, it may be because the barcode being scanned was created using a code page that is different from the one the host program is expecting. If this is the case, select the code page with which the barcodes were created. The data characters should then appear properly.

Code Page Selection Method/ Country	Standard	Keyboard Country	Honeywell Code Page Option	
United States (standard ASCII)	ISO/IEC 646-IRV	n/a	1	
Automatic National Character Replacement	ISO/IEC 2022	n/a	2 (default)	
Binary Code page	n/a	n/a	3	
Default "Automatic National Character Page options for Code128, Code 39 and		ect the below Honey	well Code	
United States	ISO/IEC 646-06	0	1	
Canada	ISO /IEC 646-121	54	95	
Canada	ISO /IEC 646-122	18	96	
Japan	ISO/IEC 646-14	28	98	
China	ISO/IEC 646-57	92	99	
Great Britain (UK)	ISO /IEC 646-04	7	87	
France	ISO /IEC 646-69	3	83	
Germany	ISO/IEC646-21	4	84	
Switzerland	ISO /IEC 646-CH	6	86	
Sweden / Finland (extended Annex C)	ISO/IEC 646-11	2	82	
Ireland	ISO /IEC 646-207	73	97	
Denmark	ISO/IEC 646-08	8	88	
Norway	ISO/IEC 646-60	9	94	
Italy	ISO/IEC 646-15	5	85	
Portugal	ISO/IEC 646-16	13	92	

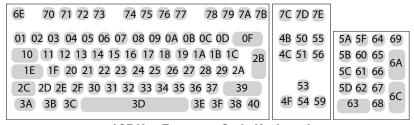
Code Page Selection Method/ Country	Standard	Keyboard Country	Honeywell Code Page Option
Spain	ISO/IEC 646-17	10	90
Spain	ISO/IEC 646-85	51	91

Dec		35	36	64	91	92	93	94	96	123	124	125	126	
Hex			23	24	40	5B	5C	5D	5E	60	7B	7C	7D	7E
US	0	1	#	\$	@	[	١	]	۸	`	{	- 1	}	~
CA	54	95	#	\$	à	â	ç	ê	î	ô	é	ù	è	û
CA	18	96	#	\$	à	â	ç	ê	É	ô	é	ù	è	û
JP	28	98	#	\$	@	[	¥	]	۸	`	{	-	}	-
CN	92	99	#	¥	@	[	\	]	۸	`	{		}	-
GB	7	87	£	\$	@	[	\	]	۸	`	{		}	~
FR	3	83	£	\$	à	o	ç	§	۸	μ	é	ù	è	
DE	4	84	#	\$	§	Ä	Ö	Ü	۸	`	ä	ö	ü	ß
СН	6	86	ù	\$	à	é	ç	ê	î	ô	ä	Ö	ü	û
SE/FI	2	82	#	¤	É	Ä	Ö	Å	Ü	é	ä	Ö	å	ü
DK	8	88	#	\$	@	Æ	Ø	Å	۸	`	æ	Ø	å	~
NO	9	94	#	\$	@	Æ	Ø	Å	۸	`	æ	Ø	å	-
IE	73	97	£	\$	Ó	É	ĺ	Ú	Á	ó	é	í	ú	á
ΙΤ	5	85	£	\$	§	o	ç	é	۸	ù	à	ò	è	ì
PT	13	92	#	\$	§	Ã	Ç	Õ	۸	`	ã	ç	õ	0
ES	10	90	#	\$	§	i	Ñ	خ	۸	`	0	ñ	Ç	~
ES	51	91	#	\$	•	i	Ñ	Ç	خ	`	,	ñ	Ç	
COUNTRY	Country Keyboard	Honeywell CodePage	ISO / IEC 646 National Character Replacements											

## **Keyboard Key References**



104 Key U.S. Style Keyboard



105 Key European Style Keyboard

# Sample Symbols

UPC-A

0 123456 7890



EAN-13

















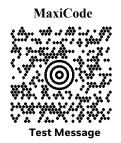


# Sample Symbols (Continued)

Postnet |---||--||--||--||--||--|| Zip Code









# **Programming Chart**



















# **Programming Chart (Continued)**



















Note: If you make an error while scanning the letters or digits (before scanning **Save**), scan **Discard**, scan the correct letters or digits, and **Save** again.

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